

UltraLite® AppForge Programming

Published: October 2006

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About This Manual

Subject

This manual describes UltraLite for AppForge. With UltraLite for AppForge you can develop and deploy database applications to handheld, mobile, or embedded devices, running Palm OS, Symbian OS, or Windows CE.

Audience

This manual is intended for AppForge application developers who want to take advantage of the performance, resource efficiency, robustness, and security of an UltraLite relational database for data storage and synchronization.

SQL Anywhere documentation

This book is part of the SQL Anywhere documentation set. This section describes the books in the documentation set and how you can use them.

The SQL Anywhere documentation

The complete SQL Anywhere documentation is available in two forms: an online form that combines all books, and as separate PDF files for each book. Both forms of the documentation contain identical information and consist of the following books:

- ♦ **SQL Anywhere 10 Introduction** This book introduces SQL Anywhere 10—a comprehensive package that provides data management and data exchange, enabling the rapid development of database-powered applications for server, desktop, mobile, and remote office environments.
- ♦ **SQL Anywhere 10 Changes and Upgrading** This book describes new features in SQL Anywhere 10 and in previous versions of the software.
- SQL Anywhere Server Database Administration This book covers material related to running, managing, and configuring SQL Anywhere databases. It describes database connections, the database server, database files, security, backup procedures, security, and replication with Replication Server, as well as administration utilities and options.
- ♦ **SQL Anywhere Server SQL Usage** This book describes how to design and create databases; how to import, export, and modify data; how to retrieve data; and how to build stored procedures and triggers.
- ♦ SQL Anywhere Server SQL Reference This book provides a complete reference for the SQL language used by SQL Anywhere. It also describes the SQL Anywhere system views and procedures.
- ◆ SQL Anywhere Server Programming This book describes how to build and deploy database applications using the C, C++, and Java programming languages, as well as Visual Studio .NET. Users of tools such as Visual Basic and PowerBuilder can use the programming interfaces provided by those tools.
- ♦ **SQL Anywhere 10 Error Messages** This book provides a complete listing of SQL Anywhere error messages together with diagnostic information.
- MobiLink Getting Started This manual introduces MobiLink, a session-based relational-database synchronization system. MobiLink technology allows two-way replication and is well suited to mobile computing environments.
- ♦ MobiLink Server Administration This manual describes how to set up and administer MobiLink applications.
- ♦ **MobiLink Client Administration** This manual describes how to set up, configure, and synchronize MobiLink clients. MobiLink clients can be SQL Anywhere or UltraLite databases.
- ♦ MobiLink Server-Initiated Synchronization This manual describes MobiLink server-initiated synchronization, a feature of MobiLink that allows you to initiate synchronization or other remote actions from the consolidated database.

- **QAnywhere** This manual describes QAnywhere, which defines a messaging platform for mobile and wireless clients as well as traditional desktop and laptop clients.
- ♦ **SQL Remote** This book describes the SQL Remote data replication system for mobile computing, which enables sharing of data between a SQL Anywhere consolidated database and many SQL Anywhere remote databases using an indirect link such as email or file transfer.
- ♦ SQL Anywhere 10 Context-Sensitive Help This manual provides context-sensitive help for the Connect dialog, the Query Editor, the MobiLink Monitor, the SQL Anywhere Console utility, the Index Consultant, and Interactive SQL.
- ♦ **UltraLite Database Management and Reference** This manual introduces the UltraLite database system for small devices.
- ♦ **UltraLite AppForge Programming** This manual describes UltraLite for AppForge. With UltraLite for AppForge you can develop and deploy database applications to handheld, mobile, or embedded devices, running Palm OS, Symbian OS, or Windows CE.
- ♦ **UltraLite .NET Programming** This manual describes UltraLite.NET. With UltraLite.NET you can develop and deploy database applications to computers, or handheld, mobile, or embedded devices.
- ♦ UltraLite M-Business Anywhere Programming This manual describes UltraLite for M-Business Anywhere. With UltraLite for M-Business Anywhere you can develop and deploy web-based database applications to handheld, mobile, or embedded devices, running Palm OS, Windows CE, or Windows XP.
- ♦ UltraLite C and C++ Programming This manual describes UltraLite C and C++ programming interfaces. With UltraLite you can develop and deploy database applications to handheld, mobile, or embedded devices.

Documentation formats

SQL Anywhere provides documentation in the following formats:

Online documentation The online documentation contains the complete SQL Anywhere documentation, including the books and the context-sensitive help for SQL Anywhere tools. The online documentation is updated with each maintenance release of the product, and is the most complete and up-to-date source of documentation.

To access the online documentation on Windows operating systems, choose Start ▶ Programs ▶ SQL Anywhere 10 ▶ Online Books. You can navigate the online documentation using the HTML Help table of contents, index, and search facility in the left pane, as well as using the links and menus in the right pane.

To access the online documentation on Unix operating systems, see the HTML documentation under your SQL Anywhere installation or on your installation CD.

♦ **PDF files** The complete set of SQL Anywhere books is provided as a set of Adobe Portable Document Format (pdf) files, viewable with Adobe Reader.

On Windows, the PDF books are accessible from the online books via the PDF link at the top of each page, or from the Windows Start menu (Start ► Programs ► SQL Anywhere 10 ► Online Books - PDF Format).

On Unix, the PDF books are accessible on your installation CD.

Documentation conventions

This section lists the typographic and graphical conventions used in this documentation.

Syntax conventions

The following conventions are used in the SQL syntax descriptions:

♦ **Keywords** All SQL keywords appear in uppercase, like the words ALTER TABLE in the following example:

ALTER TABLE [owner.]table-name

♦ **Placeholders** Items that must be replaced with appropriate identifiers or expressions are shown like the words *owner* and *table-name* in the following example:

ALTER TABLE [owner.]table-name

♦ **Repeating items** Lists of repeating items are shown with an element of the list followed by an ellipsis (three dots), like *column-constraint* in the following example:

ADD column-definition [column-constraint, ...]

One or more list elements are allowed. In this example, if more than one is specified, they must be separated by commas.

• Optional portions Optional portions of a statement are enclosed by square brackets.

RELEASE SAVEPOINT [savepoint-name]

These square brackets indicate that the *savepoint-name* is optional. The square brackets should not be typed.

♦ **Options** When none or only one of a list of items can be chosen, vertical bars separate the items and the list is enclosed in square brackets.

```
[ASC | DESC]
```

For example, you can choose one of ASC, DESC, or neither. The square brackets should not be typed.

♦ **Alternatives** When precisely one of the options must be chosen, the alternatives are enclosed in curly braces and a bar is used to separate the options.

```
[QUOTES { ON | OFF } ]
```

If the QUOTES option is used, one of ON or OFF must be provided. The brackets and braces should not be typed.

File name conventions

The documentation generally adopts Windows conventions when describing operating-system dependent tasks and features such as paths and file names. In most cases, there is a simple transformation to the syntax used on other operating systems.

♦ **Directories and path names** The documentation typically lists directory paths using Windows conventions, including colons for drives and backslashes as a directory separator. For example,

MobiLink\redirector

On Unix, Linux, and Mac OS X, you should use forward slashes instead. For example,

MobiLink/redirector

♦ Executable files The documentation shows executable file names using Windows conventions, with the suffix .exe. On Unix, Linux, and Mac OS X, executable file names have no suffix. On NetWare, executable file names use the suffix .nlm.

For example, on Windows, the network database server is *dbsrv10.exe*. On Unix, Linux, and Mac OS X, it is *dbsrv10*. On NetWare, it is *dbsrv10.nlm*.

• **install-dir** The installation process allows you to choose where to install SQL Anywhere, and the documentation refers to this location using the convention *install-dir*.

After installation is complete, the environment variable SQLANY10 specifies the location of the installation directory containing the SQL Anywhere components (*install-dir*). SQLANYSH10 specifies the location of the directory containing components shared by SQL Anywhere with other Sybase applications.

For more information on the default location of *install-dir*, by operating system, see "File Locations and Installation Settings" [SQL Anywhere Server - Database Administration].

♦ **samples-dir** The installation process allows you to choose where to install the samples that are included with SQL Anywhere, and the documentation refers to this location using the convention samples-dir.

After installation is complete, the environment variable SQLANYSAMP10 specifies the location of the directory containing the samples (*samples-dir*). From the Windows Start menu, choosing Programs ► SQL Anywhere 10 ► Sample Applications and Projects opens a Windows Explorer window in this directory.

For more information on the default location of *samples-dir*, by operating system, see "The samples directory" [*SQL Anywhere Server - Database Administration*].

♦ Environment variables The documentation refers to setting environment variables. On Windows, environment variables are referred to using the syntax %envvar%. On Unix, Linux, and Mac OS X, environment variables are referred to using the syntax \$envvar or \${envvar}\$.

Unix, Linux, and Mac OS X environment variables are stored in shell and login startup files, such as .cshrc or .tcshrc.

Graphic icons

The following icons are used in this documentation.

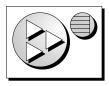
♦ A client application.



♦ A database server, such as SQL Anywhere.



♦ An UltraLite application.



♦ A database. In some high-level diagrams, the icon may be used to represent both the database and the database server that manages it.



 Replication or synchronization middleware. These assist in sharing data among databases. Examples are the MobiLink server and the SQL Remote Message Agent.



♦ A Sybase Replication Server



• A programming interface.



Finding out more and providing feedback

Finding out more

Additional information and resources, including a code exchange, are available at the iAnywhere Developer Network at http://www.ianywhere.com/developer/.

If you have questions or need help, you can post messages to the iAnywhere Solutions newsgroups listed below.

When you write to one of these newsgroups, always provide detailed information about your problem, including the build number of your version of SQL Anywhere. You can find this information by entering **dbeng10 -v** at a command prompt.

The newsgroups are located on the *forums.sybase.com* news server. The newsgroups include the following:

- sybase.public.sqlanywhere.general
- sybase.public.sqlanywhere.linux
- sybase.public.sqlanywhere.mobilink
- sybase.public.sqlanywhere.product_futures_discussion
- ♦ sybase.public.sqlanywhere.replication
- sybase.public.sqlanywhere.ultralite
- ianywhere.public.sqlanywhere.qanywhere

Newsgroup disclaimer

iAnywhere Solutions has no obligation to provide solutions, information, or ideas on its newsgroups, nor is iAnywhere Solutions obliged to provide anything other than a systems operator to monitor the service and ensure its operation and availability.

iAnywhere Solutions Technical Advisors as well as other staff assist on the newsgroup service when they have time available. They offer their help on a volunteer basis and may not be available on a regular basis to provide solutions and information. Their ability to help is based on their workload.

Feedback

We would like to receive your opinions, suggestions, and feedback on this documentation.

You can email comments and suggestions to the SQL Anywhere documentation team at iasdoc@ianywhere.com. Although we do not reply to emails sent to that address, we read all suggestions with interest.

In addition, you can provide feedback on the documentation and the software through the newsgroups listed above.

CHAPTER 1

Introduction to UltraLite for AppForge

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About this chapter

This chapter introduces UltraLite for AppForge. It assumes that you are familiar with the features of UltraLite, as described in "Introducing UltraLite" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

UltraLite for AppForge features

UltraLite for AppForge is a relational data management system for mobile devices. It has the performance, resource efficiency, robustness, and security required by business applications. UltraLite also provides synchronization with enterprise data stores.

System requirements and supported platforms

Development platforms

To develop applications using UltraLite for AppForge, you require the following:

♦ Microsoft .NET (Visual Basic .NET or C#) or Visual Basic 6.

You must install a service pack that meets the requirements for the version of AppForge MobileVB or AppForge Crossfire that you are using. For more information, see the AppForge web site. If you are using Visual Basic 6, it is recommended that you install at least service pack 5.

AppForge Client

To deploy applications using UltraLite for AppForge you need the appropriate AppForge Client for the target device. More information about AppForge Clients can be found at the AppForge web site.

AppForge MobileVB, or AppForge Crossfire.

Target platforms

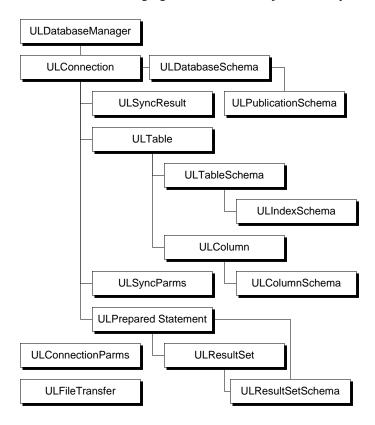
UltraLite for AppForge supports the following target platforms:

- ♦ Windows CE 3.0 and higher, with Pocket PC on the ARM processor, including Windows Mobile 5.0.
- ♦ Sony Ericsson UIQ 2.08 using ARMI (upward compatible with 2.1)
- ♦ Nokia Series 60 and Series 80 using ARMI
- ♦ Motorola 1000 using ARMI
- ♦ Palm OS version 4 and higher.

For more information, see the UltraLite table in UltraLite Deployment Option for SQL Anywhere.

UltraLite for AppForge architecture

The UltraLite programming interface exposes a set of objects for data manipulation using an UltraLite database. The following figure describes the object hierarchy.



The following list describes some of the more commonly-used high-level objects.

♦ **ULDatabaseManager** manages connections to UltraLite databases.

For more information, see "ULDatabaseManager class" on page 91.

♦ **ULConnectionParms** holds a set of connection parameters.

You can use a Connection Parameters control and specify connection parameters in a Visual Basic property sheet.

For more information, see "ULConnectionParms class" on page 89.

♦ **ULFileTransfer** manages a file transfer with a MobiLink server.

For more information, see "ULFileTransfer class" on page 98.

• **ULConnection** represents a database connection, and governs transactions.

For more information, see "ULConnection class" on page 81.

♦ ULPreparedStatement, ULResultSet, and ULResultSetSchema manage database requests and their results using SQL.

For more information, see "ULPreparedStatement class" on page 104, "ULResultSet class" on page 111, and "ULResultSetSchema class" on page 124.

♦ **ULTable and ULColumn** manage data using a table-based API.

For more information, see "ULTable class" on page 151 and "ULColumn class" on page 74.

♦ **ULSyncParms and ULSyncResult** manage synchronization through the MobiLink synchronization server.

For more information about synchronization with MobiLink, see "UltraLite Clients" [*MobiLink - Client Administration*].

CHAPTER 2

Understanding UltraLite Development with AppForge

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About this chapter

This chapter explains how to develop applications using UltraLite for AppForge.

For a hands-on tutorial, see "Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge MobileVB" on page 57 or "Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge Crossfire" on page 41.

Preparing to use UltraLite for AppForge

The following procedures describe the steps you must take before you can build an application using UltraLite for AppForge.

Adding UltraLite to the MobileVB design environment

To access the UltraLite control from your MobileVB or Crossfire project, you must add UltraLite for MobileVB to the design environment.

◆ To add the UltraLite connection parameters control

- 1. From the Visual Basic menu, choose Project ▶ Components.
- 2. Click the Controls tab.
- 3. Scroll down the list to choose UltraLite Connection Parameters 10.0. Click OK.

If this item does not appear in the list of available controls, complete the following steps:

- ♦ Close Visual Basic and save your project.
- Open a command prompt and run the following command:

```
ulafreg -r
```

For more information, see "UltraLite AppForge Registry utility (ulafreg)" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

- Restart Visual Basic and open your project.
- ♦ Choose Project ▶ Components.
- ♦ Choose UltraLite Connection Parameters 10.0.

A database icon is added to your toolbar. To add a ULConnectionParms object to your form you double-click this icon.

Adding a reference to UltraLite for MobileVB

Once SQL Anywhere is installed, UltraLite for MobileVB is automatically added to any new MobileVB project. It is therefore not usually necessary to manually add a reference to UltraLite for MobileVB to a project. The following procedure is provided for occasional situations where you may need to add a reference manually, such as if you install MobileVB after installing SQL Anywhere.

To add a reference to UltraLite for MobileVB

- 1. From the Visual Basic menu, choose Project ▶ References.
- 2. If iAnywhere Solutions, UltraLite for MobileVB 10.0 is included in the list of available references, select it and click OK.

If iAnywhere Solutions, UltraLite for MobileVB 10.0 does not appear in the list of available references:

• Open a command prompt and run the following command:

```
ulafreg -r
```

For more information, see "UltraLite AppForge Registry utility (ulafreg)" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

♦ Choose iAnywhere Solutions, UltraLite for MobileVB 10.0 and click OK.

Adding UltraLite to the Crossfire design environment

Although the SQL Anywhere Setup program automatically adds UltraLite to your Crossfire design environment, there are cases where you may have to add UltraLite to the environment manually. For example, if you install Crossfire after you install SQL Anywhere, you may need to carry out this procedure.

To find out if you need to add UltraLite to Crossfire, check that a new Crossfire project includes a reference to iAnywhere.UltraLiteForAppForge. If it does not, you need to add UltraLite to the environment. Also, check if the ULConnectionParms class appears in the AppForge panel of the toolbox. If it does not, you need to add UltraLite to the environment.

◆ To add UltraLite references and controls to your Crossfire project

- 1. Register UltraLite for MobileVB with Crossfire.
 - a. Ensure that Crossfire is closed.
 - b. Open a command prompt and run the following command:

```
ulafreg -r
```

- For more information, see "UltraLite AppForge Registry utility (ulafreg)" [*UltraLite Database Management and Reference*].
- c. If you have upgraded a MobileVB project remove the reference to UltraLiteAFLib from the Visual Basic.NET Solution Explorer.
- d. Add a reference to iAnywhere.UltraLiteForAppForge.dll
 - i. From the Microsoft Development Environment menu, choose Project ► Add Reference and browse to the *install-dir\ultralite\UltraLiteForAppForge\win32* subdirectory of your SQL Anywhere installation.
 - ii. Select iAnywhere.UltraLiteForAppForge.dll and click Open.
 - iii. Click OK to add the reference.
- 2. Add the ULConnectionParms control to the AppForge toolbox.
 - a. In the Microsoft Development Environment, right click the AppForge toolbox and choose Add/Remove Items. A dialog appears.

- b. Click the COM Components tab.
- c. Scroll down to the entry named ULConnectionParms Class. Check the box beside this component and click OK.
- d. The ULConnectionParms control is added to the toolbox.

Creating UltraLite databases

You can create an UltraLite database using UltraLite in Sybase Central or the ulcreate utility:

♦ **UltraLite in Sybase Central** Use the Create Database wizard to create an UltraLite database.

For more information, see "Creating an UltraLite database from Sybase Central" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

♦ The ulcreate utility You can use the ulcreate utility to create an empty UltraLite database.

For more information, see "UltraLite Create Database utility (ulcreate)" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

Applications can create an UltraLite database dynamically by using the UltraLite CreateDatabase function. Since application deployment environments support deploying additional files with an application, most applications can be simplified by distributing an initial database along with the executable code. UltraLite databases are comprised of a single file.

Connecting to an UltraLite database

UltraLite applications must connect to a database before carrying out operations on the data in it. This section describes how to connect to an UltraLite database.

Using the ULConnection object

The following properties of the ULConnection object govern global application behavior.

For more information about the ULConnection object, see "ULConnection class" on page 81.

♦ **Commit behavior** By default, UltraLite applications are in AutoCommit mode. Each insert, update, or delete statement is committed to the database immediately. Set ULConnection.AutoCommit to false to build transactions into your application. Turning AutoCommit off and performing commits directly can improve the performance of your application.

For more information, see "Commit method" on page 83.

• **User authentication** You can change the user ID and password for the application from the default values of DBA and sql by using the GrantConnectTo and RevokeConnectFrom methods.

For more information, see "Authenticating users" on page 29.

♦ **Synchronization** A set of objects governing synchronization are accessed from the ULConnection object.

For more information, see "Synchronizing data" on page 30.

♦ **Tables** UltraLite tables are accessed using the ULConnection.GetTable method.

For more information, see "GetTable method" on page 84.

Connecting to a database

You can connect to a database using either a ULConnectionParms object or a connection string. Use a ULConnectionParms object to manipulate multiple connection parameters for different target device platforms. Methods that use a connection string require you specify the different target platform strings in one large string.

For more information about connection parameters, see "UltraLite Connection String Parameters Reference" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*]

The following procedure illustrates connecting to an UltraLite database:

◆ Connect to UltraLite database

1. Create a ULDatabaseManager object:

You should create only one DatabaseManager object per application. This object is at the root of the object hierarchy. For this reason, it is often best to declare the DatabaseManager object as global to the application or as a class-level variable.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Public DatabaseMgr As ULDatabaseManager
Set DatabaseMgr = New ULDatabaseManager
'Crossfire using vb.net
Public DatabaseMgr As New UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager
```

2. Declare a ULConnection object:

Most applications use a single connection to an UltraLite database, and keep the connection open all the time. For this reason, it is often best to declare the ULConnection object as global to the application.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Public Connection As New ULConnection
'Crossfire using vb.net
Public Connection As UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager
```

3. Create a ULConnectionParms object:

Double-click the ULConnectionParms object on the MobileVB tool palette. A ULConnectionParms object appears on your form.

