

# **Release Bulletin**

# Adaptive Server<sup>®</sup> Enterprise 15.5

Windows

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# **EBF Downloads for Security Fixes**

Due to possible security vulnerabilities, Sybase® strongly recommends that you use the appropriate EBF to fix these issues.

For instructions, see the *Urgent Customer Notification* Web page.

Known issues described in this release bulletin may have been fixed in other EBFs released for this product. Get EBFs and maintenance reports describing the latest fixes from the Sybase Web site at <a href="http://www.sybase.com/support">http://www.sybase.com/support</a>.

EBF Downloads for Security Fixes

### **Product Summary**

This release bulletin provides late-breaking information about Adaptive Server<sup>®</sup> Enterprise version 15.5 ESD #1. A more recent version may be available on the Web.

Adaptive Server Enterprise server and client components are distributed on separate CDs or DVDs.

### Installation kit

The installation kit includes:

- The Server media (CD or DVD)
- The PC-Client media
- The Getting Started media with the following documentation, specific to your platform:
  - Installation guide
  - Release bulletin (this document)

### **Adaptive Server Interoperability**

Learn about interoperability of Adaptive Server against other Sybase<sup>®</sup> products, across different platforms, versions, and client products.

Interoperability between big-endian and little-endian platforms has been verified. Windows, Linux x86-32, Linux x86-64, Sun Solaris x86-32, and Sun Solaris x86-64 are little endian platforms. IBM AIX, Linux on Power, Sun Solaris Sparc, and HP-UX on PA-Risc and Itanium are big-endian platforms.

**Note:** To use new features of Adaptive Server, make sure that your client supports them. See the client-specific documentation for information about the features your client supports. You may need to upgrade your client to use certain Adaptive Server features.

Table 1. Supported client platforms for Adaptive Server

		Supported cheft platform	
Client name	Ver- sion	Supported platform	
Open Client <sup>™</sup> / Open Server <sup>™</sup>	12.5.x	<ul> <li>AIX 32-bit</li> <li>AIX 64-bit</li> <li>HP-UX 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX 64-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 64-bit</li> <li>Linux x86 32-bit</li> <li>Linux Pseries 32-bit</li> <li>Linux Pseries 64-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 32-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 64-bit</li> <li>Linux X64 64-bit</li> <li>Linux IA 64-bit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mac OSX 64-bit</li> <li>SGI 32-bit</li> <li>SGI 64-bit</li> <li>Solaris 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris 64-bit</li> <li>Solaris x86 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris x86 64-bit</li> <li>TruUnix (Alpha) 64-bit</li> <li>Windows x86 32-bit</li> </ul>
	15.0.x , 15.5	<ul> <li>AIX 32-bit</li> <li>AIX 64-bit</li> <li>HP-UX 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX 64-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 64-bit</li> <li>Linux x86 32-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 64-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 64-bit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Linux Pseries 32-bit</li> <li>Linux Pseries 64-bit</li> <li>Mac OS X Intel 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris 64-bit</li> <li>Solaris x86 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris x86 64-bit</li> <li>Windows x86 32-bit</li> </ul>
jConnect <sup>TM</sup> for JDBC <sup>TM</sup>	5.5, 6.0.x, 7.0.x	• All	
ODBC by Sybase	12.5.x	Linux x86 32-bit Linux x64 32-bit	<ul><li>Mac OSX 32-bit</li><li>Windows x86 32-bit</li></ul>
	15.0.x , 15.5.x	<ul> <li>Linux x86 32-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 32-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 64-bit</li> <li>Mac OS X Intel 32-bit</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Windows x86 32-bit</li><li>Windows x64 32-bit</li><li>Windows x64 64-bit</li></ul>

Client name	Ver- sion	Supported platform		
OLE DB by Sybase	12.5.x	Windows x86 32-bit		
	15.0.x , 15.5.x	<ul><li>Windows x86 32-bit</li><li>Windows x64 64-bit</li></ul>	• Windows x64 32-bit	
ADO.NET	1.x, 2.x	<ul><li>Windows x86 32-bit</li><li>Windows x64 32-bit</li></ul>	• Windows x64 64-bit	
Replication Server	15.1, 15.2, 15.5	<ul> <li>AIX 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 64-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 32-bit</li> <li>Linux on IBM PSeries 64-bit</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Solaris Sparc 32-bit</li><li>Solaris x86 32-bit</li><li>Windows x86 32-bit</li></ul>	
Replication Server Manager plugin	15.2, 15.5	<ul> <li>AIX 32-bit</li> <li>HP-UX IA 32-bit</li> <li>Linux x64 32-bit</li> <li>Linux on IBM PSeries 64-bit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Solaris Sparc 32-bit</li> <li>Solaris 10 x86</li> <li>Solaris 10 x64</li> <li>Windows x86 32-bit</li> </ul>	

Note: Adaptive Server is supported on Sybase Central<sup>™</sup> 6.0 and Sybase Control Center 3.1.

### **Product Compatibility**

Learn about Adaptive Server compatibility.

### Adaptive Server Support for ASE Replicator

Beginning in version 15.5, Adaptive Server no longer supports ASE Replicator.

### Password Compatibility with Replication Server

The master databases in Adaptive Server 15.5 and later can replicate only to Adaptive Server 15.0.2 and later installations.

### Replication Server Support for In-Memory Databases

Learn about how Replication Server works with in-memory databases.

Replication Server version 15.2 supports as the replicate database only:

- In-memory databases
- Relaxed-durability databases set with durability at no\_recovery

**Note:** Replicating to an in-memory database may not be faster than replicating to a relaxed-durability database. DML on in-memory databases depends on several factors; see the *In-Memory Databases Users Guide* for more information.

The primary database must be a traditional, full-durability, disk-resident database. For convenience, this document refers to relaxed-durability databases with durability set to **no\_recovery** as "relaxed-durability databases."

**Note:** Replication performance with an in-memory or relaxed-durability database acting as the replicate database is commensurate with replication between traditional full-durability disk-resident databases acting as both the primary and replicate database.

You can initialize either an in-memory database, or relaxed-durability database as a new replicate database by obtaining data, object schema, and configuration information from one of:

- A template database that retains basic information.
- A database dump from another database. Load the dump to the target in-memory database or relaxed-durability database.

The dump source database can be another in-memory database, relaxed-durability database, or a traditional disk-resident database.

In-memory and relaxed-durability databases lose their object definition, data, and RepAgent configuration once the host data server shuts down or restarts. You must reinitialize the database from the template or database dump from a source database.

Using a template database to initialize in-memory and relaxed-durability databases. You can use the same disk-resident database as a template for multiple in-memory or relaxed-durability databases.

To set up replication using a template database:

1. Create the template database – the template database uses the name of the database with the outbound connection to Replication Server, which is usually the replicate database name.

```
create database tokyo_db on publicdev=10 log on publicdevlog=10 go
```

- **2.** On Replication Server, use **rs\_init** to configure the replicate databases.
- **3.** Suspend the DSI thread to the template database by stopping RepAgent on the template database. For example:

```
suspend connection to TOKYO_DS.ttokyo_db
```

**4.** Rename the template database to template1:

```
use master
go
sp_dboption tokyo_db, single, true
```

```
go
sp_renamedb tokyo_db, template1
go
sp_dboption template1, single, false
go
```

5. Create the in-memory or relaxed-durability database with durability set to **no\_recovery** using the template created in step 1:

```
create inmemory database tokyo_db
use template1 as template
on imdb_cache_dev = '50' log on
imdb_cache_dev_log='50'
with DURABILITY=NO_RECOVERY
go
```

**6.** Connect to Replication Server and resume the connection to the replicate database:

```
resume connection to TOKYO_DS.tokyo_db
```

After a shutdown or termination and subsequent restart of Adaptive Server, Adaptive Server automatically re-creates the in-memory or relaxed-durability database from the template, wherever this was specified. When Replication Server resumes the connection to the replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database that you created, Replication Server may reapply commands, as the information used by Replication Server to detect the last command applied is lost when you restart Adaptive Server.

# Using a dump from another database to initialize in-memory and relaxed-durability databases

If you use a dump from another database to initialize the in-memory or relaxed-durability database as a replicate database, the replicate database inherits the configuration of the database from which you obtained the dump.

To set up replication using a database dump:

**1.** Create the in-memory or relaxed-durability database:

```
create inmemory database tokyo_db
on imdb_cache_dev2 = '50' log on
imdb_cache_dev_log2='50'
with DURABILITY=NO_RECOVERY
go
```

- **2.** Create the objects such as tables and stored procedures, users, and permissions needed to receive replicated data; alternatively, you can load a database dump.
- **3.** Use **rs\_init** to create the Replication Server connection to the database.
- **4.** Perform a dump to save the current state of the database:
  - 1. Suspend the connection to the replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database:

```
suspend connection to RDS.imdb1
go
```

2. Obtain a database dump of the database:

```
dump database imdb1 to '/databases/dump/tokyo_db.dump'
go
```

**3.** Resume the connection to the replicate database:

```
resume connection to RDS.imdb1
go
```

Re-creating relaxed-durability databases after an Adaptive Server shutdown In-memory databases are re-created when you restart the server; you must therefore restore the data after each server restart:

 Repopulate the re-created replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database with a new dump from the dump source database or from any archived dumps taken on the replicate database.

**Note:** If the dump is not loaded from the dump of the source, there will be missing rows in the replicate tables.

For example, to load the tokyo\_db database from the original tokyo\_db.source dump when the host Adaptive Server restarts:

```
use master
go
sp_dboption tokyo_db, single, true
go
load database tokyo_db from
'/databases/dump/tokyo_db.dump'
go
online database tokyo_db
go
sp_dboption tokyo_db, single, false
go
```

Resume the connection to the re-created replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database.

### Enabling autocorrection

Enable autocorrection for the replication definitions used for subscriptions to the replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database, to convert any update or insert into a delete and insert pair. You must set autocorrection before resuming a connection; this applies whether you used templates, or dump and load to create the replicate database. Enabling autocorrection allows Replication Server to continue replicating messages in Replication Server queues even if the Adaptive Server hosting a replicate in-memory or relaxed-durability database shuts down or terminates.

### Minimal DML logging and replication

To optimize the log records that are flushed to the transaction log on disk, Adaptive Server can perform minimal to no logging when executing some data manipulation language (DML) commands—insert, update, delete, and slow bcp—on all types of low-durability databases, such as in-memory databases and relaxed-durability databases set with durability of at\_shutdown or no\_recovery. You can perform minimal logging for DMLs on a per-database, per-table, and session-specific basis. See Chapter 3, "Minimally-logged DML" in the Adaptive Server Enterprise In-Memory Database Users Guide.

**Note:** Minimal DML logging session-level settings take precedence over database-level settings and table-level settings.

Replication Server does not support a replication environment with in-memory databases, or where database durability set to **no\_recovery** is acting as the primary database.

As replication uses full logging, replication and the minimal data manipulation language (DML) logging feature in Adaptive Server 15.5 are incompatible at the same level, such as the database level, or the table level. However, you can take advantage of the performance enhancements from minimal logging on some tables while allowing replication on others, as minimal DML logging and replication can coexist at different levels.

For example, if you set replication and minimal DML logging at the same level, such as table level, setting replication status fails and an error message appears, as described in these scenarios:

- If you create a database to use minimal DML logging:
  - And if you mark the database for replication using **sp\_reptostandby**, the attempt fails:

```
Cannot set replication for database database_name as it is minimally logged. Use ALTER DATABASE to set full DML logging and try again.
```

• You can mark tables and stored procedures for replication to replicate a subset of tables. When you mark a table in a database using minimal DML logging, you see:

```
Warning: database_name is using minimal logging. Replicated objects will continue to use full DML logging.
```

• If a database is using full logging and you mark it for replication using **sp\_reptostandby**, then try to alter the database to set minimal DML logging, the attempt fails:

```
Cannot alter database database_name to set minimal logging because this database is marked for replication. Remove replication and try again.
```

• If a database is using full logging and has objects marked for replication, you can set minimal DML logging at the database level, but you see:

```
Warning: Database database_name has objects marked for replication. Replicated objects will continue to use full logging.
```

• If you create a table using minimal DML logging, and then mark the table for replication, the attempt fails:

```
Cannot set replication for table table_name because it is using minimal logging. Use ALTER TABLE to set full logging and try again.
```

 A database using full DML logging can contain tables defined to use minimal logging. If you mark the database for replication, you see:

```
Warning: Database database_name has tables that use minimal DML logging. These tables will not be replicated.
```

• If you create a table using full logging and mark the table for replication, then set minimal DML logging for the table, the attempt fails:

Cannot alter the table table\_name to set minimal DML logging because this table is marked for replication. Remove replication and try again.

### **Changes that Affect Existing Applications**

Learn about changes in Adaptive Server 15.5 ESD #1 that affect your existing applications.

### **Backup Server and directio**

In version 15.5, both Adaptive Server and Backup Server can bypass the operating system buffer cache when you enable the **directio** parameter for the device using **disk init**, **disk reinit**, or **sp\_deviceattr**. Adaptive Server passes the device options to Backup Server, which enables Backup Server to access the database device with the appropriate **directio** option.

### **Open Client and Open Server**

For information about changes that affect Open Client and Open Server, see the most recent release bulletins for these products on the Sybase Web site.

### **ODBC and OLE DB Driver Support**

Adaptive Server version 15.0 and later contains ODBC and OLE DB drivers developed by Sybase. The third-party rebranded ODBC and OLE DB Driver Kits included with earlier versions no longer ship.

The retired ODBC Driver Kit was installed in <code>%SYBASE%\ODBC</code>, and registered with the ODBC Driver Manager as "Sybase ASE ODBC Driver." The new ASE ODBC Driver by Sybase is installed in <code>%SYBASE%\DataAccess\ODBC</code>, and is registered as "Adaptive Server Enterprise." The version shipping with Adaptive Server 15.5 is version 15.5.0.1000.

The retired OLE DB Driver Kit was installed in <code>%SYBASE%\OLEDB</code>, and used the provider short name of "SYBASE.ASEOLEDBProvider" and the long name of "Sybase ASE OLE DB Provider." The new ASE OLE DB Driver by Sybase is installed in <code>%SYBASE%\OLEDB</code>, and uses the provider short name "ASEOLEDB." The version shipping with Adaptive Server 15.5 is version 15.5.0.1000.