4. Set the required properties of the ULConnectionParms object:

In the ULConnectionParms properties window, specify properties such as the location of the database, and a user name and password for your database.

Using the following properties, you must specify a database file for OpenConnection. For information about additional properties, see "Properties" on page 89.

Keyword	Description	
DatabaseOnCE	The path and file name of the UltraLite database on Windows CE.	
DatabaseOnDesktop	The path and file name of the UltraLite database on the desktop computer.	

5. Open a connection to the database:

OpenConnection returns an open connection as a ULConnection object. This method takes a single ULConnectionParms object as its argument.

The following code attempts to connect to an existing database. If the database does not exist, the OpenConnection method returns an error.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
On Error Resume Next
Set Connection = DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection(ULConnectionParms1.ToString
())

'Crossfire using vb.net
Try
    Connection = _
        DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection(ULConnectionParms1.ToString())
Catch
    If Err.Number = _
        UltraLiteAFLib.ULSQLCode.ulsQLE_ULTRALITE_DATABASE_NOT_FOUND _
    Then
```

Encryption and obfuscation

UltraLite databases can be created with one of the following choices for data security: obfuscation or encryption. By default, UltraLite databases are created without any specific measures to obscure the data in the database. Utilities that examine the file which contains an UltraLite database and can display raw disk data could reveal character data stored in the database. The format of the actual database file is proprietary, but the contents are able to be viewed.

Obfuscation and encryption are creation-time configuration options. Although the actual encryption key can be changed, the choice to obfuscate or encrypt the data in the database cannot be changed without unloading the database, creating a new database, and reloading the data.

Encryption

To create a database with encryption, you must specify the encryption key when the database is created.

To open a connection to an encrypted database, you use the ULConnectionParms.EncryptionKey property to supply the encryption key string used when the database was created.

For more information about the EncryptionKey property, see "DBKEY connection parameter" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

You can change the encryption key by specifying a new encryption key on the Connection object. An application must first connect using the existing encryption key and then specify a new encryption key. In the following example, "apricot" is the new encryption key:

```
Connection.ChangeEncryptionKey("apricot")
```

For more information about changing the encryption key, see "ChangeEncryptionKey method" on page 82.

After the database is encrypted, all connections to the database must specify the correct encryption key. Otherwise, the connection fails. If the encryption key is not known, *the data in the database cannot be retrieved*.

Obfuscation

To obfuscate the database, set the obfuscation option when you create the database. Obfuscation is a simple masking of the contents of the database that is meant to prevent utility programs from revealing the raw contents of the database file. Databases created with obfuscation operate transparently to the user and the application program; there are no additional programming considerations.

For more information about database encryption, see "obfuscate property" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*] and "Security considerations" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

Working with data using dynamic SQL

UltraLite applications can access table data using dynamic SQL or the Table API. This section describes data access using dynamic SQL.

For information about the Table API, see "Working with data using the table API" on page 20.

This section explains how to perform the following tasks using dynamic SQL.

- Scrolling through the rows of a table.
- ♦ Accessing the values of the current row.
- ♦ Locating rows in a table.
- ♦ Inserting, deleting, and updating rows.
- This section does not describe the SQL language itself. For information about SQL features, see "SQL Language Elements" [SQL Anywhere Server SQL Reference].
- The sequence of operations required is similar for any SQL operation. For an overview, see "SQL Statements" [SOL Anywhere Server SOL Reference].

Data manipulation: INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE

With UltraLite, you can perform SQL Data Manipulation Language operations. These operations are performed using the ExecuteStatement method, a member of the ULPreparedStatement class.

For more information the ULPreparedStatement class, see "ULPreparedStatement class" on page 104.

It is important for applications to free up resources after using prepared statements by calling the Close method.

Using parameters in your prepared statements

Placeholders for parameters are identified using the ? character. For any INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE, each ? is referenced according to its ordinal position in the prepared statement. For example, the first ? is referred to as parameter 1, and the second as parameter 2.

◆ To INSERT a row

1. Declare a ULPreparedStatement object.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim PrepStmt As ULPreparedStatement

'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim PrepStmt As UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

```
// Crossfire using C#
   ULPreparedStatement PrepStmt = null;
```

2. Assign an INSERT statement to your prepared statement object. In the following code, TableName and ColumnName are the names of a table and column.

3. Assign parameter values for the statement.

```
PrepStmt.SetStringParameter (1, "Bob")
```

4. Execute the statement and free resources after the command is completed.

```
PrepStmt.ExecuteStatement
PrepStmt.Close()
```

◆ To UPDATE a row

Declare a ULPreparedStatement object.

```
Dim PrepStmt As ULPreparedStatement
```

2. Assign an UPDATE statement to your prepared statement object. In the following code, TableName and ColumnName are the names of a table and column.

```
Set PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "UPDATE TableName SET ColumnName = ? WHERE ID = ?")
```

3. Assign parameter values for the statement.

```
PrepStmt.SetStringParameter (1, "newvalue")
PrepStmt.SetStringParameter (2, "oldvalue")
```

4. Execute the statement and free resources after the command is completed.

```
PrepStmt.ExecuteStatement
PrepStmt.Close()
```

◆ To DELETE a row

Declare a ULPreparedStatement object.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim PrepStmt As ULPreparedStatement
```

```
'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim PrepStmt As UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

2. Assign a DELETE statement to your prepared statement object.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Set PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "DELETE FROM customer WHERE ID = ?")

'Crossfire using vb.net
PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "DELETE FROM customer WHERE ID = ?")
```

3. Assign parameter values for the statement.

```
PrepStmt.SetStringParameter (1, "oldvalue")
```

4. Execute the statement and free resources after the command is completed.

```
PrepStmt.ExecuteStatement
PrepStmt.Close()
```

Data retrieval: SELECT

When you execute a SELECT statement, the ULPreparedStatement.ExecuteQuery method returns a ULResultSet object.

The ULResultSet class contains methods for navigating within a result set. The values are then accessed using methods of the ULResultSet class.

For more information about ULResultSet objects, see "ULResultSet class" on page 111.

Example

In the following code, the results of a SELECT query are accessed through a ULResultSet. When first assigned, the ULResultSet is positioned before the first row. The ULResultSet.MoveFirst method is then called to navigate to the first record in the result set.

For more information about navigating a result set, see "Navigation with dynamic SQL" on page 18.

UltraLite for AppForge provides you with methods to get data of particular types from the UltraLite database into a result set. MobileVB does not support the use of Variant data types and, because of this, UltraLite for MobileVB includes functions to handle all types of data. Each of these methods is called using the following template, where *Index* is the ordinal position of the column name in your SELECT statement:

```
MyResultSetName. MethodName( Index )
```

Example

The following code demonstrates how to use the GetString method to obtain the column values for the current row.

The GetString method uses the following syntax, where *Index* is the ordinal position of the column name in your SELECT statement.

```
MyResultSetName.GetString(Index)
```

The MoveRelative(0) method is called to refresh the contents of the current buffer from the result set, so that the effects of any data modification are included.

```
If MyResultSet.RowCount = 0 Then
  lblID.Caption = ""
  txtName.Text = ""
Else
  lblID.Caption = MyResultSet.GetString(1)
  txtName.Text = MyResultSet.GetString(2)
  MyResultSet.MoveRelative(0)
End If
```

The following procedure uses a SELECT statement to retrieve information from the database. The results of the query are assigned to a ULResultSet object.

♦ To perform a SELECT statement

1. Declare a ULPreparedStatement object.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim PrepStmt As ULPreparedStatement
'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim PrepStmt As UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

 Assign a prepared statement to your ULPreparedStatement object. In the following code, TableName and ColumnName are the names of a table and column.

```
Set PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "SELECT ColumnName FROM TableName")
```

3. Execute the query.

In the code below, an AFListBox captures the result of the SELECT query.

```
Dim MyResultSet As ULResultSet
Set MyResultSet = PrepStmt.ExecuteQuery
While MyResultSet.MoveNext
   aflistbox.AddItem MyResultSet.GetString(1)
Wend
```

4. After processing the query, free resources by closing the result set.

```
MyResultSet.Close()
```

Navigation with dynamic SQL

UltraLite for MobileVB provides you with a number of methods to navigate a result set to perform a wide range of navigation tasks.

The following methods of the ULResultSet object allow you to navigate your result set:

- **♦ MoveAfterLast** moves to a position after the last row.
- **♦ MoveBeforeFirst** moves to a position before the first row.
- **♦ MoveFirst** moves to the first row.
- **♦ MoveLast** moves to the last row.
- **♦ MoveNext** moves to the next row.
- **♦ MovePrevious** moves to the previous row.
- ♦ **MoveRelative** moves a certain number of rows relative to the current row. Positive index values move forward in the result set, negative index values move backward in the result set, and zero does not move the cursor. Zero is useful if you want to repopulate a row buffer.

Example

The following code demonstrates how to use the MoveFirst method to navigate within a result set.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Set PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "SELECT ID, Name FROM customer")
Set MyResultSet = PrepStmt.ExecuteQuery
MyResultSet.MoveFirst

'Crossfire using vb.net
PrepStmt = Connection.PrepareStatement( _
    "SELECT ID, Name FROM customer")
MyResultSet = PrepStmt.ExecuteQuery
MyResultSet.MoveFirst
```

The same technique is used for all of the Move methods.

For more information about these navigational methods, see "ULResultSet class" on page 111.

ULResultSet schema property

The ULResultSet.Schema property allows you to retrieve information about the columns in the query. The properties of this ULResultSet.Schema object include ColumnName, ColumnCount, ColumnPrecision, ColumnScale, ColumnSize, and ColumnSQLType.

Example

The following example shows how you can use ULResultSet.Schema to display schema information in a MobileVB grid. The example assumes you have a ULResultSet named MyResultSet and a MobileVB grid named grdSchema.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim i As Integer
For i = 1 To MyResultSet.Schema.ColumnCount
   grdSchema.AddItem (MyResultSet.Schema.ColumnName(i) _
   & Chr(9) & CStr(MyResultSet.Schema.ColumnSQLType(i))), 0
Next i
grdSchema.AddItem _
   ("Column Name" & Chr(9) & "Column Type"), 0
```

Working with data using the table API

UltraLite applications can access table data using dynamic SQL or the Table API. This section describes data access using the Table API.

For information about dynamic SQL, see "Working with data using dynamic SQL" on page 14.

This section explains how to perform the following tasks using the Table API.

- ♦ Scrolling through the rows of a table.
- ♦ Accessing the values of the current row.
- ♦ Using find and lookup methods to locate rows in a table.
- ♦ Inserting, deleting, and updating rows.

Navigation with the Table API

UltraLite for MobileVB provides you with a number of methods to navigate a table to perform a wide range of navigation tasks.

The following methods of the ULTable object allow you to navigate your result set:

- ♦ **MoveAfterLast** moves to a position after the last row.
- **♦ MoveBeforeFirst** moves to a position before the first row.
- **♦ MoveFirst** moves to the first row.
- **♦ MoveLast** moves to the last row.
- **♦ MoveNext** moves to the next row.
- ♦ **MovePrevious** moves to the previous row.
- ♦ **MoveRelative** moves a certain number of rows relative to the current row. Positive index values move forward in the table, negative index values move backward in the table, and zero does not move the cursor. Zero is useful if you want to repopulate a row buffer.

Example

The following code opens the customer table and scrolls through its rows. It then displays a message box with the last name of each customer.

```
'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim TCustomer as UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
Set TCustomer = Conn.GetTable("Customer")
TCustomer.Open
While TCustomer.MoveNext
MsgBox TCustomer.Column("LName").StringValue
```

Specifying an index

You expose the rows of the table to the application when you open the table object. By default, the rows are exposed in order by primary key value, but you can specify an index to access the rows in a particular order.

Example

The following code moves to the first row of the customer table as ordered by the ix_name index.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Set TCustomer = Conn.GetTable("customer")
TCustomer.Open "ix_name"
TCustomer.MoveFirst

'Crossfire using vb.net
TCustomer = Conn.GetTable("customer")
TCustomer.Open "ix_name"
TCustomer.MoveFirst
```

Accessing the values of the current row

At any time, a ULTable object is positioned at one of the following places.

- Before the first row of the table.
- ♦ On a row of the table.
- ♦ After the last row of the table.

If the ULTable object is positioned on a row, you can use the Column method together with an appropriate property to get the value of that column for the current row.

Example

The following code retrieves the value of three columns from the tCustomer ULTable object, and displays them in text boxes.

```
Dim colID, colFirstName, colLastName As ULColumn
Set colID = tCustomer.Column("ID")
Set colFirstName = tCustomer.Column("fname")
Set colLastName = tCustomer.Column("lname")
txtID.Text = colID.IntegerValue
txtFirstName.Text = colFirstName.StringValue
txtLastName.Text = colLastName.StringValue
```

You can also use the properties of ULColumn to set values.

```
colLastName.StringValue = "Kaminski"
```

By assigning values to these properties you do not alter the value of the data in the database.

You can assign values to the properties even if you are before the first row or after the last row of the table. You cannot, however, get values from the column. For example, the following code generates an error.

```
' This code is incorrect
TCustomer.MoveBeforeFirst
id = TCustomer.Column( "ID" ).IntegerValue
```

To work with binary data, use the GetByteChunk method instead of a property.

For more information, see "GetByteChunk method" on page 76.

Casting values

The ULColumn property you choose must match the Visual Basic data type you want to assign. UltraLite automatically casts incompatible data types, so that you could use the StringValue method to fetch an integer value into a string variable, and so on. For more information, see "Converting data types" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

For more information about accessing values of the current row, see "ULColumn class" on page 74.

Searching rows with find and lookup

UltraLite has several modes of operation for working with data. Two of these modes, the find and lookup modes, are used for searching. The ULTable object has methods corresponding to these modes for locating particular rows in a table.

Note

The columns searched using Find and Lookup methods must be in the index used to open the table.

Find methods move to the first row that exactly matches a specified search value, under the sort order specified when the ULTable object was opened.

For more information about find methods, see "FindBegin method" on page 152.

♦ **Lookup methods** move to the first row that matches or is greater than a specified search value, under the sort order specified when the ULTable object was opened.

For more information about lookup methods, see "LookupBackward method" on page 156.

♦ To search for a row

1. Enter find or lookup mode.

Call the FindBegin or LookupBegin method. For example, the following code calls ULTable.FindBegin.

```
tCustomer.FindBegin
```

Set the search values.

You do this by setting values in the current row. Setting these values affects the buffer, not the database. For example, the following code sets the last name column in the buffer to Kaminski.

```
tCustomer.Column("lname").StringValue = "Kaminski"
```

For multi-column indexes, a value for the first column is required, but you can omit the other columns.

Search for the row.

Use the appropriate method to carry out the search. For example, the following instruction looks for the first row that exactly matches the specified value in the current index.

```
tCustomer.FindFirst
```

Inserting, updating, and deleting rows

UltraLite exposes the rows in a table to your application one at a time. The ULTable object has a current position, which may be on a row, before the first row, or after the last row of the table.

When your application changes location, UltraLite makes a copy of the row in a buffer. Any operations to get or set values affect only the copy of data in this buffer. They do not affect the data in the database.

Example

The following statement changes the value of the ID column in the buffer to 3.

```
colID.IntegerValue = 3
```

Using UltraLite modes

The UltraLite mode determines the purpose for which the values in the buffer are used. UltraLite has the following four modes of operation, in addition to a default mode.

- **Insert mode** The data in the buffer is added to the table as a new row when the ULTable. Insert method is called.
- ♦ **Update mode** The data in the buffer replaces the current row when the ULTable.Update method is called.
- Find mode Used to locate a row whose value exactly matches the data in the buffer when one of the ULTable. Find methods is called.
- ♦ **Lookup mode** Used to locate a row whose value matches or is greater than the data in the buffer when one of the ULTable.Lookup methods is called.

◆ To update a row

1. Move to the row you want to update.

You can move to a row by scrolling through the table or by searching using Find and Lookup methods.

2. Enter Update mode.

For example, the following instruction enters Update mode on the table tCustomer.

```
tCustomer.UpdateBegin
```

3. Set the new values for the row to be updated.

For example, the following instruction sets the new value to Elizabeth.

```
ColFirstName.StringValue = "Elizabeth"
```

4. Execute the Update.

```
tCustomer.Update
```

After the update operation, the current row is the row that was just updated. If you changed the value of a column in the index specified when the ULTable object was opened, the current position is undefined.

By default, UltraLite operates in AutoCommit mode, so that the update is immediately applied to the row in permanent storage. If you have disabled AutoCommit mode, the update is not applied until you execute a commit operation. For more information, see "Transaction processing in UltraLite" on page 26.

Caution

Do not update the primary key of a row: delete the row and add a new row instead.

Inserting rows

The steps to insert a row are similar to those for updating rows, except that there is no need to locate any particular row in the table before carrying out the insert operation. Rows are automatically inserted according to the index specified when opening the table.

♦ To insert a row

Enter Insert mode.

For example, the following instruction enters Insert mode on the table CustomerTable.

```
CustomerTable.InsertBegin
```

2. Set the values for the new row.

If you do not set a value for a column, and that column has a default value defined, the default value is used. If the column has no default, NULL is used. If the column does not allow NULL, the following defaults are used:

- ♦ For numeric columns, zero.
- ♦ For character columns, an empty string.

To set a value to NULL explicitly, use the setNull method.

```
CustomerTable.Column("FName").StringValue = fname
CustomerTable.Column("LName").StringValue = lname
```

3. Execute the insertion.

The inserted row is permanently saved to the database when a Commit is carried out. In AutoCommit mode, a Commit is carried out as part of the Insert method.

```
CustomerTable.Insert
```

Deleting rows

There is no delete mode corresponding to the insert or update modes.

The following procedure deletes a row.

◆ To delete a row

- 1. Move to the row you want to delete.
- Execute the deletion.

```
tCustomer.Delete
```

Working with BLOB data

You can fetch BLOB data for columns declared BINARY or LONG BINARY using the GetByteChunk method.

For more information, see "GetByteChunk method" on page 76.

Example

The following code demonstrates how to use the ULColumn.GetByteChunk method to get BLOB data.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim table as ULTable
Dim col As ULColumn
Dim data(1 to 1024) As Byte
Dim data_fit As Boolean
Dim size As Long
Set table = Conn.GetTable("image")
table.Open
size = 1024
Set col = table.Column("img data")
data_fit = col.GetByteChunk(VarPtr(data(1)), size)
If data_fit Then
  'No truncation
  'data truncated at 1024
End if
table.Close
'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim table as ULTable
Dim col As ULColumn
Dim data(1 to 1024) As Byte
Dim data_fit As Boolean
Dim size As Long
Set table = Conn.GetTable("image")
table.Open
size = 1024
Set col = table.Column("img_data")
' The data argument must be a local variable
data_fit = col.GetByteChunk(data, size)
If data_fit Then
  'No truncation
```

```
Else
'data truncated at 1024
End if
table.Close
```

Transaction processing in UltraLite

UltraLite provides transaction processing to ensure the integrity of the data in your database. A transaction is a logical unit of work. Either the entire transaction is executed, or none of the statements in the transaction are executed.

By default, UltraLite operates in AutoCommit mode. In AutoCommit mode, each insert, update, or delete is executed as a separate transaction. Once the operation is completed, the change is made to the database.

If you set the ULConnection.AutoCommit property to false, you can use multi-statement transactions. For example, if your application transfers money between two accounts, the deduction from the source account and the addition to the destination account constitute a single transaction. If AutoCommit is false, you must execute a ULConnection.Commit statement to complete a transaction and make changes to your database permanent, or you may execute a ULConnection. Rollback statement to cancel all the operations of a transaction. Turning off AutoCommit improves performance.

Note

Synchronization causes a Commit even if you have AutoCommit set to False.

Accessing schema information

Each ULConnection, ULTable, and ULColumn object contains a schema property. These schema objects provide information about the tables, columns, indexes, and publications in a database.

Note

You cannot modify the schema through the API. You can only retrieve information about the schema.

 ULDatabaseSchema The number and names of the tables in the database, as well as global properties such as the format of dates and times.

To obtain a ULDatabaseSchema object, access the ULConnection.Schema property.

• **ULTableSchema** The number and names of columns in the table, as well as the Indexes collections for the table.

To obtain a ULTableSchema object, access the ULTable.Schema property.

 ULColumnSchema Information about an individual column, including its default value, name, and whether it is autoincrement.