Sybase recommends that you update your ODBC Driver and OLE DB Driver to the new Sybase ODBC Driver and OLE DB Driver as soon as possible. The third-party driver versions released after November 30, 2007 do not connect to Adaptive Server 15.0 or later.

See *New Features Open Server 15.5 and SDK 15.5 for Windows, Linux, UNIX, and Mac OS X*, for instructions on migrating to the new drivers.

### **Changed Functionality**

Learn about late-breaking functionality changes in Adaptive Server version 15.5 ESD #1.

### Change to job scheduler tasks Configuration Parameter

The default value for configuration parameter **job scheduler tasks** has been changed to 4 in Adaptive Server 15.5 ESD #1.

However, for compatibility with RAP - The Trading Edition R4, you must set **job scheduler tasks** to 32 using:

```
sp_configure "job scheduler tasks", 32
```

If you change the default value of the job scheduler tasks, you may also need to increase the **number of user connections** in the Adaptive Server by twice the value of **job scheduler tasks**. If the same Adaptive Server hosts the Job Scheduler and the jobs, you may need to increase **number of user connections** in the Adaptive Server by three times the value of **job scheduler tasks**. If you increase the **number of user connections**, you may need to increase **max memory** in the Adaptive Server.

**Note:** If you set the value of **job scheduler tasks** to "default" before you upgrade Adaptive Server, the server automatically sets the new default to 4.

If the initial value of **number of user connections** is 50, and you want to set **job scheduler tasks** to 10, increase **number of user connections** by 2\*10 and set the parameter to 50+20 = 70. If the Job Scheduler is running on the same server, increase **number of user connections** by 3\*10 and set the parameter to 50+30 = 80.

### Change to directio and dsync Settings for Raw Devices

On raw devices, you cannot:

- Set the directio or dsync option in the disk init command to "true"
- Set the directio or dsync option via the sp\_deviceattr stored procedure to "true"

Doing so will return a message such as:

You cannot set directio option for raw device '/dev/raw/raw235' or You cannot set attribute dsync for raw device 'myrawdisk1'.

### Support for Database Resynchronization in Replication Server

Adaptive Server 15.5 ESD #1 supports database resynchronization in Replication Server 15.5. The Adaptive Server Rep Agent can be configured to send a resync marker to the Replication

### **Product Summary**

Server when Adaptive Server is restarted. See *Replication Server New Features Guide* for more details.

### **Support for db2 Server Class**

Adaptive Server does not support server class db2.

To use db2, migrate your db2 server class to direct\_connect class.

## Installation and Upgrade

Get last-minute information about installation and upgrading that was omitted from or incorrect in your installation guide, or that needs special emphasis.

On Windows 64-bit, you cannot install Adaptive Server 15.5 ESD #1 into the same directory where you have installed Replication Server version 15.5. You can, however, use the same directory once you upgrade Replication Server to version 15.5 ESD #1.

### **Special Installation Instructions**

Learn about special installation instructions for this version of Adaptive Server.

Installing Enterprise Connect Data Access (ECDA) or MainframeConnect DirectConnect for z/OS with Other Sybase Software

Sybase strongly recommends you install the ECDA DirectConnect option or MainframeConnect™ DirectConnect™ for z/OS, including DirectConnect Manager, into its own directory.

### **Special Licensing Instructions**

Learn about special licensing instructions for this version of Adaptive Server.

### **Problem Starting SySAM License Server**

You cannot properly use the IPv4 version of the license server if you have enabled IPv6 on the license server host.

[CR #572522] When starting the SySAM license server, this error may be reported:

```
lmgrd is not running: Cannot connect to license server
system. (-15,570:10035 "WinSock: Operation would
block")
```

This version of Adaptive Server includes IPv4 and IPv6 versions of the SySAM license server software. Use the **sysam configure** command to choose the version of the license server appropriate to your environment. By default, the IPv4 version of the license server is configured for use. You cannot properly use the IPv4 version of the license server if you have enabled IPv6 on the license server host. If this is the case:

- Disable the IPv6 TCP/IP protocol on the license server host.
- Use another Windows host that does not have IPv6 enabled.

• Use a Unix host for the license server. You can use the IPv4 version of the license even if both IPv4 and IPv6 are enabled on Unix

If you are using the IPv6 version of the license server on a Windows host, you can access the license only through the IPv6 protocol. Any host with an IPv4-only network stack cannot obtain licenses from this IPv6 license server. To work around this issue, perform one of the following:

- Use a Unix host for the license server. License servers on Unix can serve licenses to both IPv4 and IPv6 client hosts.
- To use a Windows host for the license server, if you have both IPv4 and IPv6 clients to the license server, set up two license servers: one serving the IPv4 network and the other serving the IPv6 network.

**Note:** Support for Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) is built into the latest versions of Microsoft Windows, and is available as part of service pack updates for earlier Windows releases. See Microsoft Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) at <a href="http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/network/bb530961.aspx">http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/network/bb530961.aspx</a>.

### SySAM License Server May Fail to Find the Virtual Machine

When the **sysamcap** SySAM utility cannot determine the Virtual Machine, SySAM needs to be told to check for the Virtual Machine by setting these environment variables:

**Workaround**: Set the VMware environment variable to: SYBASE SAM CPUINFO=VMCHECKVM.

Set the Xen environment to either variable:

- SYBASE SAM CPUINFO=Xen, or
- SYBASE SAM CPUINFO=XENCHECKXEN

# Change to License Quantity Used by Per-CPU and Per-chip License Types

In version 15.5, Adaptive Server checks the same number of licenses as the number of cores on the machine (or chips, depending on the license type) regardless of any configuration settings. This is a correction from earlier versions of Adaptive Server, in which if Adaptive Server was licensed per CPU or CPU chip, the license quantity requested was reduced if the **max online engines** configuration parameter was fewer than the number of CPUs on the machine.

### **SySAM Licensing Checkout**

If Adaptive Server was licensed using a per-processor license type in previous releases, the license quantity was determined at startup.

In this release, Adaptive Server periodically checks the number of processors it can use and attempts to check out additional licenses for any increase. Adaptive Server shuts down after 30

days if additional licenses are not made available within this period. See the *SySAM Users Guide* for details regarding license grace.

# SySAM Fails to Check Out License for Adaptive Server Small Business Edition

[CRs #628596, #628403] Under some circumstances with the Small Business Edition of Adaptive Server, you cannot install Adaptive Server, or it does not start in a virtual environment.

When this occurs, Adaptive Server reports an error similar to this:

Cannot determine the total number of processor cores on the machine from within this virtual system. The ASE\_CORE ("CH") license type is restricted for use on a machine with a maximum of 2 processor chips regardless of whether the virtual system is limited to use fewer processor chips. You need to run 'sysamcap' on the physical machine (or virtual-machine/partition control domain) and set the reported environment variable prior to running Installer.

### This error is raised when:

- Adaptive Server is running on a virtual system that does not have access to the processor counts of the physical machine (this applies to all virtual environments except AIX LPAR and HP-UX vPar), or
- Adaptive Server is using a license type that is restricted for use to a machine with no more than a specific number of processors; for example, you cannot use Adaptive Server Enterprise Small Business Edition on a machine with more than two processor chips.