To obtain a ULColumnSchema object, access the ULColumn.Schema property.

♦ **ULIndexSchema** Information about the column, or columns, in the index. As an index has no data directly associated with it, there is no separate ULIndex object, only a ULIndexSchema object.

The ULIndexSchema objects are accessed using the ULTableSchema.GetIndex method.

♦ **ULPublicationSchema** The numbers and names of tables and columns contained in a publication. Publications are also comprised of schema only, so there is a ULPublicationSchema object but no ULPublication object.

The ULPublicationSchema objects are accessible using the ULDatabaseSchema.GetPublicationSchema method.

• ULResultSetSchema The number and names of the columns in a result set.

The ULResultSetSchema objects are accessible using the ULPreparedStatement.ResultSetSchema property.

Handling errors

In normal operation, UltraLite for AppForge can throw errors. Errors are expressed as SQLCODE values, negative numbers indicating the particular kind of error.

For a list of error codes thrown by UltraLite for AppForge, see "ULSQLCode enumeration" on page 125.

You can use the standard MobileVB or Crossfire error-handling features to handle errors. When an UltraLite object is the source of an error, the Err object is assigned a ULSQLCode number. ULSQLCodes are negative numbers indicating the particular kind of error. The ULSQLCode enumeration provides a set of descriptive constants associated with these values.

For more information, see "ULSQLCode enumeration" on page 125.

To make use of type completion in the MobileVB environment, you may want to create an error handling function such as the following:

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Public Function GetError() As ULSQLCode
GetError = Err.Number
End Function
```

You can then easily access UltraLite errors using the GetError function.

Authenticating users

An UltraLite database may define up to four user IDs and associated passwords. UltraLite databases are created with an initial user ID of DBA with password sql; you must first connect as this initial user. While connected to the database, an application may grant connection authority to a new user ID, change the password for an existing user ID or revoke connection authority from an existing user ID.

Note that a user ID cannot be changed directly; however, you can add a new user ID and then delete the existing user ID.

UltraLite does not associate any specific rights with a user ID. All user IDs that are defined for the database can be used to connect to that UltraLite database. Code within an application can enforce different capabilities based on the user information supplied to the application.

For more information about granting or revoking connection authority, see "GrantConnectTo method" on page 84 and "RevokeConnectFrom method" on page 86.

◆ To add a user or change the password for an existing user

- 1. Connect to the database as an existing user.
- 2. Grant connection authority to a specific user with the desired password:

```
conn.GrantConnectTo("Robert", "newPassword")
```

◆ To delete an existing user

- 1. Connect to the database as an existing user.
- 2. Revoke a specified user's connection authority as follows:

```
conn.RevokeConnectFrom("Robert")
```

Synchronizing data

You can synchronize UltraLite applications with a central database. Synchronization requires the MobiLink synchronization server and appropriate licensing.

This section provides a brief introduction to synchronization and describes some features of particular interest to users of UltraLite for AppForge. For a detailed explanation of synchronization, see "UltraLite Clients" [MobiLink - Client Administration].

You can also find a working example of synchronization in the CustDB sample application. This sample is described in "Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge MobileVB" on page 57

The UltraLite AppForge component does not support ECC or FIPS synchronization encryption for the Palm OS. For the Symbian OS, no synchronization encryption is available.

UltraLite for AppForge supports TCP/IP, HTTP, and HTTPS synchronization. Synchronization is initiated by the UltraLite application. In all cases, you use methods and properties of the ULConnection object to control synchronization.

Separately licensed component required

ECC encryption and FIPS-approved encryption require a separate license. All strong encryption technologies are subject to export regulations.

See "Separately licensed components" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Introduction].

◆ To synchronize over TCP/IP or HTTP

1. Prepare the synchronization information.

Assign values to the required properties of the ULConnection. SyncParms object.

For information about the properties and the values that you should set, see "UltraLite Clients" [MobiLink - Client Administration].

2. Synchronize.

Call the ULConnection.Synchronize method.

Adding the synchronization template

UltraLite for MobileVB includes a template form that can be used to monitor the status of a synchronization session. A version of this form is included for both Palm OS and Pocket PC. You can use these templates in your application, you can customize them, or you can simply examine them to learn how UltraLite synchronization events work.



The way to add this template to your application depends on whether you are using MobileVB or Crossfire.

◆ To add a synchronization template to your application (MobileVB)

- 1. From the project menu, choose Add Form.
- Select either UltraLite for MobileVB Sync Form (Windows CE) or UltraLite for MobileVB Sync Form (Palm).
- 3. Click Open. A copy of the form is added to your application.

♦ To add a synchronization template to your application (Crossfire)

- 1. From the project menu, choose Add New Item.
- From Local Project Items ➤ Ultralite_Crossfire Forms, select UltraLite Crossfire 10 Sync Form for CE, Palm or PalmHires depending on your application.
- 3. Click Open. A copy of the form is added to your application.

Writing code to use the synchronization form

Call the InitSyncForm function, passing it your ULConnection object. This must be done before each synchronization.

Example

The following code uses a synchronization status form named Form_Sync and a ULConnection object named Connection.

Form_Sync.InitSyncForm Connection Connection.Synchronize

Each time your application synchronizes, the synchronization status form appears. As synchronization progresses, your end user can observe the progress bar and byte count. When synchronization completes, the form closes. The Cancel button instructs UltraLite to cancel the current synchronization.

For more details, see "Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge MobileVB" on page 57.

Deploying UltraLite applications

When you have completed your application or when you want to test your application, you need to deploy it to a device. This section outlines the steps needed to deploy an UltraLite application to a device.

Deploying UltraLite for MobileVB applications to Windows CE

You must carry out the following steps to deploy an UltraLite application to Windows CE:

- 1. Deploy your application and UltraLite component.
 - a. Configure the application settings.
 - From the MobileVB menu, choose MobileVB Settings. A dialog appears.
 - In the left pane, choose Dependencies and click the User Dependencies tab.
 - ◆ Click the Add button and select the *c:\tutorial\mvb\tutCustomer.udb*. This indicates to MobileVB that the file should be included in the deployment.
 - ♦ Choose the PocketPC Settings item in the left pane
 - ♦ Enter \tutorial\mvb for the Device Installation Path.
 - ◆ Click OK to close the dialog.
 - b. From the Mobile VB menu, choose Deploy to Device, and choose the PocketPC device. If a dialog appears asking if you want to save the project, click Yes.
- 2. Deploy an initial copy of the UltraLite database.

You can then use synchronization to load an initial copy of the data. You can deploy the .prc file in the standard manner from the Install Tool included with your Palm Desktop Organizer Software.

You must place the database file so that it can be located by the application. The DatabaseOnCE connection parameters define the location.

- See "CE FILE connection parameter" [UltraLite Database Management and Reference].
- 3. Deploy the MobiLink provider for ActiveSync.

This step is required only if the application is synchronizing using ActiveSync.

For instructions, see "Deploying ActiveSync and HotSync for UltraLite clients" [MobiLink - Client Administration]

Deploying UltraLite for MobileVB applications to Palm OS

You must carry out the following steps to deploy an UltraLite application to a Palm OS device:

- ♦ Deploy your application and UltraLite component.
 - 1. Configure the application settings.
 - From the MobileVB menu, choose MobileVB Settings. A dialog appears.
 - In the left pane, choose Dependencies and click the User Dependencies tab.
 - ♦ Click the Add button and select the *c:\tutorial\mvb\tutCustomer.pdb*. This indicates to MobileVB that the file should be included in the deployment.
 - ♦ Choose the Palm OS Settings item in the left pane and enter the creator ID of your application. Choose a valid HotSync name. Click OK to close the dialog.
 - 2. From the MobileVB menu, choose Deploy to Device, and choose the Palm OS device. If a dialog appears asking if you want to save the project, click Yes.
- ♦ Deploy an initial UltraLite database.

In many situations it is sufficient to deploy an UltraLite database file. You can then use synchronization to load data.

You can create .pdb files for deployment to Palm OS using UltraLite utilities sych as ulcreate, ulload, and ulinit.

You must supply a database using the correct creator ID, so that it can be located by your application. The DatabaseOnPalm connection parameter uses the creator ID to find the database.

See "PALM_FILE connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].

♦ Deploy the MobiLink synchronization conduit for HotSync.

This step is required only if the application is synchronizing using HotSync.

Maintaining state in UltraLite Palm applications

Palm OS devices run only one application at a time. However, when a user switches from your application to another application, and then returns to your application, it is common to make applications appear as they were simply suspended while the user was working with other applications. To maintain this illusion, the application must save its internal state when the user switches to another application. When the application is launched again, it must restore its internal state.

Saving and restoring state in a database application can be challenging, as the application must re-open result sets and re-position the application within those result sets. UltraLite provides a way for you to save and restore application state.

The state of cursors on result sets is maintained automatically. Mobile VB applications that use the table-based API provide a value for the persistent name parameter in the Open method of the ULTable object.

Understanding how state is maintained

For each table whose state is being preserved, UltraLite stores a name for the table as well as enough information to restore the state of the table. The name associated with the table may be, but is not required to be, the name of the table. It is called the **persistent name**.

UltraLite applications can open more than one instance of the same table at the same time. In this case, the table name is not unique. For example, the following code (using MobileVB) opens the same table twice:

```
' MobileVB
Set table1 = Connection.GetTable( "ULCustomer" )
table1.Open "", "customer1"
' operations here
Set table2 = Connection.GetTable( "ULCustomer" )
table2.Open "", "customer2"
```

When opening a table, an application can optionally provide a persistent name as a parameter. If the state of the persistent name has been saved, the table is opened and positioned to the proper row. If not, the table is opened and positioned before the first row.

When an application terminates, it may or may not explicitly close open tables and close the connection. If it does not close an open table, then UltraLite records the current row of each open table that was supplied with a persistent name. Tables without a persistent name are closed.

Suppose the Connection object is of type ULConnection and a table called ULCustomer exists in the database.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim table As ULTable
Set table = Connection.GetTable( "ULCustomer" )
table.Open "", "customer"
```

The second line of code gets the table object representing the ULCustomer table. The table has not been opened for reading or writing yet.

In the Open call (the third line of code), the first parameter is the empty string, which indicates that the data is ordered by the primary key. The second parameter is the persistent name being assigned to the table. If

the application terminates while this table is still open, the state PDB associates *customer* with the ULCustomer table and save the current position.

Persistent name notes

• If the persistent name is empty, UltraLite does not store state information for this table, or attempt to look it up when opening the table.

If you do not need to store the state of your tables, supply an empty persistent name. The state is then not looked up in the state database.

- HotSync synchronization does not affect the state of your open tables. When a user presses the HotSync button on a device, the operating system closes the application in the same way it closes the application when any other application is started. Consequently, the state of the open tables is recorded in the state PDB and when the user returns to the application and the tables are re-opened, the user is positioned on the expected row. If that row has been deleted as part of the synchronization, the user is positioned on the next row (or after the last row if it was the last row).
- ♦ Applications with auto-commit turned off could terminate with uncommitted transactions. UltraLite maintains these transactions so that when the application restarts, they are not lost.
- If UltraLite finds a table in the state PDB that matches the persistent name you have provided, it checks that the table and index are the same as the table and index used when the position information was recorded. If they are not, then the call to Open fails.
- ♦ The use of the persistent name is unique to the Palm OS. If you create UltraLite for MobileVB applications for Windows CE, they do not use the persistent name. Applications on Windows CE run more like they do on a desktop computer.

Example: Using the persistent name to maintain state information

The PersistentName example program is a relatively simple program that shows how to use maintained state information. It is available at http://www.sybase.com/detail?id=1022734. Here are some highlights from the sample:

```
'MobileVB using VB6
CustomerTable.Open
AddRow "John", "Doe", "Atlanta"
AddRow "Mary", "Smith", "Toronto"
AddRow "Jane", "Anderson", "New York"
AddRow "Margaret", "Billington", "Vancouver"
AddRow "Fred", "Jones", "London"
AddRow "Jack", "Frost", "Dublin"
AddRow "David", "Reiser", "Berlin"
AddRow "Kathy", "Stevens", "Waterloo"
AddRow "Rebecca", "Gable", "Paris"
AddRow "George", "Jenkins", "Madrid"
CustomerTable.Close
```

This code adds ten rows to the ULCustomer table. It calls Open on the table, but in this case a persistent name is not supplied because there is no need to maintain the position in the table. Since the code only inserts data, the position in the table is not relevant.

The following line opens the ULCustomer table, ordering rows by the primary key and assigning a persistent name of customer.

```
CustomerTable.Open "" , "customer"
```

If the application has been run before, then a lookup is done in the state database for customer. Otherwise, customer is associated with this table.

The customer table is left open for the duration of the running application. If the user switches to another application, UltraLite records the position in the table where the user left off. When the application is started again, the table is opened and UltraLite determines that position information is known for a table with the persistent name customer, so it positions the user back on that row.

When the user clicks the End button, the customer table and the connection are closed before the application disappears. This has the effect of discarding any state information for the customer table, so that when the application is restarted, the user is positioned on the first row.

Notes on AppForge for Symbian OS

This section provides some notes about UltraLite development on the Symbian OS using AppForge.

Supported platforms and devices

UltraLite for AppForge supports all Symbian OS 7 and Symbian OS 8 devices supported by AppForge Crossfire. These include UIQ devices such as the Sony Ericsson P800 and P900 series, Nokia S60 devices such as the Nokia N-90, and Nokia S-80 devices such as the Nokia 9300 Communicator.

The devices supported depend on the version of AppForge Crossfire that you are using. For example, in order to support the Nokia 9300 Communicator you must have at least Crossfire 5.6.1.

Sample Aapplication

The Crossfire CustDB application includes projects for both the Nokia 9300 Communicator and for Sony Ericsson P800/P900 devices. You can find the application in *samples-dir\UltraLiteForAppForge* \CF_CustDB\.

◆ To use the CustDB sample application

- 1. From a command prompt, run the makedbs.bat file to create the UltraLite database.
- 2. Open the solution file in Visual Studio .NET 2003.
- 3. To synchronize, start the MobiLink synchronization server by choosing Programs ➤ SQL Anywhere 10 ➤ MobiLink ➤ MobiLink Server Sample.

Symbian-specific notes for AppForge developers

Symbian OS uses a Windows-like nomenclature for its file system. You can use the dbf connection parameter to specify the location of an UltraLite database.

As with other AppForge projects, you must add a reference to iAnywhere.UltraLiteForAppForge in your project.

◆ To configure a project for your target device:

- 1. Select the project to configure.
- 2. Choose AppForge ► Crossfire Settings
- 3. Choose Dependencies in the list, and add the UltraLite database file to the User Dependencies list.
- 4. Select the appropriate device type from the list and use the settings dialog to specify an application UID and other application properties.

For cross-platform development, you can use the AppForge.Platforms.DeviceType enumeration to identify the platform on which the application is running. The Symbian OS members of the enumeration are as follows:

Constantt	Target
SymbianOSCrystal	Nokia 9300/9500
SymbianOSPearl	Nokia S60
SymbianOSQuartz	Sony Ericsson P800/P900/P910 or Motorola A1000

Here is a simple example of platform-independent connection code in Visual Basic .Net:

```
deviceType = sysInfo.DeviceType
path = AppForge.MobileVB.Compatibility.Device.AppPath
If deviceType = AppForge.Platforms.DeviceType.SymbianOSCrystal Or _
    deviceType = AppForge.Platforms.DeviceType.SymbianOSPearl Or _
    deviceType = AppForge.Platforms.DeviceType.SymbianOSQuartz Then
    connString = "dbf=" & path & "\ul_custdb.udb;"

Else
    connString = "dbf=" & path & "\..\ul_custdb.udb;"

End If
connString += "con=custdbConn"

Try
    Connection = DBManager.OpenConnection(connString)

Catch ex As Exception
    MsgBox("Error when connecting to database: " & ex.Message)
    End
End Try
```

Deploying AppForge projects to devices

To deploy an AppForge project to a Symbian OS device, you must first connect your device to your computer using a cable or a Bluetooth connection. The required connectivity software, drivers, and instructions should be provided with your device.

Applications are deployed to Symbian OS devices as an .sis file. If your device is properly connected to your development computer, you can deploy an AppForge project to a Symbian OS device by choosing AppForge > Deploy Application To Device and selecting the device type from the list.

An alternative deployment method is to create the SIS file on your development computer and then to deploy that in a separate operation. You can do this by choosing AppForge > Build Installation File.

Synchronizing applications

When synchronizing applications using TCP/IP or HTTP-based protocols, it is recommended that you specify the host address using an IP address, rather than a host name in the network protocol options that you set in the SyncStream.StreamParms property.

CHAPTER 3

Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge Crossfire

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About this chapter

This tutorial guides you through the process of using AppForge Crossfire to build an UltraLite application for either a PocketPC or a Palm OS device.

Introduction

This tutorial describes how to use AppForge Crossfire to build an UltraLite application. At the end of the tutorial you will have an application and small database on your Windows CE device that synchronizes with a central consolidated database.

For more information about the table API, see the "UltraLite for AppForge API Reference" on page 71.

Timing

The tutorial takes about 30 minutes if you copy and paste the code. If you enter the code yourself, it takes significantly longer. If you chose to copy and paste the code from this help information, the special characters less-than, greater-than and ampersand may be pasted incorrectly in the code window and have to be manually corrected.

Prerequisites

This tutorial assumes that you have AppForge Crossfire installed on your computer. It also assumes a basic familiarity with Crossfire development.

The tutorial also assumes that you know how to create an UltraLite database using the command line utility ulcreate, or using UltraLite in Sybase Central. For more information, see "Creating an UltraLite database from Sybase Central" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].

Note

Crossfire users can perform most of this tutorial without SQL Anywhere. The synchronization sections of the tutorial require SQL Anywhere.

Lesson 1: Create a project architecture

The first procedure describes how to create an UltraLite database.

◆ To create an UltraLite database

1. Create a directory for this tutorial.

This tutorial assumes the directory is $c:\Tutorial\crossfire$. If you create a directory with a different name, use that directory throughout the tutorial.

2. Create a database using UltraLite in Sybase Central.

For more information about creating a database, see the "Creating an UltraLite database from Sybase Central" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

♦ Table name Customer

♦ Columns in Customer

Column name	Datatype (size)	Column allows NULL values?	Default value
ID	integer	No	autoincrement
FName	varchar(15)	No	None
LName	varchar(20)	No	None
City	varchar(20)	Yes	None
Phone	varchar(12)	Yes	555-1234

In an application with synchronization, it is usual to choose a global autoincrement or UUID data type for primary keys. An autoincrement method is chosen here to simplify the tutorial.

◆ Primary key Ascending ID

Save the database.

If you are developing an application for Windows or Windows CE, choose File ▶ Save and choose *tutcustomer.udb* in your tutorial directory as the file name.

Create a Crossfire project

The following procedure creates an AppForge Crossfire project for your application and adds a reference to the UltraLite control.

AppForge tools appear in addition to the standard Visual Basic tools on the toolbar to the left of the development environment.

◆ To create a Crossfire project for UltraLite

- Start Crossfire.
 - a. Choose Start ▶ Programs ▶ AppForge ▶ Crossfire. The Crossfire Project Manager dialog appears.
 - b. Choose New Project. The Microsoft Development Environment New Project dialog appears.
 - c. In the Project Types window click to expand the Visual Basic Projects folder.
 - d. In the Templates window, click Crossfire Application.
 - e. Leave the project name as CrossfireApp1, and enter your tutorial directory (c:\tutorial\crossfire) as the location.

Click OK.

f. Choose your deployment platform and click Finish to create the project.

You should now see a Crossfire form in the Microsoft Visual Basic .NET Development Environment.

- 2. If the Toolbox is not displayed, choose View ▶ Toolbox to open it. Open the AppForge tab.
- 3. Scroll down the list of AppForge controls to and double-click ULConnectionParms to add the database connection object to the form.

Troubleshooting

If your Crossfire project does not include a reference to iAnywhere.UltraLiteForAppForge.dll, and if the ULConnectionParms class does not appear in the list of AppForge controls, you need to register UltraLite with Crossfire. This may occur if, for example, you install Crossfire after installing SQL Anywhere.

For instructions on adding UltraLite to Crossfire, see "Adding UltraLite to the Crossfire design environment" on page 7.

What's next

You now have an UltraLite database and a Crossfire project with an UltraLite control on a form. The next step is to create the application interface.

Lesson 2: Create the application interface

The following procedure uses the form to create a user interface. This example uses labels as outputs, and text boxes and buttons as inputs, similar to a real application.