### Workaround:

- 1. Run the **sysamcap default** command on the physical machine or control domain for the virtualization technology (e.g., the VMware ESX console or XEN dom0).
- 2. Prior to running the product or product installer, set the environment variable reported.

See the SySAM Sub-capacity licensing section of the SySAM Users Guide for more information.

### **Sub-capacity licensing**

Learn about sub-capacity licensing for this version of Adaptive Server.

Sybase now offers sub-capacity licensing options for Sybase IQ Enterprise Edition and Adaptive Server Enterprise Enterprise Edition. Sub-capacity licensing refers to licensing a Sybase product on a subset of the CPUs available on a physical machine.

### Platform support

Table 2. SySAM virtualization sub-capacity compatibility

Vendor	Product	Platform support	Virtualiza- tion type
НР	nPar	HP IA 11.31	Physical partition
	vPar		Virtual partition
	Integrity Virtual Machines with Resource Manager		Virtual ma- chine
	Secure Resource Partitions		OS containers
IBM	LPAR	AIX 6.1	Virtual parti- tion
	dLPAR		Virtual partition
Sun	Dynamic System Domains	Solaris 10	Physical partition
	Solaris Containers/Zones with Solaris Resource Manager		OS partition
Intel, AMD	VMWare ESX Server* Guest O/ S: Windows	VMWare ESX 3.5, Guest OS: Windows 2003, RH 5.3, SuSe 10	Virtual ma- chine
	VMWare ESX Server Guest OS: Linux	VMWare ESX 3.5, Guest OS: Windows 2003, RH 5.3, SuSe 10	Virtual ma- chine
	Xen,** DomainU: Windows	Windows 2003	Virtual ma- chine
	Xen, DomainU: Linux	RH 5.3, SuSe 10	Virtual ma- chine

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{^{*}}}$  VMW are ESX Server excludes Sun Solaris x64, VMW are Workstation, and VMW are Server.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Xen excludes Sun Solaris x64.

### Enabling Sybase sub-capacity licensing

You must have a sub-capacity licensing agreement with Sybase before you can enable sub-capacity licensing. As with other Sybase licenses, you must generate a license key. For specific steps, see the *SySAM Quick Start Guide*.

**Note:** Keep your license server up-to-date.

Although the installation media include a copy of the most recent SySAM license server, Sybase recommends that you periodically check for license server updates on the Maintenance Releases and Bug Fixes (EBFs) link at <a href="http://www.sybase.com/support">http://www.sybase.com/support</a>. See Obtaining Help and Additional Information on page 43.

### **Special Configuration Instructions**

Learn about special configuration instructions for this version of Adaptive Server.

### **Number of Preallocated Extents**

In earlier versions of Adaptive Server, the maximum value allowed for the number of preallocated extents was 31. In Adaptive Server version 15.5 and later, the maximum values of preallocated extents has been increased to 32.

Using a value of 32 for the **number of preallocated extents** has a special significance for configuration, and impacts the space allocations Adaptive Server performs internally. If you set the number of preallocated extents to 32, Adaptive Server attempts to reserve an entire allocation unit of extents for utility operations that use a large-scale allocation scheme of space reservation, such as **bcp in** and **select into**.

Using the maximum number of preallocated extents can greatly improve the performance of these utilities, particularly when you run them in parallel. Using a value of 32 greatly increases the likelihood that each engine running the utility can work independently on its own allocation unit without interference from other engines.

### **Special Upgrade and Downgrade Instructions**

Learn about special upgrade and downgrade instructions for this version of Adaptive Server.

### **Upgrading Job Scheduler**

When upgrading from Adaptive Server version 12.5.x to 15.5 and later, Job Scheduler, increase the size of **sybmgmtdb** from 50MB to 90MB.

Upgrade any jobs that are created from templates.

### **Upgrading Adaptive Server**

Learn about how to upgrade Adaptive Server.

A minor change was made to the format of a log record in both the cluster and non-cluster editions of Adaptive Server 15.5 that introduces an unlikely possibility for Adaptive Server to misinterpret this changed log record in cases where the upgraded server contains a database that is the primary database for replication.

This change should not affect your upgrade process; however, it requires that some steps be strictly followed when you move from Adaptive Server 15.0.x or earlier to Adaptive Server 15.5.x (non-cluster editions). See the following table for all possible combinations of upgrades.

An upgrade is done by:

- 1. Upgrading your entire installation by switching binaries.
- **2.** Upgrading a single database using **online database** having first loaded it with a database dump and transaction logs taken on a server on a lower version.

**Table 3. Upgrading Your Entire Installation** 

Current version	Upgrad- ing to	Special Upgrade Information
Adaptive Server 15.0.x or earlier	Adaptive Server 15.5.x	If you are using Replication Server to replicate one or more databases in the installation to be upgraded, then ensure that all transactions have been replicated before the polite shutdown is done, by draining the log, See the section, "Upgrading Adaptive Server in a replication system" in Chapter 3 of the configuration guide for your platform in the Replication Server documentation for more information on this. Also, see "Upgrading Servers With Replicated Databases" in the chapter on "Upgrade" in the Adaptive Server installation guide for your platform.
Adaptive Server 15.0.x	Adaptive Server Cluster Edition 15.5.x	If you are using Replication Server to replicate one or more databases in the installation to be upgraded, then ensure that all transactions have been replicated before the polite shutdown is done, by draining the log, See the section, "Upgrading Adaptive Server in a replication system" in Chapter 3 of the configuration guide for your platform in the Replication Server documentation for more information on this. Also, see "Upgrading Servers With Replicated Databases" in the chapter on "Upgrade" in the Adaptive Server installation guide for your platform.
Adaptive Server 15.5.x	Adaptive Server Cluster Edition 15.5.x	Not supported.

Current version	Upgrad- ing to	Special Upgrade Information
Adaptive Server Cluster Edition 15.5.x	Adaptive Server 15.5.x	Not supported.

Table 4. Upgrading a single database

Current version	Upgrad- ing to	Special Upgrade Instructions
Adaptive Server 15.0.x and earlier	Adaptive Server 15.5.x	When you use <b>online database</b> to upgrade a single database in Adaptive Server 15.5.x (either the cluster or noncluster edition) after loading a database dump and transaction logs from Adaptive Server 15.0.x or earlier, and if the database you are upgrading is also replicated, make sure the database's transaction log is truncated before you turn replication back on.
		See the section "Reenabling Replication Server After the Dataserver Upgrade" in the "Upgrade" chapter in the Adaptive Server installation guide for your platform.
Adaptive Server 15.5.x	Adaptive Server Cluster Ed- ition 15.5.x	Upgrading a single database from the non-cluster edition of 15.5 or 15.5 ESD 1 to cluster edition of 15.5 or 15.5 ESD 1 is supported, and no particular steps must be emphasized in order to ensure a smooth upgrade.
Adaptive Server Cluster Edition 15.5.x	Adaptive Server 15.5.x	Upgrading a single database from Adaptive Server Cluster Edition version 15.5 or 15.5 ESD 1 to the non-cluster 15.5 or 15.5 ESD 1 versions is not supported and its prevention is enforced by Adaptive Server.