♦ To add controls to your project

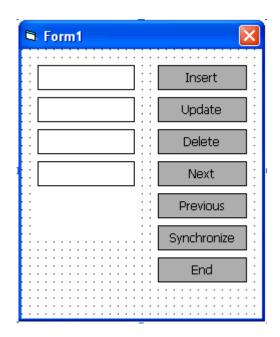
1. From the AppForge controls, add the following controls to your form:

Туре	Name	Caption or text
TextBox	txtFName	
TextBox	txtLName	
TextBox	txtcity	
TextBox	txtphone	
Label	IbIID	
Button	btnInsert	Insert
Button	btnUpdate	Update
Button	btnDelete	Delete
Button	btnNext	Next
Button	btnPrevious	Previous
Button	btnSync	Synchronize
Button	btnDone	End

2. Check the application.

♦ Choose Build ► Build Solution.

Your form should look as follows:



Lesson 3: Write the sample code

This lesson guides you through writing code to connect to a database, navigate within the database, and manipulate the data in the database.

This lesson also includes instructions for synchronizing your application with a SQL Anywhere database. This portion of the lesson is optional, and requires SQL Anywhere.

Write code to connect to your database

In this application, you connect to the database during the Form_Load event. You can also connect to a database using the general module.

This example uses a the ULConnectionParms object to connect to your *tutcustomer* database. This method is recommended. Alternatively, the database connection can be established by providing connection parameters directly as follows:

```
Connection = DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection("DBF=c:\tutorial\crossfire
\tutCustomer.udb")
```

Write code to connect to the UltraLite database

- 1. Double-click the form to open the Code window.
- 2. Declare the required UltraLite objects.

Immediately after the line Public NonInheritable Class CrossfireForml Inherits System. Windows. Forms. Form enter the following code:

```
Public DatabaseMgr As New UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager Public Connection As UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection Public CustomerTable As UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

- 3. Specify the connection parameters.
 - Select the ULConnectionParm1 control. In the Properties window, specify connection properties for this database.

If you are deploying to a Windows CE device, specify the following properties:

Property	Value
DatabaseOnCE	\tutorial\crossfire\tutCustomer.udb
DatabaseOnDesktop	c:\tutorial\crossfire\tutCustomer.udb

If you are deploying to a Palm device, specify the following properties:

Property	Value
DatabaseOnDesktop	c:\tutorial\crossfire\tutCustomer.pdb
DatabaseOnPalm	Syb3

4. In the Form Load event CrossfireForm1_Load, add code to connect to the database.

The standard way of connecting is to try open a connection to the database specified by the connection string. If the database does not exist, generate an error message.

```
Try
   Connection = _
        DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection(ULConnectionParms1.ToString())
Catch
   MsgBox(Err.Number)
   MsgBox(Err.Description)
End Try
```

5. Add the following code to the click event of the End button (btnDone):

```
Connection.Close End
```

- 6. Run the application.
 - ♦ Choose Debug ► Start.
 - ♦ After an initial message box, the form loads.
 - ♦ To terminate the application, click End.

Troubleshooting

You now have the basic code in place to connect to your database.

If you see a data type conversion error on the attempt to connect, make sure you have used the ToString method on the ULConnectionParms1 object.

Write code for navigation and data manipulation

The following procedures implement data manipulation and navigation. The code uses the Table API, which provides methods for moving through and changing the rows of a table, one row at a time. For more complex applications, UltraLite provides an implementation of SQL.

◆ To open the table

1. Write code to initialize the table and move to the first row.

This code assigns the Customer table in the database to the Customer Table variable. The call to Open opens the table so that the table data can be read or manipulated. It also positions the application before the first row in the table.

Add the following code to the Form1_Load event, just before the End Sub instruction.

```
Try
    CustomerTable = Connection.GetTable("Customer")
    CustomerTable.Open()
Catch
    If Err.Number <> UltraLiteAFLib.ULSQLCode.ulSQLE_NOERROR _
    Then
        MsgBox(Err.Description)
    End If
End Try
```

2. Create a new procedure called DisplayCurrentRow and implement it as shown below.

If the table has no rows, the following procedure causes the application to display empty controls. Otherwise, it displays the values stored in each of the columns of the current row of the database.

```
Private Sub DisplayCurrentRow()
  If CustomerTable.RowCount = 0 Then
    txtFname.Text = ""
    txtLname.Text = ""
    txtCity.Text = ""
    txtPhone.Text = ""
    lblID.Caption = ""
  Else
    lblID.Caption =
         CustomerTable.Column("ID").StringValue
    txtFname.Text =
         CustomerTable.Column("FName").StringValue
    txtLname.Text =
         CustomerTable.Column("LName").StringValue
    If CustomerTable.Column ("City").IsNull Then
      txtCity.text =""
    Else
      txtCity.Text =
      CustomerTable.Column("City").StringValue
    End If
    If CustomerTable.Column("Phone").IsNull Then
      txtphone.Text = ""
    Else
      txtphone.Text =
      CustomerTable.Column("Phone").StringValue
    End If
  End If
End Sub
```

Call DisplayCurrentRow from the Form's Activated event. This call ensures that the fields get updated when the application starts.

```
DisplayCurrentRow
```

◆ To insert rows into the table

1. Write code to implement the Insert button.

In the following procedure, the call to InsertBegin puts the application into insert mode and sets all the values in the row to their defaults. For example, the ID column receives the next autoincrement value. The column values are set and then the new row is inserted.

Add the following procedure to the Click event of the Insert button (btnInsert).

```
Dim fname As String
Dim lname As String
Dim city As String
Dim phone As String
fname = txtFname.Text
lname = txtLname.Text
city = txtCity.Text
phone = txtPhone.Text
Try
    CustomerTable.InsertBegin
   CustomerTable.Column("FName").StringValue = _
    CustomerTable.Column("LName").StringValue = _
    If Len(city) > 0 Then
        CustomerTable.Column("City").StringValue = _
   End If
    If Len(phone) > 0 Then
       CustomerTable.Column("Phone").StringValue = _
    End If
   CustomerTable.Insert
   CustomerTable.MoveLast
   DisplayCurrentRow
   Exit Sub
Catch
   MsgBox "Error: " & CStr(Err.Description)
End Try
```

2. Run the application.

After an initial message box, the form is displayed.

- 3. Insert two rows into the database.
 - ♦ Enter a first name of Jane in the first text box and a last name of Doe in the second. Click Insert.

A row is added to the table with these values. The application moves to the last row of the table and displays the row. The label displays the automatically incremented value of the ID column that UltraLite assigned to the row.

- Enter a first name of John in the first text box and a last name of Smith in the second. Click Insert.
- 4. Click End to end the program.

◆ To move through the rows of the table

1. Write code to implement the Next and Previous buttons.

Add the following code to the Click event of the Next button (btnNext).

```
If Not CustomerTable.MoveNext Then
    CustomerTable.MoveLast
End If
DisplayCurrentRow
```

Add the following code to the Click event of the Previous button (btnPrevious).

```
If Not CustomerTable.MovePrevious Then
    CustomerTable.MoveFirst
End If
DisplayCurrentRow
```

2. Run the application.

When the form is first displayed, the controls are empty as the current position is before the first row.

After the form is displayed, click Next and Previous to move through the rows of the table.

At this stage you can enter data and scroll through the rows of the table.

To update and delete rows in the table

1. Write code to implement the Update button.

In the code below, the call to UpdateBegin puts the application into update mode. The column values are updated and then the row itself is updated with a call to Update.

Add the following code to the Click event of the Update button (btnUpdate):

```
Dim fname As String
Dim lname As String
Dim city As String
Dim phone As String
fname = txtFname.Text
lname = txtLname.Text
city = txtCity.Text
phone = txtPhone.Text
    CustomerTable.UpdateBegin
    CustomerTable.Column("FName").StringValue = fname
    CustomerTable.Column("LName").StringValue = lname
    If Len(city) > 0 Then
        CustomerTable.Column("City").StringValue = city
    Else
        CustomerTable.Column("City").SetNull
    End If
    If Len(phone) > 0 Then
       CustomerTable.Column("Phone").StringValue = phone
    End If
    CustomerTable.Update
    DisplayCurrentRow
    Exit Sub
Catch
    MsgBox "Error: " & CStr(Err.Description)
End Try
```

2. Write code to implement the Delete button.

In the code below, the call to Delete deletes the current row (the application displays the row data at the current position).

Add the following code to the Click event of the Delete button (btnDelete):

```
If CustomerTable.RowCount = 0 Then
    Exit Sub
End If
CustomerTable.Delete
CustomerTable.MoveRelative 0
DisplayCurrentRow
```

3. Run the application.

Write code to synchronize

The following procedure implements synchronization. Synchronization requires SQL Anywhere.

♦ To write code for the synchronize button

Write code to implement the Synchronize button.

In the code below, the ULSyncParms object contains the synchronization parameters. For example, the ULSyncParms.UserName property specifies that when MobiLink is started, it will add a new user.

Add the following code to the Click event of the Synchronize button (btnSync):

```
With Connection.SyncParms
   .UserName = "CrossfireSample"
   .Stream = UltraLiteAFLib.ULStreamType.ulTCPIP
   .Version = "ul_default"
End With
Connection.Synchronize
DisplayCurrentRow
```

Synchronize your application

The SQL Anywhere sample database has a Customers table with columns matching those in the **Customer** table in your UltraLite database. The following procedure synchronizes your database with the SQL Anywhere sample database.

♦ To synchronize your application

1. From a command prompt, start the MobiLink synchronization server by running the following command.

```
mlsrv10 -c "dsn=SQL Anywhere 10 Demo" -v+ -zu+
```

The -zu+ command line option permits automatic addition of users and generation of synchronization scripts. For more information about these options, see "MobiLink Server Options" [MobiLink - Server Administration].

Verify that the MobiLink server starts and displays a server status window.

- 2. Start your UltraLite Crossfire application.
- 3. Click Delete repeatedly to delete all the rows in your table. Any rows left in the table would be uploaded to the Customers table in the SQL Anywhere sample database.

4. Synchronize your application.

Click Synchronize.

The MobiLink synchronization server window displays the synchronization progress.

5. When the synchronization is complete, click Next and Previous buttons to move through the rows of the table to view the data retrieved from the SQL Anywhere sample database.

Lesson 4: Deploy to a device

The following procedures deploy your application to either a Palm OS or PocketPC device.

◆ To deploy to a PocketPC device

- 1. Configure the application settings.
 - From the AppForge menu, choose Crossfire Settings. A dialog appears.
 - In the left pane, choose Dependencies and click the User Dependencies tab.
 - Click the Add button and select the c:\tutorial\crossfire\tutCustomer.udb. This indicates to Crossfire that the database file must be included in the deployment.
 - ♦ Choose the PocketPC Settings or Windows Mobile Settings item in the left pane and in the right panel select the Packaging tab.
 - Enter %CE1%\tutorial\crossfire for the Custom Device Installation Path.
 - ♦ Click OK to close the dialog.
- 2. From the AppForge menu, choose Deploy to Device, and select PocketPC/Windows Mobile. If a dialog appears asking if you want to save the project, choose Yes.
- 3. On your device, click Start ▶ Programs.
- 4. Click UltraLiteTutorial to run your application.

◆ To deploy to the Palm device

- 1. Configure the application settings.
 - ◆ From the AppForge menu, choose Crossfire Settings.
 - In the dialog that appears, choose Dependencies in the left pane and click the User Dependencies tab.
 - Click the Add button and select *c:\tutorial\mvb\tutCustomer.pdb*. This indicates to Crossfire that the file should be included in the deployment.
 - ♦ Choose the Palm OS Settings item in the left pane and enter Syb3 for the creator ID. Select a valid HotSync name.
 - ♦ Click OK to close the dialog.
- 2. From the AppForge menu, choose Deploy to Device, and select the Palm OS device. If a dialog appears asking if you want to save the project, choose Yes.
- 3. HotSync your device and ensure the application gets sent to the device. After the HotSync process is complete, your application files will be extracted on the device.
- 4. Click Home on the device and choose UltraLiteTutorial to run your application.

Summary

Learning accomplishments

During this tutorial, you:

- created a database file with one table defined
- created an UltraLite application for Crossfire
- synchronized an UltraLite remote database with a SQL Anywhere consolidated database

More samples

You can find more sample applications and utilities at iAnywhere CodeXchange.

CHAPTER 4

Tutorial: A Sample Application for AppForge MobileVB

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About this chapter

This chapter provides a tutorial to guide you through the process of building an UltraLite application for MobileVB for either a PocketPC or a Palm OS device.

Introduction

This tutorial guides you through the process of building an UltraLite application for MobileVB using the UltraLite table API. At the end of the tutorial you will have an application and small database on your Windows CE device that synchronizes with a central database.

For more information about the table API, see the "UltraLite for AppForge API Reference" on page 71.

Timing

The tutorial takes about 30 minutes if you copy and paste the code. If you enter the code yourself, it takes significantly longer.

If you copy the code literally from this help file, be aware that some characters may not be copied correctly. The ampersand, less-than, and greater-than symbols may be copied as html markup codes and have to be manually repaired in the Visual Basic code edit window.

Competencies and experience

This tutorial assumes:

- ♦ you have Mobile VB and Microsoft Visual Basic 6 installed on your computer
- you can write, test, and troubleshoot a MobileVB application
- ♦ you know how to create an UltraLite database using the UltraLite plug-in for Sybase Central or using the ulcreate utility
- you have the Crossfire Client installed on the target device.

Information about the Crossfire Client is available from the AppForge Web site.

Note

You can perform most of this tutorial without SQL Anywhere. The synchronization sections of the tutorial require SQL Anywhere.

Goals

The goals for the tutorial are to gain competence and familiarity with the process of developing an UltraLite application.

Lesson 1: Create project architecture

The first lesson establishes the location for files in the project and the specifications for an UltraLite database for the project.

◆ To create an UltraLite database

1. Create a directory for this tutorial.

This tutorial assumes the directory is $c:\langle Tutorial \rangle mvb$. If you create a directory with a different name or location, use that directory instead of $c:\langle Tutorial \rangle mvb$ throughout the tutorial.

2. Create a database using UltraLite in Sybase Central.

For more information about creating a database, see "Creating an UltraLite database from Sybase Central" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

- **◆ Database filename** *c:\Tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb*
- **♦ Table name** ULCustomer
- ♦ Columns in ULCustomer table

Col- umn Name	Data Type (Size)	Column allows null values?	Column unique value?	Default value
cust_id	integer	No	n/a	autoincrement
cust_na me	varchar (30)	No	No	None

◆ Primary key for ULCustomer table ascending cust_id

Create a MobileVB project

The following procedure creates a MobileVB project for your application and adds a reference to the UltraLite for MobileVB control.

MobileVB tools appear in addition to the standard Visual Basic tools on the Visual Basic toolbar to the left of the Visual Basic environment. If the UltraLite connection parameters control is not present, see "Adding UltraLite to the MobileVB design environment" on page 6

◆ To create a reference to the UltraLite for MobileVB control

- 1. Start MobileVB.
 - ◆ Choose Start ▶ Programs ▶ AppForge MobileVB ▶ Start MobileVB.

The MobileVB Project Manager appears.

2. Create a new project.

Click New Project. When asked for the Design Target, choose the appropriate target. This tutorial provides instructions for a PocketPC device.

- 3. Create a reference to UltraLite for MobileVB.
 - ♦ Choose Project ► References
 - ♦ Select iAnywhere Solutions, UltraLite Connection Parameters 10.0 and click OK.
- 4. Give the Project a name.
 - ◆ Click Project ► MobileVBProject1 Properties
 - ◆ Under Project Name, type **UltraLiteTutorial**. This is the name of the application as it will appear on your device.
 - ♦ Click OK.
- 5. Save the Project:
 - ♦ Choose File ► Save Project.
 - Save the form file as $c:\langle tutorial \rangle mvb \rangle Tutorial.frm$.
 - Save the project as $c:\langle tutorial \rangle mvb \rangle Tutorial.vbp$.

Lesson 2: Create a form

After completing the steps in "Lesson 1: Create project architecture" on page 59, the project should display a form. The following procedure uses the form to create a user interface. This example uses labels as outputs, and text boxes and buttons as inputs, similar to a real application.

◆ To add controls to your project

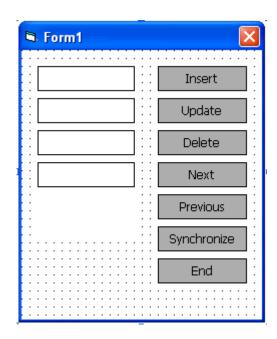
1. Add the controls and properties given in the table below to your form:

Туре	Name	Caption or text
AFTextBox	txtname	
AFLabel	IbIID	
AFButton	btnInsert	Insert
AFButton	btnUpdate	Update
AFButton	btnDelete	Delete
AFButton	btnNext	Next
AFButton	btnPrevious	Previous
AFButton	btnSync	Synchronize
AFButton	btnDone	End

2. Check the application:

◆ Choose MobileVB ➤ Compile and Validate.

Your form should look like the following screen capture:



Lesson 3: Write the sample code

This lesson guides you through the process of writing Visual Basic code to connect to a database, navigate within the database, and manipulate the data in the database.

This lesson also includes instructions for synchronizing your application with a SQL Anywhere database. The synchronization portion of the lesson is optional, and requires SQL Anywhere.

Write code to connect to your database

In this application, you connect to the database during the Form_Load event. You can also connect to a database using the general module.

This example uses a ULConnectionParms object to connect to a database. Alternatively, you can use a connection string in the application code.

For reference information, see "ULConnectionParms class" on page 89.

Write code to connect to the UltraLite database

- 1. Double-click the form to open the Code window.
- 2. Declare the required UltraLite objects:

Enter the following code in the declarations area of your form.

```
Public DatabaseMgr As New ULDatabaseManager
Public Connection As ULConnection
Public CustomerTable As ULTable
```

- 3. Specify the connection parameters:
 - Add a ULConnectionParms object to your form named ULConnectionParms1. The ULConnectionParms control is a database icon on the toolbox.
 - In the Properties window, specify the ULConnectionParms properties.

If you are deploying to a Windows CE device, specify the following properties:

Property	Value
DatabaseOnCE	\tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb
DatabaseOnDesktop	c:\tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb

4. Add code to connect to the database in the Form_Load event.

The database manager opens a connection to the database specified by the ULConnectionParms1 object:

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
' enable error handling
```

```
On Error Resume Next
   Set Connection = DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection(ULConnectionParms1.ToString())
   If Err.Number = ULSQLCode.ulSQLE_NOERROR Then
        MsgBox "Connected to an existing database"
   Else
        MsgBox Err.Description
        Exit Sub
   End If
End Sub
```

Once the connection code is working, the line that issues a Msgbox to indicate a connection has been made can be removed.

If you prefer to use a connection string rather than the ULConnectionParms object, you can alter the code illustrated above to use this syntax instead:

```
Set Connection = DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection _
   ("dbf=C:\tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb;" & _
    "ce_file=\tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb")
```

Note the inclusion of the database filename specification for the potential target platforms (dbf= for the desktop environment and ce_file= for the Windows CE device environment.

5. Add code to end the application and close the connection when the End button is clicked.

```
Sub btnDone_Click()
    Connection.Close
    End
End Sub
```

- 6. Run the application.
 - ♦ Choose Run ► Execute.
 - ♦ After an initial message box, the form loads.
 - ♦ To terminate the application, click the End button.

Write code for navigation and data manipulation

The following procedures implement data manipulation and navigation.

◆ To open the table

Write code to initialize the table and move to the first row.

This code assigns the customer table in the database to the Customer Table variable. The call to Open opens the table so that the table data can be read or manipulated. It also positions the application before the first row in the table.

Add the following code to the Form_Load event, just before the End Sub instruction.

2. Create a new procedure called DisplayCurrentRow and implement it as shown below.

If the table has no rows, the following procedure causes the application to display empty controls. Otherwise, it displays the values stored in each of the columns of the current row of the database.

```
Private Sub DisplayCurrentRow()
  If CustomerTable.RowCount = 0 Then
    txtname.Text = ""
    lblID.Caption = ""
  Else
    txtname.Text = CustomerTable.Column("cust_name").StringValue
    lblID.Caption = CustomerTable.Column("cust_id").StringValue
  End If
End Sub
```

3. Call DisplayCurrentRow from the Form_Activate procedure. This call ensures that the fields get updated when the application starts.

```
Private Sub Form_Activate()
     DisplayCurrentRow
End Sub
```

To insert rows into the table

1. Write code to implement the Insert button.

In the following procedure, the call to InsertBegin puts the application into insert mode and sets all the values in the row to their defaults. For example, the ID column receives the next autoincrement value. The column values are set and then the new row is inserted.