### Migrating from Adaptive Server 12.5.1 to 15.5

Migrate from Adaptive Server version 12.5.1 to 15.5 using **sybmigrate** may generate an error message.

When you migrate from Adaptive Server version 12.5.1 to 15.5 using the **sybmigrate** utility, you may encounter an error message similar to:

```
"local server name not set for server 'source' on host 'host1'(IP address + port number='xx.xx.xx.xxx:xxxx')"
```

Adaptive Server version 12.5.1 is no longer supported, and Adaptive Server does not automatically recognize the 12.5.1 server. Sybase recommends that you upgrade from 12.5.1 to 12.5.4, then from 12.5.4 to 15.5.

To make the 12.5.1 server visible to the 15.5 server, use:

```
1>sp_addserver 'servername', local
2>go
```

Restart Adaptive Server. It now recognizes the 12.5.1 server.

### **Loading Database Dumps During Downgrade**

Adaptive Server does not automatically block attempts to downgrade to a minor version; however, do not attempt this, as the database dump can corrupt the server into which you are loading the dump.

When you downgrade from a version of Adaptive Server to a lower major version (such as version 15.x to 12.5x), Adaptive Server blocks the attempt with a message similar to:

ASE cannot load this database dump because the version in the dump is newer than the version in the database. Database: log version=7, upgrade version=35. Dump: log version=7, upgrade version=40.

To load the dumps of 15.5 into a server of a minor version (such as 15.0.1):

- **1.** Execute **sp\_downgrade** in the 15.5 version Adaptive Server to downgrade the databases to be dumped.
- **2.** After the downgrade succeeds, dump the downgraded databases in the 15.5 server.
- 3. Load the dumps of downgraded databases into the 15.0.1 server.

### **Known Installation Issues for Adaptive Server**

Learn about known installer issues and workarounds. Known issues are listed in descending order of Change Request (CR) numbers.

CR#	Description		
629400	Installer incorrectly copies 64-bit JRE to Windows 32-bit.		
	If the 32-bit Windows contains registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
	Workaround: Go to Control Panel > System Properties > Advanced and:		
	<ul> <li>Set the environment variables for 32-bit JRE:</li> <li>SYBASE_JRE6=<installed directory="">\Shared \JRE-6_0_6_32BIT</installed></li> <li>SYBASE_JRE6_32=<installed directory="">\Shared \JRE-6_0_6_32BIT</installed></li> <li>Delete the 64-bit JRE environment variable:SYBASE_JRE6_64</li> </ul>		

CR#	Description			
625837	Cannot share machine-level license by different Linux PowerPC operating systems on IBM logical partitions.			
	The machine ID for Linux PowerPCs on IBM logical partitions is the virtual machine's MAC address, which means that SySAM cannot identify a unique machine ID for Linux on IBM logical partitions.			
	<b>Workaround</b> : None. You cannot share a machine license among different operating systems.			
625227	SPDC-generated served partition-level licenses may not work.			
	When you use a served partition-level license generated from the SPDC to start a SySAM server, you see a message similar to:			
	(SYBASE) Invalid license key (inconsistent authentication code)			
	(SYBASE) License server system started on hpiabou (SYBASE) No features to serve, exiting (SYBASE) EXITING DUE TO SIGNAL 49 Exit reason 4 (lmgrd) SYBASE exited with status 49 (No features to serve) (lmgrd) SYBASE daemon found no features. Please correct (lmgrd) license file and re-start daemons. (lmgrd) (lmgrd) This may be due to the fact that you are using (lmgrd) a different license file from the one you expect. (lmgrd) Check to make sure that: (lmgrd) /remote/cat_fc/nli/iq152.hpia/SYSAM-2_0/licenses/18965_hpiabou_ (lmgrd) is the license file you want to use.			
	<b>Workaround</b> : Use the host IDs from the previous version for the license running on the license server.			
624640	Installer continues to show Chinese after selecting to show in English.			
	When you select English to appear on the splash screen while running the installer in a Chinese locale, all the messages from your WebService configuration still appear in Chinese instead of in English.			
	Workaround: Set the locale to English before running the installer.			
624167	When you install Adaptive Server 15.5 ESD#1 in a non-English environment, the default installation type is Custom rather than Typical.			
	<b>Workaround</b> : Use the Custom option. If you select Typical, the Additional Language Modules component is not installed, and some messages may not be localized.			

CR#	Description
624152	SySAM utilities may generate error message in non-English environment.
	When running the SySAM utilities <b>sysamcap</b> or <b>cpuinfo</b> in a non-English environment, you may see an error message similar to this, in English, even though you have sylapi.lcu installed:
	Failed to open the localised message file '/locales/unicode/sylapi/zh_cn/sylapi.lcu' (i18nuni_FileOpen returned -479).
	Workaround: You can safely ignore this message.
	To prevent the message from displaying altogether, set this environment variable before you run ${\bf sysamcap}$ or ${\bf cpuinfo}$ : LANG=en_US
	On Windows, set the UTF-8 codepage before you run the SySAM utilities with the command: ${\it chcp}\ 65001$
595614	Installer cannot create installer directory on Microsoft Windows 2008.
	On Microsoft Windows 2008, the installer can create the Adaptive Server installation directory only when you are logged in as an administrator, even if your role has permission to create directories.
	Workaround: Manually create the installation directory before running the installer.
595573	Uninstallation program stops responding.
	The uninstallation program stops responding when you select <b>Delete</b> from the Delete User Files screen and then click <b>Previous</b> from the Uninstall Complete screen.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Do not return to the Delete User Files screen after you have selected Delete.
593389	The 32-bit installer fails on Microsoft Windows Vista and Windows 2008 on x86-64 64-bit because the installer cannot set up the environment variables.
	Workaround:
	1. In Windows Explorer, right-click setup.exe or setupConsole.exe, and select <b>Properties</b> . On the Compatibility tab, select the Windows Vista compatibility mode.
	2. Add the environment variables by typing the text, or using Ctrl+V to paste the content into the text area, as clicking on <b>SySAM License Panel &gt; Browse</b> does not work.
591746	Console-mode installations in Windows cannot validate served licenses.
	If you install a 32-bit installer package onto a 64-bit operating system in console mode, the console mode installer cannot correctly validate served licenses entered during installation. This results in license validation errors during installation.
	Workaround: Use the GUI installer instead.

CR#	Description		
590282	You cannot use the tab and arrow keys to navigate the Choose Product Features pane of the installation or uninstallation program.		
	<b>Workaround</b> : Use the mouse to click in the Install or Uninstall window. This sets the focus on the window and allows you to navigate using your keyboard.		
588793	Installing Adaptive Server 15.5 (which uses Install Anywhere) on older directories that have been installed with InstallShield Multiplatform can lead to incompatibility issues.		
	These issues occur while using products installed with different installer technologies:		
	• If you install products using Install Anywhere or InstallShield Multiplatform on top of a product installed using the other installer, the same files included in both installers are silently overwritten by the later installation.		
	• If you run either the Install Anywhere or InstallShield Multiplatform <b>uninstaller</b> , the same files installed by both installers are removed without any indicating messages.		
	<b>Workaround</b> : Do not install products that use Install Anywhere and products that use InstallShield Multiplatform in the same directory.		
583979	Feature names are not validated when installing in silent mode.		
	The installer does not validate feature names specified in the response file when you install in silent mode.		
	<b>Workaround</b> : Ensure that the specified feature names are correct.		