Add the following procedure to the form.

```
Private Sub btnInsert_Click()
    On Error GoTo InsertError
    CustomerTable.InsertBegin
    CustomerTable.Column("cust_name").StringValue = txtname.Text
    CustomerTable.Insert
    CustomerTable.MoveLast
    DisplayCurrentRow
    Exit Sub

InsertError:
    MsgBox "Error: " & CStr(Err.Description)
End Sub
```

2. Run the application.

After an initial message box, the form is displayed.

- 3. Insert two rows into the database.
 - Enter a first name of Jane in the first text box and a last name of Doe in the second. Click Insert.

A row is added to the table with these values. The application moves to the last row of the table and displays the row. The label displays the automatically incremented value of the ID column that UltraLite assigned to the row.

- Enter a first name of John in the first text box and a last name of Smith in the second. Click Insert.
- 4. Click End to end the program.

◆ To move through the rows of the table

1. Write code to implement the Next and Previous buttons.

Add the following procedures to the form.

```
Private Sub btnNext_Click()
    If Not CustomerTable.MoveNext Then
        CustomerTable.MoveLast
    End If
    DisplayCurrentRow
End Sub

Private Sub btnPrevious_Click()
    If Not CustomerTable.MovePrevious Then
        CustomerTable.MoveFirst
    End If
    DisplayCurrentRow
End Sub
```

2. Run the application.

When the form is first displayed, the controls are empty as the current position is before the first row.

After the form is displayed, click Next and Previous to move through the rows of the table.

◆ To update and delete rows in the table

1. Write code to implement the Update button.

In the code below, the call to UpdateBegin puts the application into update mode. The column values are updated and then the row itself is updated with a call to Update.

Add the following procedure to the form.

```
Private Sub btnUpdate_Click()
   On Error GoTo UpdateError
   CustomerTable.UpdateBegin
   CustomerTable.Column("cust_name").StringValue = txtname.Text
```

```
CustomerTable.Update
DisplayCurrentRow
Exit Sub

UpdateError:
    MsgBox "Error: " & CStr(Err.Description)
End Sub
```

2. Write code to implement the Delete button.

In the code below, the call to Delete deletes the current row on which the application is positioned.

Add the following procedure to the form.

```
Private Sub btnDelete_Click()
    If CustomerTable.RowCount = 0 Then
        Exit Sub
    End If
    CustomerTable.Delete
    CustomerTable.MoveRelative 0
    txtname.Text = ""
    lblID.Caption = ""
    DisplayCurrentRow
End Sub
```

3. Run the application.

Write code to synchronize

The following procedure implements synchronization. Synchronization requires SQL Anywhere. This portion of the tutorial is optional.

◆ To write code for the synchronize button

Write code to implement the Synchronize button.

In the code below, the ULSyncParms object contains synchronization parameters. For example, the UserName property specifies that when MobiLink is started, it uses the specified user name to determine the proper set of MobiLink scripts to employ for the synchronization process. The DownloadOnly property is set to true (in this program) to ensure that no data is uploaded from the UltraLite database since this is a simple demonstration application. For additional information about synchronization parameters, see "UltraLite Synchronization Parameters and Network Protocol options" [MobiLink - Client Administration].

Add the following procedure to the form:

```
Private Sub btnSync_Click()
  With Connection.SyncParms
    .UserName = "50"
    .Stream = ULStreamType.ulTCPIP
    .Version = "custdb 10.0"
    .DownloadOnly = True
  End With
  Connection.Synchronize
  CustomerTable.MoveFirst
```

```
DisplayCurrentRow End Sub
```

Synchronize your application

The SQL Anywhere 10 CustDB database sample supplied with SQL Anywhere has a Customer table with columns matching those in the **ULCustomer** table in your UltraLite database. The following procedure synchronizes your database with the SQL Anywhere 10 CustDB database.

◆ To synchronize your application

 From a command prompt, start the MobiLink synchronization server by running the following command.

```
mlsrv10 -c "dsn=SQL Anywhere 10 CustDB" -v+ -zu+
```

The -v+ option turns on verbose logging (+ means "show all"). Verbose logging is recommended during application debugging. The -zu+ option provides automatic addition of users. For more information about MobiLink server options, see "MobiLink Server Options" [MobiLink - Server Administration].

- 2. Start the UltraLite MobileVB application.
- 3. Synchronize your application.

Click Synchronize.

The MobiLink synchronization server window displays the synchronization progress.

4. When the synchronization is complete, click Next and Previous to move through the rows of the table to verify that new information has been downloaded from the SQL Anywhere 10 CustDB database.

Lesson 4: Deploy to a device

The following procedure describes how to deploy your application to a PocketPC device.

◆ To deploy to a PocketPC device:

- 1. Configure the application settings:
 - ◆ From the AppForge menu, choose MobileVB Settings.
 - A dialog appears.
 - In the left pane, choose Dependencies and click the User Dependencies tab.
 - ♦ Click the Add button and select *c:\tutorial\mvb\tutcustomer.udb*. This indicates to MobileVB that the file should be included in the deployment.
 - ♦ Choose the Windows Mobile Settings item in the left pane
 - ◆ Enter \tutorial\mvb for the Custom path in Device Installation Path.
 - Click OK to close the dialog.
- 2. From the AppForge menu, choose Deploy to Device, and select the Windows Mobile-based Pocket PC device. If a dialog appears asking if you want to save the project, choose Yes.
- 3. On your device, click Start ▶ Programs.
- 4. Click ULTutorial to run your application.

Summary

Learning accomplishments

During this tutorial, you:

- created an UltraLite database
- ♦ created an UltraLite for MobileVB application
- synchronized an UltraLite remote database with a SQL Anywhere consolidated database
- gained competence with the process of developing an UltraLite for MobileVB application

More samples

You can find more sample applications and utilities at iAnywhere CodeXchange.

CHAPTER 5

UltraLite for AppForge API Reference

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About this chapter

This chapter describes the UltraLite AppForge API, a set of classes and methods that allow you to write UltraLite database applications using the AppForge development product. Each topic contains information about a specific class, method, constant, or enumeration. The reference is organized by class, with associated methods.

ULAuthStatusCode enumeration

The ULAuthStatusCode is the auth_status synchronization parameter used in the ULSyncResult object.

Constant	Value
ulAuthStatusUnknown	0
ulAuthStatusValid	1000
ulAuthStatusValidButExpiresSoon	2000
ulAuthStatusExpired	3000
ulAuthStatusInvalid	4000
ulAuthStatusInUse	5000

ULColumn class

The ULColumn object allows you to get and set values from a table in a database. Each column object represents a particular value in a table; the row is determined by the ULTable object.

Note that get methods throw an error if the underlying column is NULL. Applications should first check for a NULL value in the property or method before attempting a get.

A note on converting from UltraLite database types to Visual Basic types.

UltraLite attempts to convert from the database column data type to the Visual Basic data type. If a conversion cannot be successfully done, then a ULSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR is raised.

For information about the table object, see "ULTable class" on page 151.

Properties

Prototype	Description
BooleanValue As Boolean	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Boolean.
ByteValue As Byte	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Byte.
DatetimeValue As Date	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Date.
DoubleValue As Double	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Double.
IntegerValue As Integer	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Integer.
IsNull As Boolean (read only)	Indicates whether the column value is NULL.
LongValue As Long	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Long.
RealValue As Single	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as Single.
Schema As ULColumnSchema (read only)	Gets the object representing the schema of the column.
StringValue As String	Gets or sets the value of this column for the current row as a String.

AppendByteChunk method

Prototype

```
AppendByteChunk( _ data As Long, _ data_len As Long _ )

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn
```

Description

Appends bytes to the row's column if the type is ulTypeLongBinary or TypeBinary.

Parameters

data In Mobile VB, a pointer to an array of Bytes. To get the pointer to the array of bytes, use the Visual Basic VarPtr() function. In Crossfire, a local variable that is an array of Bytes.

data_len The number of bytes from the array to append.

Errors set

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if data length is less than 0.

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not LONG BINARY.

Example

The following examples append data to the edata column.

AppendStringChunk method

Prototype

AppendStringChunk(chunk As String)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn

Description

Appends the string to the column if the type is TypeLongString or TypeString.

Parameters

data A string to append to the existing string in a table.

Errors set

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not CHAR or LONG VARCHAR.

GetByteChunk method

Prototype

Description

Gets data from a TypeBinary or TypeLongBinary column.

Parameters

offset The offset into the underlying array of bytes. The source offset must be greater than or equal to 0, otherwise a ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER error is raised.

data A pointer to an array of bytes. To get the pointer to the array of bytes, use the Visual Basic VarPtr() function.

data_len The length of the buffer, or array. The data_len must be greater than or equal to 0.

filled_len This is an OUT parameter. After the method is called, it indicates how many bytes were fetched with valid data. If the size of BLOB data is unknown in advance, it is fetched using a fixed-length chunk one chunk at a time. The last chunk fetched can be smaller than chunk size, so filled_len informs how many bytes of valid data exist in the buffer.

Returns

True if this column value contains more data.

False if there is no more data for this column in the database.

Errors set

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not BINARY or LONG BINARY.

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the column data type is BINARY and the offset is not 0 or 1, or, the data length is less than 0.

The error also occurs if the column data type is LONG BINARY and the offset is less than 1.

Example

In the following example, edata is a column name.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim filled As Long
Dim more_data As Boolean
Dim data (1 to 512) As Byte
more_data = table.Column("edata").GetByteChunk(0, _
VarPtr(data(1)), 512, filled)
```

```
'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim filled As Long
Dim more_data As Boolean
Dim data (1 to 512) As Byte
more_data = table.Column("edata").GetByteChunk(0, _
data, 512, filled)
```

GetStringChunk method

Prototype

```
GetStringChunk( _ offset As Long, _ data As String, _ string_len As Long, _ filled_len As Long _ ) As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn
```

Description

Gets data from a TypeString or TypeLongString column.

Parameters

offset The character offset into the underlying data from which you start getting the String.

data The variable to receive the string data.

string_length The length of the String you want returned.

filled_len The length of the String fetched.

Returns

True if there is more data to be retrieved from the database.

False if there is no more data.

Errors

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not CHAR or LONG VARCHAR.

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the column data type is CHAR and the src_offset is greater than 64K.

The error also occurs if src_offset is less than 0 or string length is less than 0.

SetByteChunk method

Prototype

```
SetByteChunk ( _
data As Long, _
length As Long _
```

```
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn
```

Description

Sets data in a TypeBinary or TypeLongBinary column.

To append rather than overwriting data, use the "AppendByteChunk method" on page 74.

Parameters

data In Mobile VB, a pointer to an array of Bytes. To get the pointer to the array of bytes, use the Visual Basic VarPtr() function. In Crossfire, a local variable that is an array of Bytes.

length The length of the array.

Errors set

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not BINARY or LONG BINARY.

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the data length is less than 0 or greater than 64K.

Example

In the following example, edata is a column name and the first 232 bytes of the data variable are stored in the database.

```
'MobileVB using VB6
Dim data (1 to 512) As Byte
' ...
table.Column("edata").SetByteChunk( VarPtr(data(1)), 232)

'Crossfire using vb.net
Dim data (1 to 512) As Byte
' ...
table.Column("edata").SetByteChunk( data, 232)
```

SetNull method

Prototype

SetNull()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn

Description

Sets the column value to null.

SetToDefault method

Prototype

SetToDefault()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULColumn

Description

Sets the current column to its default value as defined by the database schema. For example, an autoincrement column is assigned the next available value.

ULColumnSchema class

The ULColumnSchema object allows you to obtain metadata, the attributes of a column, in a table. The attributes are independent of the data in the table.

Properties

Prototype	Description
AutoIncrement As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to an autoincrement value. True if AutoIncrement.
CurrentDate As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to the current date.
CurrentTime As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to the current time.
CurrentTimestamp As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to the current timestamp.
DefaultValue As String (read-only)	Gets the value used if one was not provided when a row was inserted.
GlobalAutoIncrement As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to a global autoincrement value.
GlobalAutoIncrementPartitionSize As Long (read-only)	Gets the partition size for a global autoincrement column.
ID As Integer (read- only)	Gets the ID of the column.
Name As String (read-only)	Gets the column name.
NewUUID As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this column defaults to a new universally unique identifier.
Nullable As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the column permits NULLs.
OptimalIndex As ULIndexSchema (read-only)	Gets the index with this column as its first column.
Precision As Integer (read-only)	Gets the precision value for the column if it is of type ulTypeNumeric.
Scale As Integer (read-only)	Gets the scale value for the column if it is of type ulTypeNumeric.
Size As Integer (read-only)	Gets the column size for binary, numeric, and character data types.
SQLType As ULSQLType (read-on-ly)	Gets the SQL type assigned to the column when it was created.

ULConnection class

The ULConnection object represents an UltraLite database connection. It provides methods to get database objects like tables to synchronize.

Use WithEvents when receiving synchronization progress

When synchronizing, the ULConnection object can also receive progress information. If you want to receive this information, you must declare your connection WithEvents. You can perform synchronization without declaring your connection WithEvents; however, your connection object does not receive notification of synchronization progress.

Example

To declare a connection **WithEvents**, in a MobileVB form, use the following syntax:

Public WithEvents Connection As ULConnection

The addition of **WithEvents** makes receipt of synchronization progress information possible.

Properties

The following are properties of ULConnection:

Prototype	Description
AutoCommit As Boolean	Indicates the AutoCommit value. If true, all data changes are committed immediately after they are made. Otherwise, changes are not committed to the database until Commit is called. By default, this property is True.
DatabaseID As Long	Identification number of the database; -1 if not set.
GlobalAutoIncrementUsage As Integer (read-only)	Gets the percentage of available global autoincrement values that have been used.
LastIdentity As Long (read-only)	Gets the most recent value inserted into a column with a default of autoincrement or global autoincrement.
OpenParms As String (read-only)	Gets the string used to open the connection to the database.
Schema As ULDatabaseSchema (read-on-ly)	Gets the ULDatabaseSchema object which represents the definition of the database.
SQLErrorOffset As Integer (read-only)	If PrepareStatement raises an error, indicates the 1-based offset in the SQL statement where the error was noted. If this value is less than or equal to 0, no offset information is available.
SyncParms As ULSyncParms (read-only)	Gets the synchronization parameters object.

Prototype	Description
SyncResult As ULSyncResult (read-only)	Gets the results of the most recent synchronization.

CancelSynchronize method

Prototype

CancelSynchronize()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

When called during synchronization, the method cancels the synchronization. The user can only call this method during one of the synchronization events.

To allow this, the ULConnection object must be declared **WithEvents**.

ChangeEncryptionKey method

Prototype

ChangeEncryptionKey(newkeyAs String)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Encrypt the database with the specified key.

Parameters

newkey The new encryption key value for the database.

Example

When you call CreateDatabase with a value in place for EncryptionKey, the database is created with encryption. Another way to change the encryption key is by specifying the new encryption key on the ULConnection object. In this example, "apricot" is the key.

```
Connection.ChangeEncryptionKey( "apricot" )
```

Connections to the database, such as OpenConnection, must, after the database is encrypted, specify *apricot* as the EncryptionKey property too. Otherwise, the connection fails.

Close method

Prototype

Close()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Closes the connection to the database. No methods on the ULConnection object or any other database object for this connection should be called after this method is called. If a connection is not explicitly closed, it is implicitly closed when the application terminates.

Commit method

Prototype

```
Commit()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Commits outstanding changes to the database. This is only useful if AutoCommit is false.

For more information, see Autocommit under ULConnection "Properties" on page 81

CountUploadRows method

Prototype

```
CountUploadRows(
[ mask As Long = 0 ], _
[ threshold As Long = -1 ] _
) As Long
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Returns the number of rows that need to be uploaded when synchronization next takes place.

Parameters

mask An optional, unique identifier that refers to the publications to check. Use 0 for all publications. If not specified, then the value is zero.

threshold An optional parameter representing the maximum number of rows to count. Use -1 to indicate no maximum. If not specified, this value is -1.

Returns

Returns the number of rows that need to be uploaded during the next synchronization.

GetNewUUID method

Prototype

```
GetNewUUID() As String
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Returns

Each call returns a new UUID.

GetTable method

Prototype

GetTable(*name* As String) As ULTable Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection**

Description

Returns the **ULTable** object for the specified table. You must then open the table before data can be read from it

Parameters

name The name of the table sought.

Returns

Returns the ULTable object.

GrantConnectTo method

Prototype

```
GrantConnectTo(
    userid As String, _
    password As String _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Grants the specified user permission to connect to the database with the given password.

Parameters

userid The user ID being granted authority to connect.

password The password the user ID must specify to connect.

LastDownloadTime method

Prototype

LastDownloadTime([mask As Long = 0]) As Date Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection**

Description

Returns the time of last download for the publication(s).

Parameters

mask An optional, unique identifier that refers to the publications to check. Use 0 for all publications. If this parameter is omitted, 0 is used.

Returns

The last download time in the form of a date.

PrepareStatement method

Prototype

PrepareStatement(

sqlStatement As String, _ persistent_name As String _) As ULPreparedStatement Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Prepares a SQL statement for execution.

Parameters

sqlStatement The SQL statement to prepare.

persistent_name For Palm applications, the persistent name of the statement.

Returns

Returns a ULPreparedStatement. If there was a problem preparing the statement, an error is raised. The offset into the statement where the error occurred can be determined from the SQLErrorOffset property.

ResetLastDownloadTime method

Prototype

ResetLastDownloadTime([mask As Long])
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Resets the time of the most recent download for the publications specified in the mask.

Parameters

mask The mask of the publications to reset. The default is 0, specifying all publications.

RevokeConnectFrom method

Prototype

RevokeConnectFrom(userID As String)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Revokes the specified user's ability to connect to the database.

Parameters

userid The user ID whose authority to connect is being revoked.

Rollback method

Prototype

Rollback()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Rolls back outstanding changes to the database. This is only useful if AutoCommit is false.

RollbackPartialDownload method

Prototype

RollbackPartialDownload ()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Rolls back the changes from a failed synchronization.

When a communication error occurs during the download phase of synchronization, UltraLite can apply the downloaded changes, so that the synchronization can be resumed from the place it was interrupted. If the download changes are not required (the user or application does not want to resume the download at this point), RollbackPartialDownload rolls back the failed download transaction.

See also

- "Resuming failed downloads" [MobiLink Server Administration]
- "Keep Partial Download synchronization parameter" [MobiLink Client Administration]
- "Partial Download Retained synchronization parameter" [MobiLink Client Administration]
- "Resume Partial Download synchronization parameter" [MobiLink Client Administration]

StartSynchronizationDelete method

Prototype

```
StartSynchronizationDelete()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Once StartSynchronizationDelete is called, all delete operations are again synchronized.