Installation and Upgrade

# **Known Issues for Adaptive Server**

Learn about known issues and apply workarounds for Adaptive Server. Known issues are listed in descending order of Change Request (CR) numbers.

**Note:** Sybase does not include system problem reports (SPRs) and closed problem reports (CPRs) with Adaptive Server Enterprise. You can search the Web site for solved cases. Click **Support > Services > Solved Cases**.

CR#	Description
616224	Setting the default sort order to nonbinary, single-file sort order may cause like pattern evaluation failures.
	If you configure Adaptive Server to use the nonbinary, single-byte sort order as its default sort order, you may encounter an issue where a query containing a <b>like</b> expression using a constant literal as the argument (with or without wildcards) does not correctly evaluate the value in the table is the same as the <b>like</b> argument prefix up to the wildcard character. For example:
	create table t1 (c1 varchar(20))
	<pre>insert t1 values ('John') insert t1 values ('Johnson') insert t1 values ('Johnston')</pre>
	Both of these queries fail to return the first record:
	<pre>select * from t1 where c1 like 'John' select * from t1 where c1 like 'John%'</pre>
	This query, however, works correctly:
	select * from t1 where c1 like 'Joh%'
	A query using variables or procedural parameters is not affected by this incorrect behavior, and the following returns an expected and correct result set:
	declare @var varchar(20) select @var = 'John' select * from t1 where c1 like @var
	Workarounds:
	<ol> <li>Enable the statement cache. See "Setting the statement cache" in Chapter 3, "Configuring Memory," of <i>System Administration Guide: Volume 2</i>.</li> <li>Activate the autoparameterization of literals:</li> </ol>
	-sp_configure 'enable literal autoparam', 1
	<b>3.</b> Restart Adaptive Server using trace flag -T7739. This step parameterizes <b>like</b> constant literals.
	<b>Note:</b> Queries that are not placed in the statement cache, such as <b>select into</b> , may not benefit from this workaround.
	For more information about CR #616224, contact your local Sybase Technical Support Center using the information from <a href="http://www.sybase.com/contactus/support#tech">http://www.sybase.com/contactus/support#tech</a> .
607917	Running transfer table may report SySAM errors.
	When you invoke the <b>transfer table</b> command, this error may be written to the error log:
	SySAM: Failed to obtain license(s) for ASE_DTU feature from license file(s) or servers(s).
	<b>Workaround</b> : This is an erroneous report. As long as you have a valid license for the Adaptive Server in-memory database feature, <b>transfer table</b> executes successfully.

CR#	Description
607464	Recovering a template displays an error.
	In some cases, when a database that is used as a template for creating a database with a durability of <b>no_recovery</b> is being recovered, a 937 error may be reported to the error log:
	The database ' <template_dbname>' is currently unavailable. It is being used to create a new database.</template_dbname>
	<b>Workaround</b> : This error does not impact the correct recovery of any databases. Following the completion of recovery, however, the default data cache may have a memory pool configuration that differs from the configured values. Execute <b>sp_poolconfig</b> and reconfigure the default data cache to required values.
607095	If you restart Adaptive Server after using sp_renamedb to rename a database that is the template database for an in-memory database, Adaptive Server may create the in-memory database using the model database instead of the template database, or the in-memory database may become inaccessible.
	<b>Workaround</b> : After you run <b>sp_renamedb</b> , run <b>sp_configure</b> so that Adaptive Server can recognize the new name of the template database.
	The default command is:
	sp_renamedb "tdb", "tdb_old"
	where "tdb" is a template database, and "tdb_old" is the name you are renaming it to. This assumes that you have an in-memory database called "timb" that has "tdb" as its template database.
	After you run sp_renamedb, run:
	<pre>sp_configure "allow updates", 1 go update master.dbo.sysdatabases set def_remote_loc='tdb_old' where def_remote_loc='tdb' go sp_configure "allow updates", 0 go</pre>

CR#	Description
606234	If you enable ASE_JAVA for a commercial off-the-shelf Java Virtual Machine, then start Adaptive Server version 15.5 in a multiengine configuration, Adaptive Server may perform an incorrect setup of the JVM module responsible for physical file and network I/O protection.
	This incorrect setup allows Java methods executed from Adaptive Server to perform permission-sensitive physical file I/O operations, as well as launch network services while taking on the full identity of the user who restarted the Adaptive Server.
	Workaround:
	Do not enable the PCI subsystem. If you do, you cannot execute Java methods from Adaptive Server.
	<ul> <li>Restart a single-engine Adaptive Server first, then bring additional engines online before any requests are made to execute Java methods.</li> </ul>
	• Configure the PCI bridge so that it defaults towards binding the commercial off-the- shelf JVM under engine 0.
595986	Differing byte orders may generate an error during database dump.
	When you load a dump of a database that has a durability of <b>no_recovery</b> or <b>at_shutdown</b> , you may see:
	Adaptive Server cannot load this database because the database that was dumped was not quiescent when the dump was performed.
	This occurs when you load a dump of a database from one platform to another platform with a different byte order.
	Workaround: None.
595923	There are two known issues with transfer table :
	<ul> <li>When creating a unique index that is using the ignore_dup_key property, importing a row with a key that is already present in the table leads to an error, and the import is aborted. This differs from when a duplicate key is inserted with bcp or with a regular insert statement, since in those cases, the row is discarded, and the transaction continues.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>When an insert trigger exists, the trigger is not fired when data is inserted through transfer tablefrom.</li> </ul>
593866	Cannot access help from sybconfig in Windows 2008.
	When you click <b>Help</b> in <b>sybconfig</b> , you see an error message that online help cannot be shown.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Download the WinHlp32.exe file from Microsoft. See the Microsoft Support site at http://support.microsoft.com/kb/917607/en#3.

CR#	Description
589269	Adaptive Server may stop responding during start-up.
	If you are using the in-memory database or relaxed-durability database feature, Adaptive Server may run into a timeslice error during start-up if it cannot access the license server as it starts.
	Workaround: Make sure Adaptive Server can access the license server.
582815	Under certain conditions, you may need to re-create abstract plans associated with stored procedures that include the built-in function isnull.
	These are the conditions:
	<ul> <li>One of the parameters to isnull is a char datatype and another is a literal.</li> <li>enable literal parameterization is set to on.</li> </ul>
	<b>Workaround</b> : Re-create the abstract plans associated with the stored procedure.
567466	When your statement cache is on, if an exception occurs while compiling a statement that includes temporary tables, error message 8203 may appear.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Use command-line traceflag 467, which prevents statements referencing temporary tables from being cached.
470078	Running syconfig during upgrade may not execute.
	If you install a new version of Adaptive Server in a different directory than the existing installation directory, the length of the path environment variable may exceed the maximum permissible length. As a result, <b>syconfig</b> may not be able to execute <b>preupgrade</b> during the upgrade process.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Remove unwanted directories from the path and make sure new Adaptive Server installation directories are included in the path.
466370	If Adaptive Server is configured for a large number of spinlocks, you may see a performance issue with sp_sysmon.
	This is because index creation on the worktable used by <b>sp_sysmon</b> fails due to duplicate key values. <b>sp_sysmon</b> reports error 1508:
	Create index aborted on duplicate rows.
	The large number of spinlocks on Adaptive Server account for a large number of rows in the table, and result in duplicate key values. <b>sp_sysmon</b> performance is slower due to the lack of an index on the worktable.
	Workaround: Run sp_sysmon with the clear option.
	Note: The clear option will reset the monitor counter values on your server.
462184	Monitor Server and Historical Server do not work with an Adaptive Server that has set its net password encryption reqd options set to 1 or 2.
	Workaround: None.

CR#	Description
439406	Configuring Job Scheduler Self Management for Simplified Chinese
	When you configure the Job Scheduler Self Management feature for an Adaptive Server localized for Simplified Chinese, you may receive an error saying that a <i>varchar</i> datatype cannot be converted to a date. The Job Scheduler configuration process stops at this point.
	Workaround: Do not configure the Self Management feature for Simplified Chinese.
439404	Creating Job Scheduler schedules for Adaptive Server with Simplified Chinese.
	When you attempt to create a Job Scheduler schedule using the Adaptive Server plug-in for an Adaptive Server that is localized for Simplified Chinese, you may receive an error indicating that the <i>varchar</i> datatype cannot be converted to a date.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Localize the Adaptive Server for Simplified Chinese before configuring Job Scheduler.
400784	Starting Monitor Client GUI fails when the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) server is used.
	When you start the Monitor Client GUI in an environment using LDAP instead of an interfaces file, the Monitor Client GUI cannot connect to any servers.
	<b>Workaround</b> : Create an interfaces file with entries for the servers that are monitored and use this with the Monitor Client GUI.
382874	Creating RSSD database fails with earlier versions of Replication Server.
	<b>rs_init</b> in Replication Server version 12.6 and earlier cannot create an RSSD database in Adaptive Server Enterprise version 15.0 or later.
	<b>Workaround</b> : If you do not use an Embedded RSSD (ERSSD), manually create the RSSD database before using <b>rs_init</b> to create a new Replication Server. See the <i>Replication Server Administration Guide</i> .

### **Documentation Changes**

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications to the documentation released with Adaptive Server version 15.5.

### Adaptive Server Reference Manual: Building Blocks

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server *Reference Manual: Building Blocks.* 

### @ @curloid global variable

Chapter 3, "Global Variables," incorrectly defines @@curloid as:

Either no cursors are open, no rows qualify for the last opened cursor, or the last open cursor is closed or deallocated.

### Replace with:

Returns the current session's lock owner ID.

### time datatype

The **time** values in Adaptive Server are accurate to 1/300 second, however, some examples that include **date** and **time** values in the book show millisecond values.

The last digit of the fractional second is always 0, 3, or 6. Other digits are rounded to one of these three digits, so 0 and 1 round to 0; 2, 3, and 4 round to 3; 5, 6, 7, and 8 round to 6; and 9 rounds to 10.

### Adaptive Server Reference Manual: Commands

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server *Reference Manual:* Commands.

### reorg

The reference page for **reorg** includes this incorrect note:

**Note:** You cannot run **reorg** on text that has an indid of 255 in sysindexes.

Replace with:

**Note: reorg** has no effect on space allocated to text or image columns.

### alter table

The Auditing section of the **alter table** reference page includes this bullet item, which is incorrect:

• If the with parameter contains set transfer table on, Adaptive Server prints this to extrainfo: SET TRANSFER TABLE ON. If the with parameter contains set transfer table off, Adaptive Server prints this to extrainfo: SET TRANSFER TABLE OFF.

Replace with this information:

- If the set option for set transfer table [on | off] is:
  - **on** Adaptive Server prints SET TRANSFER TABLE ON in the extra info in the audit record.
  - off Adaptive Server prints SET TRANSFER TABLE OFF.

### create table

Add this text to the "Information in extrainfo" column of the Auditing section of the **create table** reference page:

- If the with option for with transfer table [on | off] is:
  - on Adaptive Server prints WITH TRANSFER TABLE ON in the extra info in the audit record.
  - off Adaptive Server prints WITH TRANSFER TABLE OFF.

### dump database and dump transaction

There are two updates for **dump database** and **dump transaction**:

- The Parameters section of both dump database and dump transaction include the following:
  - compress:: compression\_level is a number between 0 and 9, 100, or 101. For single-digit compression levels, 0 indicates no compression, and 9 provides the highest level of compression. Compression levels of 100 and 101 provide faster, more efficient compression, with 100 providing faster compression and 101 providing better compression. If you do not specify compression\_level, Adaptive Server does not compress the dump.

The 100 and 101 compression levels do not work with **compress**:: *compression\_level*. Specifying these values causes the command to return an error.

You may, however, continue to use 100 and 101 compression levels with the **with compression=** parameter.

• The maximum file path/name size for a physical device is 127 characters. This limitation is not explicitly stated in the Restrictions subsection of the Usage section of the reference pages for **dump database** and **dump transaction**.

#### execute

The Usage section includes this bullet item:

You cannot supply *string* and *char\_variable* options to execute the following commands: begin transaction, commit, connect to, declare cursor, rollback, dump transaction, dbcc, set, use, or nested execute commands.

Adaptive Server currently uses a more relaxed list, which includes:

- use
- **exec(** < *string* >) not the **execute** stored procedure
- connect
- · begin transaction
- rollback
- commit
- dbcc

#### set

The definitions for the following **set** options should now read:

- **set literal\_autoparam on | off** is **on** by default. If the server-level setting for **literal\_autoparam** is **on**, this option enables and disables use of that feature. If the server level setting is **off**, this setting has no effect.
- **set statement\_cache on | off** is **on** by default. If the server-level setting for **statement\_cache** is on, this option enables and disables use of that feature. If the server level setting is **off**, this setting has no effect.

#### transfer table

Add the following information to the Usage section of the **transfer table** reference page:

When **transfer table** runs into an error (such as duplicate key), only the underlying error number is reported, but not the error message. This makes it difficult for a user to understand why the statement was aborted. For example:

```
Msg 2633, Level 20, State 1
Server 'SYB155', Line 1
TRANSFER TABLE failed to insert a row to table 'my_tab'. The indicated error was 2601.
Msg 16025, Level 16, State 1
Server 'SYB155', Line 1
TRANSFER TABLE my_tab: command failed with status 2633.
```

To retrieve the error message, manually query **master..sysmessages**. For example, if 2601 is your error number, enter:

```
select * from master..sysmessages where error = 2601
```

See the *Troubleshooting Guide* for more information about error 2601.

## Adaptive Server Reference Manual: Procedures

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server *Reference Manual: Procedures*.

## sp addobjectdef

The Usage section of the **sp\_addobjectdef** reference page includes this bullet item, which is incomplete:

- Use **sp\_addobjectdef** before issuing any create table or create existing table commands. Replace with:
- Use sp\_addobjectdef before issuing any create table or create existing table commands.
   However, if a remote table exists, you need not use sp\_addobjectdef before executing create proxy\_table.

## sp\_bindexeclass

The description of this stored procedure reads: "Associates an execution class with a client application, login, or stored procedure."

Update the description, with "Associates an execution class with a client application, login, stored procedure, or default execution class."