StopSynchronizationDelete method

Prototype

```
StopSynchronizationDelete()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

Prevents delete operations from being synchronized. This is useful for deleting old information from an UltraLite database to save space, while not deleting this information on the consolidated database.

StringToUUID method

Prototype

```
StringToUUID(
    s_uuid As String, _
    buffer_16_bytes As Long _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection
```

Description

The pointer to the buffer

The pointer to the buffer must be declared as at least16 bytes. Since Visual Basic does not provide bounds checking, memory could be overwritten if the buffer is too small. In MobileVB, use the VarPtr() function to get the pointer to the buffer. See also ULColumn.UUIDValue property.

Not needed in newer databases

In databases created before version 9.0.2, the UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type is defined as a user-defined data type and functions are needed to convert between binary and string representations of UUID values. In databases created using version 9.0.2 or later, the UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type is a native data type and UltraLite carries out conversions as needed. The StringToUUID function is therefore not needed. For more information, see "UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type" [SQL Anywhere Server - SQL Reference].

Parameters

s_uuid A Universally Unique Identifier passed in as a string. You can obtain a new string UUID using GetNewUUID.

buffer_16_bytes A pointer to a byte array that has at least 16 elements. Use the VarPtr() function to get the pointer value.

Example

The following example converts the string form of the UUID 0a141e28-323c-4650-5a64-6e78828c96a0 to a binary array:

```
\label{limits} \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Dim buff(1 to 16) As Byte} \\ \mbox{conn.StringToUUID( "0a141e28-323c-4650-5a64-6e78828c96a0", VarPtr(buff(1)) )} \end{array}
```

Synchronize method

Prototype

Synchronize()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Synchronizes a consolidated database using MobiLink. This function does not return until synchronization is complete, but you can be notified of events if the connection was declared WithEvents.

UUIDToString method

Prototype

UUIDToString(buffer_16_bytes As Long) As String Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULConnection

Description

Not needed in newer databases

In databases created before version 9.0.2, the UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type is defined as a user-defined data type and functions are needed to convert between binary and string representations of UUID values. In databases created using version 9.0.2 or later, the UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type is a native data type and UltraLite carries out conversions as needed. The UUIDToString function is therefore not needed. For more information, see "UNIQUEIDENTIFIER data type" [SQL Anywhere Server - SQL Reference].

Parameters

buffer_16_bytes An array of 16 bytes containing a UUID.

Returns

ULConnectionParms class

The ULConnectionParms object allows you to set user ID, password, file on your desktop, and numerous other parameters that specify your connection.

Properties

The ULConnectionParms class specifies parameters for opening a connection to an UltraLite database.

In UltraLite for MobileVB, ensure you have the ULConnectionParms object on your form and you set connection properties in the ConnectionParms dialog. You use the ULConnectionParms object in conjunction with ULDatabaseManager.CreateDatabase and ULDatabaseManager.OpenConnection methods.

Note

Databases are created with a single authenticated user, DBA, whose initial password is sql. If a user ID and password are not supplied, connections are opened using the user ID DBA and password sql.

For more information about the meaning of these parameters, see "UltraLite Connection String Parameters Reference" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].

Prototype	Description
CacheSize As String (read-write)	The size of the cache. CacheSize values are specified in bytes. Use the suffix k or K for kilobytes and use the suffix m or M for megabytes. The default cache size is sixteen pages. Given a default page size of 4 KB, the default cache size is 64 KB.
	See "CACHE_SIZE connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
ConnectionName As String (readwrite)	A name for the connection. This is needed only if you create more than one connection to the database.
	See "CON connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
DatabaseOnCE As String (read-	The file name of the database deployed to PocketPC.
write)	See "CE_FILE connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
DatabaseOnDesktop As String (read-	The file name of the database during development.
write)	See "DBF connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].

Prototype	Description
DatabaseOnPalm As String (readwrite)	The creator ID for the UltraLite database on the Palm device.
	See "PALM_FILE connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
DatabaseOnSymbian As String (readwrite)	The file name of the database on Symbian OS device.
	See "SYMBIAN_FILE connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
EncryptionKey As String (read-write)	A key for encrypting the database. OpenConnection must use the same key as specified during database creation. Recommended guidelines for keys are:
	Select an arbitrary, lengthy string
	2. Select strings with a variety of numbers, letters and special characters, to decrease the chances of successfully guessing the key.
	See "DBKEY connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
PalmCreatorID As String (read-write)	A registered four digit Palm creator ID.
Password As String (read-write)	The password for an authenticated user. Databases are initially created with one authenticated user (DBA) with password <i>sql</i> . Passwords are case sensitive.
	See "PWD connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].
ToString As String	The connection string, as built from the current property settings.
UserID As String (read-write)	The authenticated user for the database. Databases are initially created with one authenticated user DBA. The UserID is case insensitive if the database is case insensitive and case sensitive if the database is case sensitive. The default value is <i>DBA</i> .
	See "UID connection parameter" [UltraLite - Database Management and Reference].

ULDatabaseManager class

The ULDatabaseManager class is used to manage connections and databases. Your application should only have one instance of this object. Creating a database and establishing a connection to it is a necessary first step in using UltraLite. It is recommended that you use CreateDatabase, OpenConnection and DropDatabase, and include checks in your code to ensure that you are connected properly before attempting any DML with the database.

Properties

The following are properties of ULDatabaseManager:

Prototype	Description
Version As String (read-only)	Gets the version string of the UltraLite component.

CreateDatabase method

Prototype

CreateDatabase(connparms As string , collation As Long , createparms As String) As ULConnection
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager

Description

Create a new UltraLite database using specified creation parameters, collation sequence, and connection parameters.

Parameters

connparms Access parameters for the database. Similar to parameters supplied to OpenConnection.

collation A pointer to an array of bytes representing a collation. The collation byte array can be initialized in Visual Basic .NET for AppForge by using predefined collations located in the folder *install-dir\src* \ullcollations\af.vb.net.

createparms Database creation parameters—database characteristics that can only be specified at database creation; examples: obfuscation and page-size. For more information, see "Choosing creation-time database properties" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*]

Returns

Returns a connection if the database is successfully created.

DropDatabase method

Prototype

DropDatabase(*parms* As String) Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager**

Description

Deletes the database file. All information in the database file is lost. Fails if the specified database does not exist, or if open connections exist when DropDatabase is executed.

Parameters

parms The file name for the database.

Example

The following example drops a database:

```
Dim parms As String
parms = "PALM_DB=Syb1;NT_FILE=c:\temp\ul_CustDB.udb"
DropDatabase(parms)
```

OpenConnection method

Prototype

OpenConnection(*connparms* As string) As ULConnection Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseManager**

Description

If a database exists, use this method to connect to the database. If a database does not exist, or the connection parameters are invalid, the call fails. Use the error object to determine why the call failed.

The function returns a ULConnection object which provides an open connection to a specified UltraLite database. The database file name is specified using the connparms string. Parameters are specified using a sequence of **name**=*value* pairs. If no user ID or password is given, the default is used.

It should contain a value of the following form.

```
file_name=UDBFILE
DBF=UDBFILE
palm_db=CreatorID.
```

Parameters

connparms The parameter used to establish a connection to a database. Parameters are specified as a semicolon-separated list of **keyword=***value* pairs. If no user ID or password is given, the default is used.

Returns

The ULConnection object is returned if the connection was successful.

Example

The following example creates a new database connection from the CustDB sample application.

```
Set Connection = DatabaseMgr.OpenConnection(
"file_name=d:\Dbfile.udb;palm_db=Syb3;CE_file=\myapp\MyDB.udb")
```

ULDatabaseSchema class

The ULDatabaseSchema object allows you to obtain the attributes of the database to which you are connected.

Properties

The following are properties of ULDatabaseSchema:

Prototype	Description
CollationName As String (read-only)	Gets the database collation sequence name.
DateFormat As String (read-only)	Gets the format for dates retrieved from the database; 'YYYY-MM-DD' is the default. The format of the date retrieved depends on the format used when you created the database.
DateOrder As String (read-only)	Indicates the interpretation of date formats; valid values are 'MDY', 'YMD', or 'DMY'.
IsCaseSensitive As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the database is case sensitive.
NearestCentury As String (read-only)	Indicates the interpretation of two-digit years in string-to-date conversions. This is a numeric value that acts as a rollover point. Two digit years less than the value are converted to 20yy, while years greater than or equal to the value are converted to 19yy. The default is 50.
Precision As String (read-only)	Gets the maximum number of digits in the result of any decimal arithmetic.
PublicationCount As Integer (read-only)	Gets the number of publications in the connected database.
TableCount As Integer (read-only)	Gets the number of tables in the connected database.
TimeFormat As String (read-only)	Gets the format for times retrieved from the database.
TimestampFormat As String (read-only)	Gets the format for timestamps retrieved from the database.

GetDatabaseProperty method

Prototype

GetDatabaseProperty(property_name As String) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseSchema**

Description

Returns the value of the named property.

Parameters

property_name The *property_name* specifies the property name which is being queried.

The following table is a list of property name strings. More information about the meaning of the properties is available here: "UltraLite Database Settings Reference" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*].

CaseSensitive
CharSet
ChecksumLevel
CollationName
ConnCount
date_format
date_order
Encryption
File
global_database_id
MaxHashSize
ml_remote_id
Name
nearest_century
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PageSize
•
PageSize
PageSize precision
PageSize precision scale
PageSize precision scale time_format

Returns

Returns the named property value.

GetPublicationName method

Prototype

GetPublicationName(*id* As Integer) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseSchema**

Description

Returns the name of the specified publication. The publication ID can range from 1 to PublicationCount.

Parameters

id The id is the identifier of the publication whose name is returned.

Returns

Returns the name of a publication in the connected database.

For information about the ULPublicationSchema object, see "ULPublicationSchema class" on page 110.

For more information, see ULDatabaseSchema "Properties" on page 94

GetPublicationSchema method

Prototype

GetPublicationSchema(*Name* As String) As ULPublicationSchema Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseSchema**

Description

Use the publication name to retrieve the ULPublicationSchema object.

Parameters

name The *name* of the publication.

Returns

Returns the ULPublicationSchema object.

GetTableName method

Prototype

GetTableName(*id* As Integer) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULDatabaseSchema**

Description

Returns the name of the table in the connected database that corresponds to the *id* value you supply. The TableCount property returns the number of tables in the connected database. Each table has a unique number from 1 to the TableCount value, where 1 is the first table in the database, 2 is the second table in the database, and so on. The *id* for a table may change after a database has had its schema changed.

Parameters

id The id of the table.

Returns

Returns the name of the table for the specified id.

SetDatabaseOption method

Prototype

```
SetDatabaseOption(
option_name As String
option_value As String)
```

Description

Sets the value for a database option.

Parameters

option_name The name of the database option to be set. The following database options may be set: global_database_id (for more information see: "global_id option" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*]) and ml_remote_id (for more information see: "ml_remote_id option" [*UltraLite - Database Management and Reference*]).

option_value The new value for the option.

ULFileTransfer class

MobiLink file transfer interface.

Properties

The following are properties of ULFileTransfer:

Prototype	Description
AuthStatus As ULAuthStatusCode	The authorization status code for the last file transfer.
AuthValue As Integer	The authorization value for the last file transfer.
DestinationFile As String	Name of downloaded file within DestinationPath.
DestinationPath As String	Client location of downloaded file.
DowloadedFile As Boolean	Set to true if file was downloaded.
FileAuthCode As Integer	The authorization code for the last file transfer.
FileName As String	Remote filename to download.
ForceDownload As Boolean	If true, download file unconditionally.
Password As String	Password for synchronization user name specified in User-Name property.
ResumePartialDownload As Boolean	If set to true, resume a previously kept partial download.
Stream As ULStreamType	Type of stream to use in synchronization.
StreamErrorCode As ULStreamErrorCode	The error code reported by the stream.
StreamParms As String	Additional parameters for the given stream type.
StreamErrorSystem As Long	The stream error system-specific code.
UserName As String	User name to submit to MobiLink during synchronization.
Version As String	The version of the synchronization scripts to run.

For additional information, see the descriptions of the parameters in "MLFileTransfer function" [*UltraLite* - *C and C++ Programming*].

AddAuthenticationParm method

Prototype

AddAuthenticationParm(newParm As String)

As Boolean

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULFileTransfer

Description

Adds an authentication parameter to the list of custom authentication parameters.

Parameters

newParm The authentication parameter to add.

CancelTransfer method

Prototype

CancelTransfer()Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULFileTransfer

Description

Cancels an in-progress file transfer started by DownloadFile method.

ClearAuthenticationParms method

Prototype

ClearAuthenticationParms()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULFileTransfer

Description

Clears the list of custom authentication parameters.

DownloadFile method

Prototype

DownloadFile()

As Boolean

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULFileTransfer

Description

Download a file using MobiLink file transfer, using current properties.

Returns

Returns true if file downloaded successfully or already existed locally; false otherwise. The property ULFileTransfer.DownloadedFile can be checked to see if a file transfer actually occurred.



ulSQLE_COMMMUNICATIONS_ERROR This error occurs if no stream was specified.

ULFileTransferEvent class

The ULFileTransferEvent object provides a mechanism to signal events during MobiLink file transfer (for related information, see "ULFileTransfer class" on page 98.

OnTransferProgressChanged method

Prototype

```
OnTransferProgressChanged(
file_size As Long,
bytes_received As Long,
resumed_at_size As Long
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULFileTransferEvent
```

Description

This method is used to notify your application that the current file transfer has transferred data.

Parameters

```
file_size File size in bytes.
bytes_received Bytes transferred.
resumed_at_size Byte count where resumed transfer occurred.
```

Returns

Return true if transfer continues.

ULIndexSchema class

The ULIndexSchema object allows you to obtain the attributes of an index. An index is an ordered set of columns by which data in a table is sorted. The primary use of an index is to order the data in a table by one or more columns.

An index can be a foreign key, which is used to maintain referential integrity in a database.

Properties

Prototype	Description
ColumnCount As Integer (read-only)	Gets the number of columns in the index.
ForeignKey As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether this is a foreign key.
ForeignKeyCheckOnCommit As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether referential integrity is checked only when a commit is done (TRUE) or immediately (FALSE).
ForeignKeyNullable As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the foreign key columns allow NULL.
Name As String (read-only)	Gets the name of the index.
PrimaryKey As Boolean (read-only)	Gets whether this is the primary key for this table.
ReferencedIndexName As String (read-only)	Gets the name of the index referenced by this index if it is a foreign key.
ReferencedTableName As String (read-only)	Gets the name of the table referenced by this index if it is a foreign key.
UniqueIndex As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether values in the index must be unique.
UniqueKey As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the index is a unique constraint on a table. If True, the columns in the index are unique and do not permit NULL values.

GetColumnName method

Prototype

GetColumnName(*col_pos_in_index* As Integer) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULIndexSchema**

Description

Used to return the names of the columns in the index. The parameter *col_pos_in_index* must be at least 1 and at most ColumnCount.

Parameters

col_pos_in_index The column position in the index.

Returns

Returns the name of a column in the index.

IsColumnDescending method

Prototype

IsColumnDescending(col_name As String) As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULIndexSchema

Description

Indicates whether the specified column in the index is in descending order.

Parameters

col name The index column name.

Returns

True if the column is descending.

False if the column is ascending.

ULPreparedStatement class

The ULPreparedStatement represents a pre-compiled SQL statement ready for execution. You can use a prepared statement to run a SQL query. You can also use the ULPreparedStatement to execute the same statement multiple times using numerous input parameters. Since the prepared statement is precompiled, any further additions beyond the first execution take very little extra processing. Use ULPreparedStatement and Dynamic SQL when you want relatively fast DML over multiple rows.

Properties

Prototype	Description
HasResultSet As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the prepared statement generates a result set.
	True if the statement has a result set, otherwise, false.
	If true, ExecuteQuery should be called instead of ExecuteStatement.
Plan (read-only) As String	Gets the access plan UltraLite uses to execute a query. This property is intended primarily for use during development.
ResultSetSchema As ULResult- SetSchema (read-only)	Gets the schema description for the result set if the statement is for a result set.

AppendByteChunkParameter method

Prototype

AppendByteChunkParameter (

param_id As Integer, data As Long, data_len As Long)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement

Description

Appends the buffer of bytes to the row's column if the type is ulTypeLongBinary.

Parameters

parameter_id The 1-based parameter number to set.

data The array of bytes to append.

data_len The number of bytes from the array to append.

Errors set

uISQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the data length is less than 0.

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not LONG BINARY.

AppendStringChunkParameter method

Prototype

AppendStringChunkParameter(

param_id As Integer ,
 chunk As String)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement

Description

Appends the string to the column if the type is ulTypeLongString.

Parameters

parameter_id The 1-based parameter number to set.

chunk A string to append to the existing string in a table.

Errors set

ulsqle_conversion_error This error occurs if the column data type is not LONG VARCHAR.

Close method

Prototype

Close()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement

Description

Frees resources associated with the ULPreparedStatement.

ExecuteQuery method

Prototype

ExecuteQuery() As ULResultSet
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement

Description

Executes the query and returns a result set.

Returns

A ULResultSet object. The ULResultSet is the data you requested in your SELECT statement. To describe the product of your query, see "ULResultSetSchema class" on page 124.

ExecuteStatement method

Prototype

```
ExecuteStatement() As Long Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Executes the statement.

Returns

The number of rows updated.

SetBooleanParameter method

Prototype

```
SetBooleanParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As Boolean
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the Boolean value passed in.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetByteChunkParameter method

Prototype

```
SetByteChunkParameter(
    param_number As Integer,
    data As Long,
    data_len As Long
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Sets data in a binary or long binary column.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.data An array of bytes.
```

data_len The number of bytes from the array to set. SetByteChunk writes over the current content. To append to an existing value, see "AppendByteChunkParameter method" on page 104.

SetByteParameter method

Prototype

```
SetByteParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As Byte
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Byte value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetDatetimeParameter method

Prototype

```
SetDatetimeParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Datetime value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetDoubleParameter method

Prototype

```
SetDoubleParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Double value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetIntegerParameter method

Prototype

```
SetIntegerParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Integer value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetLongParameter method

Prototype

```
SetLongParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Long value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetNullParameter method

Prototype

```
SetNullParameter( param_id As Integer )
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to NULL.

Parameters

parameter_id The 1-based parameter number to set.

SetRealParameter method

Prototype

```
SetRealParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Long value.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

SetStringParameter method

Prototype

```
SetStringParameter(
    param_number As Integer
    param_value As String
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPreparedStatement
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified string.

Parameters

```
param_number The 1-based parameter number to set.param_value The value the parameter should receive.
```

ULPublicationSchema class

The ULPublicationSchema object allows you to obtain the attributes of a publication.

Properties

Prototype	Description
Mask As Long (read-only)	Gets the mask for the publication.
Name As String (read-only)	Gets the name of the publication.

ContainsTable method

Prototype

Contains Table (name As String) As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULPublicationSchema

Description

Indicates whether the specified table is part of this publication.

Parameters

name The target table name.

Returns

True if the table is in the publication.

False if the table is not in the publication.

ULResultSet class

The ULResultSet object moves over rows returned by a SQL query. Since the ULResultSet object contains the data returned by a query, you must refresh any query resultset after you have performed DML operations such as INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE. To do this, you should perform ExecuteQuery after you perform ExecuteStatement.

ULResultSet columns are accessed using an ordinal number representing the 1-relative column number in the result set. This parameter is named *index* in the following descriptions.

Note that get methods throw an error if the underlying column is NULL. Applications should first check for a NULL value in the property or method before attempting a get.

Properties

Prototype	Description
BOF As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the current row position is before the first row. Returns True if the current row position is before the first row, otherwise false.
EOF As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the current row position is after the last row. EOF is true if beyond the last row, otherwise false.
RowCount As Long (read-only)	The number of rows in the result set.
Schema As ULResultSetSchema (read-only)	The schema description for this result set.

AppendByteChunk method

Prototype

AppendByteChunk(

index As Integer, data As Long, data_len As Long)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Appends the buffer of bytes to the row's column if the type is ulTypeLongBinary.

Parameters

index The 1-based parameter number to set.

data The array of bytes to append.

data_len The number of bytes from the array to append.

Errors set

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the data length is less than 0.

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not LONG BINARY.

AppendStringChunk method

Prototype

AppendStringChunk(

index As Integer, data As String)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Appends the string to the row's column if the type is ulTypeLongString.

Parameters

index The 1-based parameter number to set.

data A string to append to the existing string in a table.

Errors set

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not LONG VARCHAR.

Close method

Prototype

Close()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Frees all resources associated with this object.

Delete method

Prototype

Delete()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Deletes the current row of the table.

GetBoolean method

Prototype

GetBoolean(index As Integer) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets column value as boolean.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set.

Returns

The value as a boolean.

GetByte method

Prototype

GetByte(*index* As Integer) As Byte Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets column value as byte.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set.

Returns

The value as a byte.

GetByteChunk method

Prototype

Description

Fills the buffer passed in (which should be an array) with the binary data in the column. Suitable for BLOBs.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column containing the binary data.

offset The offset into the underlying array of bytes. The source offset must be greater than or equal to 0, otherwise a SQLE INVALID PARAMETER error is raised. A buffer bigger than 64K is also permissible.

data A pointer to an array of bytes. To get the pointer to the array of bytes, use the Visual Basic VarPtr() function.

data_len The length of the buffer, or array. The data_len must be greater than or equal to 0.

filled_len The number of bytes fetched. Because you do not know how big the BLOB data is in advance, you generally fetch it using a fixed-length chunk, one chunk at a time. The last chunk may be smaller than your chunk size. filled_len reports how many bytes were actually fetched.

Returns

The number of bytes read.

Errors set

ulSQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR This error occurs if the column data type is not BINARY or LONG BINARY.

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the column data type is BINARY and the offset is not 0 or 1, or, the data length is less than 0.

The error also occurs if the column data type is LONG BINARY and the offset is less than 1.

Example

In the following example, edata is a column name. If the *data_len* parameter passed in is not sufficiently long, the entire application terminates.

```
Dim data (512) As Byte
...
table.Column("edata").GetByteChunk(0,data)
```

GetDatetime method

Prototype

GetDatetime(*index* As Integer) As Date Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets the column value as a Date.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as a Date.

GetDouble method

Prototype

GetDouble(index As Integer) As Double Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Gets the column value as a Double.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as a Double.

GetInteger method

Prototype

GetInteger(index As Integer) As Integer Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets the column value as an Integer.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as an Integer.

GetLong method

Prototype

GetLong(*index* As Integer) As Long Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets the column value as a Long.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as a Long.

GetReal method

Prototype

GetReal(*index* As Integer **)** As Single Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets the column value as a Single.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as a Real.

GetString method

Prototype

GetString(*index* As Integer **)** As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet**

Description

Gets the column value as a String.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set to get.

Returns

The value as a String.

GetStringChunk method

Prototype

```
GetStringChunk( ______index As Integer, ______offset As Long, _______data As String, ______string_len As Long, ______filled_len As Long ______)
As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Fills the string passed in with the binary data in the column. Suitable for Long Varchars.

Parameters

index The 1-based column ID of the target column.

offset The character offset into the underlying data from which you start getting the string.

data The data string.

string_len The length of the string you want returned.

filled_len The length of the string filled.

Returns

Gets BLOB data from a binary or long binary column.

Errors set

ulsqle_conversion_error This error occurs if the column data type is not CHAR or LONG VARCHAR.

ulSQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER This error occurs if the column data type is CHAR and the src_offset is greater than 64K.

This error also occurs if offset is less than 0 or string length is less than 0.

IsNull method

Prototype

IsNull(index As Integer) As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Indicates whether this column contains a null value.

Parameters

index The column index value.

Returns

True if the value is NULL.

MoveAfterLast method

Prototype

MoveAfterLast()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to a position after the last row of the ULResultSet.

MoveBeforeFirst method

Prototype

MoveBeforeFirst()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to a position before the first row.

MoveFirst method

Prototype

MoveFirst() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to the first row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful. The method fails, for example, if there are no rows.

MoveLast method

Prototype

MoveLast() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to the last row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful. For example, if there are no rows, the method fails.

MoveNext method

Prototype

MoveNext() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to the next row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful. For example, if there are no rows, the method fails.

MovePrevious method

Prototype

MovePrevious() As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves to the previous row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful. For example, if there are no rows, the method fails.

MoveRelative method

Prototype

MoveRelative(index As Long) As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Moves a certain number of rows relative to the current row. Relative to the current position of the cursor in the resultset, positive index values move forward in the resultset, negative index values move backward in the resultset, and zero does not move the cursor.

Parameters

index The number of rows to move. The value can be positive, negative, or zero.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful. For example, if there are no rows, the method fails.

SetBoolean method

Prototype

SetBoolean(

index As Integer, _ value As Boolean

```
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the specified column to the Boolean value passed in.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the result set to be set.

value The new boolean value.

SetByte method

Prototype

```
SetByte(
index As Integer, _
data As Byte
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the specified column to the Byte value passed in.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal in the result set.

SetByteChunk method

Prototype

```
SetByteChunk(
    index As Integer, _
    data As Long , _
    data_len As Long
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the specified column to the binary value passed in.

Parameters

```
index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the result set to be set.
```

data A pointer to the buffer containing the new data.

data_len The length of the data buffer.

SetDatetime method

Prototype

```
SetDatetime(

index As Integer

value As Date

)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the specified column of the current row to the supplied Datetime value.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the current row to set.

value The value the column is to receive.

SetDouble method

Prototype

```
SetDouble(
index As Integer
value As Double
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Double value.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the current row to set.

value The value the parameter should receive.

SetInteger method

Prototype

```
SetInteger(
index As Integer
value As Integer
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Integer value.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the current row to set.

value The value the parameter should receive.

SetLong method

Prototype

```
SetLong(

index As Integer

value As Long

)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the parameter to the specified Long value.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the current row to set.

value The value the parameter should receive.

SetNull method

Prototype

```
SetNull( index As Integer )
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet
```

Description

Set the specified column to NULL.

Parameters

index The 1-based ordinal of the column in the current row to set.

Update method

Prototype

Update()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Updates the current row of the table with the current data.

UpdateBegin method

Prototype

UpdateBegin()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULResultSet

Description

Prepares a table for modification of the contents of the current row.

ULResultSetSchema class

The ULResultSetSchema provides information about the schema of the result set.

Properties

Prototype	Description
ColumnBaseName As String (read-only)	Gets the base column name of a given column in the result set (if available).
ColumnBaseTableName As String (read-only)	Gets the base table name of a named column in the result set (if available).
ColumnCount As Integer (read-only)	Gets the number of columns in the result set.
ColumnID As Integer (read-only)	Gets the column ID of a named column in the result set.
ColumnName As String (read-only)	Gets the name of the column in the result set.
ColumnPrecision As Integer (read-only)	Gets the precision of the datatype for the column if it is numeric.
ColumnScale As Integer (read-only)	Gets the scale of the datatype for the column if it is numeric.
ColumnSize As Integer (read-only)	Gets the size of the datatype for the column.
ColumnSQLType As ULSQLType (read-only)	Gets the ULSQLType of the column.

ULSQLCode enumeration

The ULSQLCode constants identify SQL codes that may be reported by UltraLite.

For a description of the errors, see the SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages book.

members	Description
SQLE_AGGREGATES_NOT_A LLOWED	See "Invalid use of an aggregate function" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ALIAS_NOT_UNIQUE	See "Alias '%1' is not unique" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ALIAS_NOT_YET_DE-FINED	See "Definition for alias '%1' must appear before its first reference" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_AMBIGUOUS_INDEX_ NAME	See "Index name '%1' is ambiguous" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_BAD_ENCRYPTION_K EY	See "Incorrect or missing encryption key" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_BAD_PARAM_INDEX	See "Input parameter index out of range" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CANNOT_ACCESS_FIL ESYSTEM	See "Unable to access the filesystem on the device" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CANNOT_CHANGE_US ER_NAME	See "Cannot change synchronization user_name when status of the last upload is unknown" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CANNOT_CONVERT	See "Invalid data conversion" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CANNOT_EXECUTE_S TMT	See "Statement cannot be executed" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CANNOT_MODIFY	See "Cannot modify column '%1' in table '%2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CLIENT_OUT_OF_ME MORY	See "Client out of memory" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COLUMN_AMBIGU- OUS	See "Column '%1' found in more than one table need a correlation name" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COLUMN_CANNOT_B E_NULL	See "Column '%1' in table '%2' cannot be NULL" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COLUMN_IN_INDEX	See "Cannot alter a column in an index" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_COLUMN_NOT_FOUN D	See "Column '%1' not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COLUMN_NOT_INDEXED	See "Column '%1' not part of any indexes in its containing table" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COLUMN_NOT_STREA MABLE	See "The operation failed because column '%1"s type does not support streaming" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COMMUNICATIONS_E RROR	See "Communication error" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CONNECTION_ALREA DY_EXISTS	See "This connection already exists" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CONNECTION_NOT_F OUND	See "Connection not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CONNECTION_RE- STORED	See "UltraLite connection was restored" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CONSTRAINT_NOT_FO UND	See "Constraint '%1' not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CONVERSION_ERROR	See "Cannot convert %1 to a %2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COULD_NOT_FIND_FU NCTION	See "Could not find '%1' in dynamic library '%2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_COULD_NOT_LOAD_LI BRARY	See "Could not load dynamic library '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CURSOR_ALREADY_O PEN	See "Cursor already open" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CURSOR_NOT_DE- CLARED	See "Cursor has not been declared" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CURSOR_NOT_OPEN	See "Cursor not open" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CURSOR_RESTORED	See "UltraLite cursor (or result set or table) was restored" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_CURSOROP_NOT_AL- LOWED	See "Illegal cursor operation attempt" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DATABASE_ERROR	See "Internal database error %1 transaction rolled back" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DATABASE_NAME_RE QUIRED	See "Database name required to start server" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_DATABASE_NOT_CRE- ATED	See "Database creation failed: %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DATATYPE_NOT_AL- LOWED	See "Expression has unsupported data type" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DB_INIT_NOT_CALLE D	See "db_init has not been called or the call to db_init failed" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_DBLIB_ENGINE_MIS- MATCH	See "Client/database server version mismatch" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_DBSPACE_FULL	See "A dbspace has reached its maximum file size" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DESCRIBE_NONSE- LECT	See "Can only describe a SELECT statement" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DEVICE_IO_FAILED	See "File I/O failed for '%1"" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DIV_ZERO_ERROR	See "Division by zero" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DOUBLE_REQUEST	See "Attempted two active database requests" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_DOWNLOAD_CON- FLICT	See "Download failed because of conflicts with existing rows" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DOWNLOAD_RESTAR T_FAILED	See "Unable to retry download because upload is not finished" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DROP_DATABASE_FAI LED	See "An attempt to delete database '%1' failed" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DUPLICATE_CURSOR_ NAME	See "The cursor name '%1' already exists" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DUPLICATE_FOREIGN _KEY	See "Foreign key '%1' for table '%2' duplicates an existing foreign key" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DUPLICATE_OPTION	See "Option '%1' specified more than once" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_DYNAMIC_MEMORY_ EXHAUSTED	See "Dynamic memory exhausted" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ENCRYPTION_INITIAL IZATION_FAILED	See "Could not initialize the encryption DLL: '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ENGINE_ALREADY_R UNNING	See "Database server already running" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_ENGINE_NOT_RUN- NING	See "Database server not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_ERROR	See "Run time SQL error %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ERROR_CALLING_FUN CTION	See "Could not allocate resources to call external function" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ERROR_IN_ASSIGN- MENT	See "Error in assignment" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_EXPRESSION_ERROR	See "Invalid expression near '%1"" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FEATURE_NOT_EN- ABLED	See "The method you attempted to invoke was not enabled for your application" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FILE_BAD_DB	See "Unable to start specified database: '%1' is not a valid database file" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FILE_IN_USE	See "Specified database file already in use" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FILE_NOT_DB	See "Unable to start specified database: '% 1' is not a database" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FILE_VOLUME_NOT_F OUND	See "Specified file system volume not found for database '% 1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FILE_WRONG_VER- SION	See "Unable to start specified database: '%1' was created by a different version of the software" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_FOREIGN_KEY_NAME _NOT_FOUND	See "Foreign key name '%1' not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_IDENTIFIER_TOO_LON G	See "Identifier '%1' too long" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INCORRECT_VOLUME _ID	See "Incorrect volume ID for '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INDEX_NAME_NOT_U NIQUE	See "Index name '%1' not unique" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INDEX_NOT_FOUND	See "Cannot find index named '%1"" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INDEX_NOT_UNIQUE	See "Index '%1' for table '%2' would not be unique" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_INTERRUPTED	See "Statement interrupted by user" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_CONSTRAIN T_REF	See "Invalid reference to or operation on constraint '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_DESCRIPTO R_INDEX	See "Invalid descriptor index" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_DESCRIPTO R_NAME	See "Invalid SQL descriptor name" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_DISTINCT_A GGREGATE	See "Grouped query contains more than one distinct aggregate function" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_FOREIGN_K EY	See "No primary key value for foreign key '%1' in table '%2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_FOREIGN_K EY_DEF	See "Column '%1' in foreign key has a different definition than primary key" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_GROUP_SE- LECT	See "Function or column reference to '%1' must also appear in a GROUP BY" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_INDEX_TYP E	See "Index type specification of '% 1' is invalid" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_LOGON	See "Invalid user ID or password" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_OPTION_SET TING	See "Invalid setting for option '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_OPTION_VA LUE	See "%1' is an invalid value for '%2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_ORDER	See "Invalid ORDER BY specification" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_PARAMETER	See "Invalid parameter" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_PARSE_PARAMETER	See "Parse error: %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_PUBLICATIO N_MASK	See "The specified publication mask is invalid" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_SQL_IDENTI- FIER	See "Invalid SQL identifier" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_INVALID_STATEMENT	See "Invalid statement" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_INVALID_UNION	See "Select lists in UNION, INTERSECT, or EXCEPT do not match in length" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_KEYLESS_ENCRYP- TION	See "Unable to perform requested operation since this database uses keyless encryption" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_LOCKED	See "User '%1' has the row in '%2' locked" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_MEMORY_ERROR	See "Memory error transaction rolled back" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_METHOD_CANNOT_BE _CALLED	See "Method '%1' cannot be called at this time" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NAME_NOT_UNIQUE	See "Item '% 1' already exists" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NO_COLUMN_NAME	See "Derived table '%1' has no name for column %2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NO_CURRENT_ROW	See "No current row of cursor" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NO_INDICATOR	See "No indicator variable provided for NULL result" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NO_MATCHING_SELE CT_ITEM	See "The select list for the derived table '%1' has no expression to match '%2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NO_PRIMARY_KEY	See "Table '%1' has no primary key" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NOERROR	SQLE_NOERROR(0) - This code indicates that there was no error or warning.
SQLE_NON_UPDATEABLE_C OLUMN	See "Cannot update an expression" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NON_UPDATEABLE_C URSOR	See "FOR UPDATE has been incorrectly specified for a READ ONLY cursor" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	See "Feature '%1' not implemented" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NOT_SUPPORTED_IN_ ULTRALITE	See "Feature not available with UltraLite" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_NOTFOUND	See "Row not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ONLY_ONE_TABLE	See "INSERT/DELETE on cursor can modify only one table" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_OVERFLOW_ERROR	See "Value %1 out of range for destination" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PAGE_SIZE_INVALID	See "Invalid database page size" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PARTIAL_DOWNLOAD _NOT_FOUND	See "No partial download was found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PERMISSION_DENIED	See "Permission denied: %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PRIMARY_KEY_NOT_ UNIQUE	See "Primary key for table '%1' is not unique" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PRIMARY_KEY_TWIC E	See "Table cannot have two primary keys" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PRIMARY_KEY_VALU E_REF	See "Primary key for row in table '%1' is referenced by foreign key '%2' in table '%3" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PUBLICATION_NOT_F OUND	See "Publication '%1' not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_PUBLICATION_PREDIC ATE_IGNORED	See "Publication predicates were not evaluated" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_RESOURCE_GOVERNO R_EXCEEDED	See "Resource governor for '%1' exceeded" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ROW_DELETED_TO_M AINTAIN_REFERENTIAL_IN- TEGRITY	See "Row was dropped from table %1 to maintain referential integrity" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SERVER_SYNCHRONI ZATION_ERROR	See "Synchronization failed due to an error on the server: %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_START_STOP_DATAB ASE_DENIED	See "Request to start/stop database denied" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_STATEMENT_ERROR	See "SQL statement error" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_STRING_RIGHT_TRUN- CATION	See "Right truncation of string data" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SUBQUERY_SELECT_L IST	See "Subquery allowed only one select list item" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SYNC_INFO_INVALID	See "Information for synchronization is incomplete or invalid, check '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SYNC_INFO_RE- QUIRED	See "Information for synchronization was not provided" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_SYNC_NOT_REEN- TRANT	See "Synchronization process was unable to re-enter synchronization" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SYNC_STATUS_UN- KNOWN	See "The status of the last synchronization upload is unknown" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_SYNTAX_ERROR	See "Syntax error near '%1' %2" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TABLE_ALREADY_IN- CLUDED	See "Table '%1' is already included" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TABLE_IN_USE	See "Table in use" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TABLE_NOT_FOUND	See "Table '%1' not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TOO_MANY_BLOB_RE FS	See "Too many references to a BLOB" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TOO_MANY_CONNECTIONS	See "Database server connection limit exceeded" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TOO_MANY_PUBLICA- TIONS	See "Too many publications specified in publication mask" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TOO_MANY_TEMP_TA BLES	See "Too many temporary tables in connection" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_TOO_MANY_USERS	See "Too many users in database" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ULTRALITE_DATABAS E_NOT_FOUND	See "The database '%1' was not found" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ULTRALITE_OBJ_CLO SED	See "Invalid operation on a closed object" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_ULTRALITE_WRITE_A CCESS_DENIED	See "Write access was denied" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNABLE_TO_CON- NECT	See "Database cannot be started %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNABLE_TO_CONNEC T_OR_START	See "Server not found and unable to autostart" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_UNABLE_TO_START_ DATABASE	See "Unable to start specified database: %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNABLE_TO_START_ DATABASE_VER_NEWER	See "Unable to start specified database: Server must be upgraded to start database %1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

members	Description
SQLE_UNABLE_TO_START_E NGINE	See "Unable to start database server" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages]
SQLE_UNCOMMITTED_TRAN SACTIONS	See "You cannot synchronize or upgrade with uncommitted transactions" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNKNOWN_FUNC	See "Unknown function '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNKNOWN_OPTION	See "'%1' is an unknown option" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNKNOWN_USERID	See "User ID '%1' does not exist" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UNRECOGNIZED_OP- TION	See "The option '%1' is not recognized" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_UPLOAD_FAILED_AT_ SERVER	See "Synchronization server failed to commit the upload" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_VALUE_IS_NULL	See "Cannot return NULL result as requested data type" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_VARIABLE_INVALID	See "Invalid host variable" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_WRONG_NUM_OF_INS ERT_COLS	See "Wrong number of values for INSERT" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].
SQLE_WRONG_PARAMETER _COUNT	See "Wrong number of parameters to function '%1" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

ULSQLType enumeration

ULSQLType lists the available UltraLite SQL database types used as table column types.

Constant	UltraLite Database Type	Value
ulTypeLong	Integer	0
ulTypeShort	UnsignedInteger	1
ulTypeUnsignedLong	SmallInt	2
ulTypeUnsignedShort	UnsignedSmallInt	3
ulTypeBig	Big	4
ulTypeUnsignedBig	UnsignedBig	5
ulTypeByte	Byte	6
ulTypeBit	Bit	7
ulTypeDateTime	Time	8
ulTypeDate	Date	9
ulTypeTime	Timestamp	10
ulTypeDouble	Double	11
ulTypeReal	Real	12
ulTypeBinary	LongBinary	13
ulTypeLongBinary	Numeric	14
ulTypeString	(Var)Char	15
ulTypeLongString	LongVarchar	16
ulTypeNumeric	(Var)Binary	17
ulTypeUUID	UniqueIdentifier	18

ULStreamErrorCode enumeration

The ULStreamErrorCode constants identify communications errors during synchronization.

For more information about these errors, see "MobiLink Communication Error Messages" [SQL Anywhere 10 - Error Messages].

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorCodeNone	0
ulStreamErrorCodeParameter	1
ulStreamErrorCodeParameterNotUint32	2
ulStreamErrorCodeParameterNotUint32Range	3
ulStreamErrorCodeParameterNotBoolean	4
ulStreamErrorCodeParameterNotHex	5
ulStreamErrorCodeMemoryAllocation	6
ulStreamErrorCodeParse	7
ulStreamErrorCodeRead	8
ulStreamErrorCodeWrite	9
ulStreamErrorCodeEndWrite	10
ulStreamErrorCodeEndRead	11
ulStreamErrorCodeNotImplemented	12
ulStreamErrorCodeWouldBlock	13
ulStreamErrorCodeGenerateRandom	14
ulStreamErrorCodeInitRandom	15
ulStreamErrorCodeSeedRandom	16
ulStreamErrorCodeCreateRandomObject	17
ulStreamErrorCodeShuttingDown	18
ulStreamErrorCodeDequeuingConnection	19
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateRoot	20
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateCompanyName	21

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateChainLength	22
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateRef	23
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateNotTrusted	24
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureDuplicateContext	25
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetIo	26
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetIoSemantics	27
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateChainFunc	28
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateChainRef	29
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureEnableNonBlocking	30
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetCipherSuites	31
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetChainNumber	32
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateFileNotFound	33
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureReadCertificate	34
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureReadPrivateKey	35
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetPrivateKey	36
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateExpiryDate	37
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureExportCertificate	38
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureAddCertificate	39
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureTrustedCertificateFileNotFound	40
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureTrustedCertificateRead	41
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateCount	42
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCreateCertificate	43
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureImportCertificate	44
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetRandomRef	45
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetRandomFunc	46
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetProtocolSide	47
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureAddTrustedCertificate	48

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCreatePrivateKeyObject	49
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateExpired	50
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateCompanyUnit	51
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureCertificateCommonName	52
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureHandshake	53
ulStreamErrorCodeHttpVersion	54
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetReadFunc	55
ulStreamErrorCodeSecureSetWriteFunc	56
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketHostNameNotFound	57
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketGetHostByAddr	58
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketLocalhostNameNotFound	59
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketCreateTcpip	60
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketCreateUdp	61
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketBind	62
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketCleanup	63
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketClose	64
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketConnect	65
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketGetName	66
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketGetOption	67
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketSetOption	68
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketListen	69
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketShutdown	70
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketSelect	71
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketStartup	72
ulStreamErrorCodeSocketPortOutOfRange	73
ulStreamErrorCodeLoadNetworkLibrary	74
ulStreamErrorCodeActsyncNoPort	75

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorCodeHttpExpectedPost	89

ULStreamErrorContext enumeration

The ULStreamErrorContext constants identify constants you can use to specify ULStreamErrorContext. The ULStreamErrorContext is the network operation performed when the stream error happens.

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorContextUnknown	0
ulStreamErrorContextRegister	1
ulStreamErrorContextUnregister	2
ulStreamErrorContextCreate	3
ulStreamErrorContextDestroy	4
ulStreamErrorContextOpen	5
ulStreamErrorContextClose	6
ulStreamErrorContextRead	7
ulStreamErrorContextWrite	8
ulStreamErrorContextWriteFlush	9
ulStreamErrorContextEndWrite	10
ulStreamErrorContextEndRead	11
ulStreamErrorContextYield	12
ulStreamErrorContextSoftshutdown	13

ULStreamErrorID enumeration

The ULStreamErrorID is an enumeration of the possible network layers that caused an error in an unsuccessful synchronization.

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorIDTcpip	0
ulStreamErrorIDSerial	1
ulStreamErrorIDFake	2
ulStreamErrorIDPalmConduit	3
ulStreamErrorIDPalmSs	4
ulStreamErrorIDNettech	5
ulStreamErrorIDRimbb	6
ulStreamErrorIDHttp	7
ulStreamErrorIDHttps	8
ulStreamErrorIDDhCast	9
ulStreamErrorIDSecure	10
ulStreamErrorIDCerticom	11
ulStreamErrorIDJavaCerticom	12
ulStreamErrorIDCerticomSsl	13
ulStreamErrorIDCerticomTls	14
ulStreamErrorIDWirestrm	15
ulStreamErrorIDWireless	16
ulStreamErrorIDReplay	17
ulStreamErrorIDStrm	18
ulStreamErrorIDUdp	19
ulStreamErrorIDEmail	20
ulStreamErrorIDFile	21
ulStreamErrorIDActivesync	22
ulStreamErrorIDRsaTls	23

Constant	Value
ulStreamErrorIDJavaRsa	24
ulStreamErrorIDOpenSslRsa	25
ulStreamErrorIDPalmSsl	26

ULStreamType enumeration

The ULStreamType constants identify constants you can use to specify stream type. These represent the types of MobiLink synchronization streams you can use for synchronization.

Constant	Value	Description
ulUnknown	0	No stream type has been set. You must set a stream type before synchronization.
ulTCPIP	1	TCP/IP stream
ulHTTP	2	HTTP stream
ulHTTPS	3	HTTPS synchronization
ulPalmConduit	4	For HotSync synchronization
ulTLS	5	TLS (Transport Layer Security)

ULSyncEvent class

OnReceive event

Prototype

```
OnReceive(

nBytes As Long, _

nInserts As Long, _

nUpdates As Long, _

nDeletes As Long _

)

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncEvent
```

Description

Reports download information to the application from the consolidated database via MobiLink. This event may be called several times.

Parameters

nBytes Cumulative count of bytes received at the remote application from the consolidated database.

ninserts Cumulative count of inserts received at the remote application from the consolidated database.

nUpdates Cumulative count of updates received at the remote application from the consolidated database.

nDeletes Cumulative count of deletes received at the remote application from the consolidated database.

Example

For an example of this method, see the CustDB application.

OnSend event

Prototype

```
OnSend(

nBytes As Long, _
nInserts As Long, _
nUpdates As Long, _
nDeletes As Long _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncEvent
```

Description

Reports upload information from the remote database via MobiLink to the consolidated database. This event may be called several times.

Parameters

nBytes Cumulative count of bytes sent by the remote application to the consolidated database via MobiLink.

ninserts Cumulative count of inserts sent by the remote application to the consolidated database via MobiLink.

nUpdates Cumulative count of updates sent by the remote application to the consolidated database via MobiLink.

nDeletes Cumulative count of deletes sent by the remote application to the consolidated database via MobiLink.

Example

For an example of this method, see the CustDB application.

OnStateChange event

Prototype

```
OnStateChange(
    newState As ULSyncState, _
    oldState As ULSyncState _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncEvent
```

Description

This event is called whenever the state of the synchronization changes. For more information, see "ULSyncState enumeration" on page 150.

Parameters

newState The state that the synchronization process is about to enter.

oldState The state that the synchronization process just completed.

Example

For an example of this method, see the CustDB application.

OnTableChange event

Prototype

```
OnTableChange(
    newTableIndex As Long, _
    numTables As Long _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncEvent
```

Description

This event is called whenever the synchronization process begins synchronizing another table.

Parameters

newTableIndex The index number of the table currently being synchronized. This number is not the same as the table ID, therefore, it cannot be used with the ULDatabaseSchema.GetTableName method.

numTables The number of tables eligible to be synchronized.

Example

For an example of this method, see the CustDB application.

OnWaiting event

Prototype

OnWaiting()Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncEvent

Description

This event is called whenever synchronization is waiting for a MobiLink response.

Parameters

None.

Example

ULSyncParms class

The attributes set for the ULSyncParms object determine how the database synchronizes with the consolidated or desktop database. Attributes that are read-only reflect the status of the last synchronization.

Properties

The following are properties of ULSyncParms:

Prototype	Description
CheckpointStore As Boolean	If true, adds checkpoints of the database during synchronization to limit database growth during the synchronization process. This is most useful for large downloads with many updates.
	See "Checkpoint Store synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
DownloadOnly As Boolean	Indicates if a synchronization only downloads data.
	See "Download Only synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
KeepPartialDownload As Boolean	If the synchronization fails during download because of a communications error, apply those changes that were successfully downloaded, rather than rolling back all the changes.
	See "Keep Partial Download synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
NewPassword As String	Change a user password to this new password string on the next synchronization.
	See "New Password synchronization parameter" [Mo-biLink - Client Administration].
Password As String	The password corresponding to a given user name.
	See "Password synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
PingOnly As Boolean	If true, check the server for liveness, but do not synchronize data.
	See "Ping synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
PublicationMask As Long	Specify the publications to synchronize. The default is to synchronize all data.
	See "Publication synchronization parameter" [Mo-biLink - Client Administration].

Prototype	Description
ResumePartialDownload As Boolean	Resume a synchronization that failed during download because of a communications error, applying only those changes that were scheduled to be downloaded in the failed synchronization.
	See "Resume Partial Download synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
SendColumnNames As Boolean	If SendColumnNames is true, column names are sent to the MobiLink synchronization server.
	See "Send Column Names synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
SendDownloadAck As Boolean	If SendDownloadAck is true, a download acknowledgement is sent during synchronization.
	See "Send Download Acknowledgment synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
Stream As ULStreamType constants	Set the type of stream to use during synchronization.
	See "Stream Type synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
StreamParms As String	Set network protocol options for the given stream type.
	See "Stream Parameters synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration] and "Network protocol options for UltraLite synchronization streams" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
TableOrder As String	Specify Table synchronization order.
	"Table Order synchronization parameter" [Mo-biLink - Client Administration]
UploadOnly As Boolean	Indicates whether a synchronization only uploads data.
	See "Upload Only synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
UserName As String	The MobiLink user name for synchronization.
	See "User Name synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
Version As String	The synchronization script version to run.
	See "Version synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].

Examples

The following example sets synchronization parameters for an UltraLite for MobileVB application.

```
With Connection.SyncParms
    .UserName = "afsample"
    .Stream = ULStreamType.ulTCPIP
    .Version = "ul_default"
End With
Connection.Synchronize
```

AddAuthenticationParm method

Prototype

```
AddAuthenticationParm( BSTR parm )
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncParms
```

Description

Adds a parameter to be passed to the authenticate_parms MobiLink synchronization script.

Parameters

parm The parameter being added.

Returns

No return value.

See also

- "Authentication Parameters synchronization parameter" [MobiLink Client Administration]
- "authenticate_parameters connection event" [MobiLink Server Administration]

ClearAuthenticationParms method

Prototype

```
ClearAuthenticationParms()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULSyncParms
```

Description

Clears all parameters that were to be passed to the authenticate_parms MobiLink synchronization script.

Returns

No return value.

See also

- "Authentication Parameters synchronization parameter" [MobiLink Client Administration]
- "authenticate_parameters connection event" [MobiLink Server Administration]

ULSyncResult class

The attributes of the ULSyncResult object store the results of the last synchronization.

Properties

The following are properties of ULSyncResult:

Prototype	Description
AuthStatus As ULAuthStatusCode (read-only)	Gets the authorization status code for the last synchronization.
	See "Authentication Status synchronization parameter" [Mo-biLink - Client Administration].
AuthValue As Long (read-only)	Gets the MobiLink authentication value.
	See "Authentication Value synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
PartialDownloadRetained As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates that the synchronization failed during download, and that a partial download was kept.
	See "Partial Download Retained synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
IgnoredRows As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether rows were ignored during the last synchronization.
	See "Ignored Rows synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].
StreamErrorCode As ULStreamErrorCode (read-only)	Gets the error code reported by the synchronization stream.
StreamErrorContext As ULStream- ErrorContext (read-only)	Gets the basic network operation performed.
StreamErrorID As ULStreamErrorID (read-only)	Gets the network layer reporting the error.
StreamErrorSystem As Long (read-only)	Gets the stream error system-specific code.
Timestamp as Date (read-only)	Gets the timestamp of the last synchronization.
UploadOK As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether data was uploaded successfully in the last synchronization.
	See "Version synchronization parameter" [MobiLink - Client Administration].

ULSyncState enumeration

Constant	Value	Description
ulSyncStateStarting	0	No synchronization actions have been taken yet.
ulSyncStateConnecting	1	The synchronization stream has been built, but not yet opened.
ulSyncStateSendingHeader	2	The synchronization stream has been opened and the header is about to be sent.
ulSyncStateSendingTable	3	A table is being sent.
ulSyncStateSendingData	4	Data for the current table is being sent.
ulSyncStateFinishingUpload	5	The upload is completing. The final count of rows sent is included with this event.
ulSyncStateReceivingUploadAck	6	An acknowledgement that the upload is complete is being received.
ulSyncStateReceivingTable	7	A table is being received.
ulSyncStateReceivingData	8	Data for the current table is being received.
ulSyncStateCommittingDownload	9	The download is being committed. The final count of rows received is included with this event.
ulSyncStateSendingDownload- Ack	10	An acknowledgement that the download is complete is being sent.
ulSyncStateDisconnecting	11	The synchronization stream is about to be closed.
ulSyncStateDone	12	Synchronization has successfully completed. The SyncResult object has been updated.
ulSyncStateError	13	Synchronization has completed but an error occurred. Check SyncResult and SQLCode for details.
ulSyncStateRollingBackDown- load	14	Synchronization is rolling back the download because an error was encountered during the download. The error is reported with a subsequent ulSyncStateError progress report.
ulSyncStateCancelled	99	Synchronization has been canceled.

ULTable class

The ULTable class is used to store, remove, update, and read data from a table.

Before you can work with table data, you must call the Open method. ULTable uses the following table modes for table operations.

Mode	Description
FindBegin	Begins find mode
InsertBegin	Begins insert mode
LookupBegin	Begins lookup mode
UpdateBegin	Begins update mode

Properties

Prototype	Description
BOF As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the current row position is before the first row. Returns True if the current row position is before the first row, otherwise false.
EOF As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the current row position is after the last row. Returns True if the current row po- sition is before the first row, otherwise false.
IsOpen As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates whether the table is currently open.
RowCount As Long (read-only)	Gets the number of rows in the table.
Schema As ULTableSchema (read-only)	Gets information about the table schema.

Close method

Prototype

Close()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Frees resources associated with the table. This method should be called after all processing involving the table is complete.

For the Palm OS, if a table is not closed it can be reopened to its current position.

Column method

Column(*name* As String) As ULColumn Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Returns the object for the specified column name.

For information about the **ULColumn** object, see "ULColumn class" on page 74.

Parameters

name The name of the column to return.

Returns

Returns a Column's object.

Delete method

Prototype

Delete()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Deletes the current row from the table.

DeleteAllRows method

Prototype

DeleteAllRows()

Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Deletes all rows in the table.

In some applications, it can be useful to delete all rows from tables before downloading a new set of data into the table. Rows can be deleted from the UltraLite database without being deleted from the consolidated database using the **ULConnection.StopSynchronizationDelete** method or calling **Truncate** instead of **DeleteAllRows**.

FindBegin method

Prototype

FindBegin()

Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Prepares a table for a find.

FindFirst method

Prototype

FindFirst([num_columns As Long = 32767]) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Moves forward through the table from the beginning, looking for a row that exactly matches a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is that used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the Open method. The default index is the primary key.

To specify the value for which to search, set the column value for each column in the index. The cursor is left on the first row that exactly matches the index value. On failure the cursor position is after the last row (EOF).

Note

Requires that FindBegin be called prior to using this method.

Parameters

num_columns An optional parameter referring to the number of columns to be used in the FindFirst. For example, if 2 is passed, the first two columns are used for the FindFirst. If num_columns exceeds the number of columns indexed, all columns are used in FindFirst.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful.

FindLast method

Prototype

FindLast([num_columns As Long = 32767]) As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves backward through the table from the end, looking for a row that matches a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the **Open** method. The default index is the primary key.

For more information, see "Open method" on page 160.

To specify the value for which to search, set the column value for each column in the index for which you want to find the value. The cursor is left on the last row found that exactly matches the index value. On failure the cursor position is before the first row (BOF).

Note

Requires that FindBegin be called prior to using this method.

Parameters

num_columns An optional parameter referring to the number of columns to be used in the FindLast. For example, if 2 is passed, the first two columns are used for the FindLast. If num_columns exceeds the number of columns indexed, all columns are used in FindLast.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful.

FindNext method

Prototype

FindNext([num_columns As Long = 32767]) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Moves forward through the table from the current position, looking for the next row that exactly matches a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is that used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the **Open** method. The default index is the primary key.

For more information, see "Open method" on page 160.

The cursor is left on the first row found that exactly matches the index value. On failure, the cursor position is after the last row (EOF).

Note

Must be preceded by FindFirst or FindLast.

Parameters

num_columns An optional parameter referring to the number of columns to be used in the FindNext. For example, if 2 is passed, the first two columns are used for the FindNext. If num_columns exceeds the number of columns indexed, all columns are used in FindNext.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful (EOF).

FindPrevious method

Prototype

FindPrevious([num_columns As Long = 32767]) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Moves backward through the table from the current position, looking for the previous row that exactly matches a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the **Open** method. The default index is the primary key.

For more information, see "Open method" on page 160.

On failure it is positioned before the first row (BOF).

Parameters

num_columns An optional parameter referring to the number of columns to be used in the FindPrevious. For example, if 2 is passed, the first two columns are used for the FindPrevious. If num_columns exceeds the number of columns indexed, all columns are used in FindPrevious.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful (BOF).

Insert method

Prototype

Insert() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Inserts a row in the table with values specified in previous **Set** methods. Must be preceded by **InsertBegin**. Set for each ULColumn object.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful (BOF).

InsertBegin method

Prototype

```
InsertBegin()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

Description

Prepares a table for inserting a new row, setting column values to their defaults.

Examples

In this example, InsertBegin sets insert mode to allow you to begin assigning data values to CustomerTable columns.

```
CustomerTable.InsertBegin
CustomerTable.Column("Fname").StringValue = fname
CustomerTable.Column("Lname").StringValue = lname
CustomerTable.Insert
```

See also

♦ "UpdateBegin method" on page 161

LookupBackward method

Prototype

```
LookupBackward( [ num_columns As Long = 32767 ] ) As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

Description

Moves backward through the table starting from the end, looking for the first row that matches or is less than a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the **Open** method. The default index is the primary key.

```
For more information, see "Open method" on page 160.
```

To specify the value for which to search, set the column value for each column in the index. The cursor is left on the last row that matches or is less than the index value. On failure (that is, if no row is less than the value for which it is searching), the cursor position is before the first row (BOF).

Parameters

num_columns For composite indexes, the number of columns to use in the lookup.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful.

LookupBegin method

Prototype

LookupBegin()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Prepares a table for a lookup.

LookupForward method

Prototype

LookupForward([num_columns As Long = 32767]) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Moves forward through the table starting from the beginning, looking for the first row that matches or is greater than a value or set of values in the current index.

The current index is that used to specify the sort order of the table. It is specified when your application calls the **Open** method. The default index is the primary key.

For more information, see "Open method" on page 160.

To specify the value for which to search, set the column value for each column in the index. The cursor is left on the first row that matches or is greater than the index value. On failure (that is, if no rows are greater than the value for which it is searching), the cursor position is after the last row (EOF).

Parameters

num_columns For composite indexes, the number of columns to use in the lookup.

Returns

True if successful.

False if unsuccessful.

MoveAfterLast method

Prototype

MoveAfterLast() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to a position after the last row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if the operation fails.

MoveBeforeFirst method

Prototype

MoveBeforeFirst() As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to a position before the first row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if the operation fails.

MoveFirst method

Prototype

MoveFirst() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to the first row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if there is no data in the table.

MoveLast method

Prototype

MoveLast() As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to the last row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if there is no data in the table.

MoveNext method

Prototype

MoveNext() As Boolean Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to the next row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if there is no more data in the table. For example, if there are no more rows, MoveNext fails.

MovePrevious method

Prototype

MovePrevious() As Boolean
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Moves to the previous row.

Returns

True if successful.

False if there is no more data in the table. For example, MovePrevious fails if there are no rows.

MoveRelative method

Prototype

MoveRelative(*index* As Long) As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable**

Description

Moves a certain number of rows relative to the current row.

Parameters

index The number of rows to move. The value can be positive, negative, or zero. Zero is useful if you want to repopulate a row buffer.

Returns

True if successful.

False if the move failed. For example, if the cursor is positioned beyond the first or last row.

Open method

Prototype

```
Open(
    [ index_name As String ], _
    [ persistent_name As String ] _
)
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

Description

Opens the table so it can be read or manipulated. By default, the rows are ordered by primary key. By supplying an index name, the rows can be ordered in other ways.

The cursor is positioned before the first row in the table.

Parameters

index_name An optional parameter referring to the name of the index.

persistent_name For Palm Computing Platform applications, an optional parameter referring to the stored name of the table.

Truncate method

Prototype

```
Truncate()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

Description

Removes all data from this table. The changes are not synchronized, so that on synchronization, it does not affect the data in the consolidated database.

For more information, see "StartSynchronizationDelete method" on page 87.

Update method

Prototype

```
Update()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable
```

Description

Updates a row in the table with values specified in **ULColumn** methods.

Note

Must be preceded by a call to UpdateBegin.

UpdateBegin method

Prototype

UpdateBegin()
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTable

Description

Prepares a table for modifying the contents of the current row.

Example

```
CustomerTable.UpdateBegin
CustomerTable.Column("Fname").StringValue = fname
'...
CustomerTable.Update
```

ULTableSchema class

The ULTableSchema object allows you to obtain the attributes of a table.

Properties

The ULTableSchema represents metadata about the table. The following are properties of the ULTableSchema class:

Prototype	Description
ColumnCount As Integer (read-only)	The number of columns in this table.
IndexCount As Integer (read-only)	The number of indexes on this table.
Name As String (read-only)	This table's name.
NeverSynchronized As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates if the table is always excluded from synchronization.
PrimaryKey As ULIndexSchema (read-only)	The primary key for this table.
UploadUnchangedRows As Boolean (read-only)	Indicates if all rows in the table should be uploaded on synchronization, rather than just the rows changed since the last synchronization.

GetColumnName method

Prototype

GetColumnName(*id* As Integer) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTableSchema**

Description

Returns the name of the column that corresponds to the *id* value you supply. The ColumnCount property returns the number of columns in the table. Each column has a unique number from 1 to the ColumnCount value, where 1 is the first column in the table, 2 is the second column in the table, and so on.

Parameters

id The id of the column.

Returns

The name of a column.

GetIndex method

Prototype

GetIndex(name As String) As ULIndexSchema Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTableSchema**

Description

Returns the ULIndexSchema object for the specified index.

For information about the ULIndexSchema object, see "ULIndexSchema class" on page 102.

Parameters

name The name of the index.

Returns

Returns a schema object for a given index on the table.

GetIndexName method

Prototype

GetIndexName(*id* As Integer) As String Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTableSchema**

Description

Returns the name of the index in the table that corresponds to the *id* value you supply. The IndexCount property returns the number of indexes in the table. Each index has a unique number from 1 to the IndexCount value, where 1 is the first index in the table, 2 is the second index in the table, and so on.

Parameters

name The id of the index.

Returns

Returns the name of the index.

GetPublicationPredicate method

Prototype

GetPublicationPredicate(
pub_name As String
) As String
Member of UltraLiteAFLib.ULTableSchema

Description

Get publication predicate (if any) for specified publication name.

Parameters

pub_name Publication name.

Returns

Returns the publication predicate for the named publication or an empty string.

InPublication method

Prototype

InPublication(*publicationName* As String **)** As Boolean Member of **UltraLiteAFLib.ULTableSchema**

Description

Indicates whether this table is part of the specified publication.

Parameters

publicationName The name of the publication you are checking.

Returns

True if the table is part of the publication.

False if the table is not part of the publication.

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