## Syntax updates

The definitions of the parameters have been updated:

- object\_name the description should now read, "is the name of the client application, login, or stored procedure to be associated with the execution class, classname. If object\_type is df, it should be null."
- object\_type the description should now read, "identifies the type of object\_name. Use ap for application, lg for login, pr for stored procedure, or df for user-defined default execution class."
- **scope** the description should now read, "is the name of a client application or login, or it can be null for **ap**, **lg**, or **df** objects. It is the name of the stored procedure owner (user name) for objects. When the object with **object\_name** interacts with the application or login, **classname** attributes apply for the **scope** you set."

## **Example**

Add this to the Example section:

This statement assigns 'CLASS1' attributes to all tasks that are running with default execution attributes:

```
sp_bindexeclass NULL, 'DF', NULL, 'CLASS1'
```

## Usage updates

Add this new bullet item:

When binding an execution class to a default execution class, all tasks running with default
execution attributes run with attributes of the new class.

In addition, these two bullet items have been modified, and should now read:

- **sp\_bindexeclass** associates an execution class with a client application, login, or stored procedure. It can also associate an execution class to the default execution class. Use **sp addexeclass** to create execution classes.
- Due to precedence and scoping rules, the execution class being bound may or may not have been in effect for the **object\_name**. The object automatically binds itself to another execution class, depending on other binding specifications, precedence, and scoping rules. If no other binding is applicable, the object binds to the user-defined default execution class. If a user-defined default execution class is not specified, then the object binds to the system-defined default execution class **EC2**.

## sp\_cacheconfig

The Data Cache Memory subsection in the Usage section of the reference page for **sp\_cacheconfig** includes a bullet item that states, in part:

A data cache requires a small percentage of overhead for structures that manage the cache.
 All cache overhead is taken from the default data cache.

Since you can configure the default data cache size separately from total memory, the cache overhead is taken from free memory, not the default data cache. For this reason, the bullet should read:

• A data cache requires a small percentage of overhead for structures that manage the cache.

All cache overhead is taken from free memory.

## sp\_downgrade

The reference page for **sp\_downgrade** should specify that you can execute this stored procedure only in the **master** database.

## sp\_dropexeclass

A bullet item in the Usage section reads as follows:

classname must not be bound to any client application, login, or stored procedure. Unbind
the execution class first, using sp\_unbindexeclass, then drop the execution class, using
sp\_dropexeclass.

Replace with:

• **classname** must not be bound to any client application, login, stored procedure, or default execution class. Unbind the execution class first, using **sp\_unbindexeclass**, then drop the execution class, using **sp\_dropexeclass**.

## sp Imconfig

There is a correction to the **sp\_Imconfig** stored procedure. The syntax in the book appears as:

```
sp_lmconfig
    [ 'edition' [, edition_type ]]
    [ , 'license type' [ , license_type_name ]]
    [ , 'smtp host' [ , smtp_host_name ]]
    [ , 'smtp port' [ , smtp_port_number ]]
    [ , 'email sender' [ , sender_email_address ]]
    [ , 'email recipients' [ , email_recipients ]]]
    [ , 'email severity' [ , email_severity ]]
```

### Replace with:

The **sp\_Imconfig** procedure, when executed without parameters, also displays the server name from where the license is checked out. Example #1 in the reference page should display the following, with the addition of the column "Server Name."

```
1> sp lmconfig
2> go
Parameter Name Config Value
 _____
edition EE
license type CP
smtp host null
email recipients null
email severity null smtp port null email sender null
License Name Version Quantity Status Expiry Date
Server Name
ASE_HA
cuprum
                2010.03314 2
                                expirable Apr 1 2010 12:00AM
ASE_ASM
                null 0
                                not used null
null
          null 0 not used null
ASE_EJB
null
ASE_EFTS null 0 not used null
null
```

_	_DIRS		null	0	not used	null
null ASE_	_XRAY		null	0	not used	null
null ASE_	_ENCRYPTION	1	null	0	not used	null
null ASE	CORE		2010.03314	2	expirable	Apr 1 2010 12:00AM
cupri	="	•		_	onpri and i	THE I DOTO ID COINT
ASE_ null	_PARTITIONS	5	null	0	not used	null
ASE_	_RLAC		null	0	not used	null
null ASE_	_MESSAGING_	_TIBJM:	S null	0	not used	null
null ASE	MESSAGING	IBMMO	null	0	not used	null
null						
ASE_ null	_MESSAGING_	_EASJM:	S null	0	not used	null
11411						
Property Name Property Value						
PE		EE				
LT		CP				
ME		null				
MC		null				
MS		null				
MM CP		null 0				
AS		A				
(ret	irn status	- 0)				
(return status = 0)						

## sp\_locklogin

Examples 2 and 4 use **all**, which **sp\_locklogin** does not recognize. A note in the Usage section correctly states:

```
Note: A value of NULL for a login means all logins."
```

Example 2 locks all logins except those with the sa\_role. The erroneous syntax is:

```
sp_locklogin "all", "lock", sa_role
```

Replace with:

```
sp_locklogin NULL, "lock", sa_role
```

Example 4 locks all login accounts that have not authenticated within the past 60 days. The erroneous syntax is:

```
sp_locklogin 'all', 'lock', NULL, 60
```

## Replace with:

```
sp_locklogin NULL, 'lock', NULL, 60
```

#### sp reportstats

In the reference page for **sp\_reportstats**, disregard the following bullet, which no longer applies:

• **sp\_reportstats** does not report statistics for any process with a system user ID (*suid*) of 0 or 1. This includes deadlock detection, checkpoint, housekeeper, network, auditing, mirror handlers, and all users with **sa role**.

## sp\_showcontrolinfo

The definitions of the parameters have been updated:

- **object\_name** the description should now read, "is the name of the application, login, stored procedure, or engine group. Do not specify an **object\_name** if you specify **ps** or **DF** as the **object\_type**. If you do not specify an **object\_name** (or specify an **object\_name** of null), **sp\_showcontrolinfo** displays information about all object names."
- object\_type the description should now read, "is ap for application, Ig for login, pr for stored procedure, eg for engine group, ps for process, or df for user-defined default execution class. If you do not specify an object\_type or specify an object\_type of null, sp\_showcontrolinfo displays information about all types."

### Usage updates

Add these two bullets:

- If **object\_type** is **df**, **sp\_showcontrolinfo** shows information about the user-defined default execution class **any**.
- If object\_type is df, object\_name and spid should be null.

## sp unbindexeclass

The description of this stored procedure reads: "Removes the execution class attribute previously associated with an client application, login, or stored procedure for the specified scope."

Update the description with: "Removes the execution class attribute previously associated with a client application, login, stored procedure, or default execution class for the specified scope."

#### Syntax updates

The definitions of the parameters have been updated:

- object\_name the description should now read, "is the name of the application, login, or stored procedure for which to remove the association to the execution class. If object\_type is df, object\_name should be null."
- **object\_type** the description should now read, "identifies the type of **object\_name** as **ap**, **lg**, **pr**, or **df** for application, login, stored procedure, or default execution class."

• **scope** – the description should now read, "is the application name or the login name for which the unbinding applies for an application or login. For stored procedures, scope is the user name of the stored procedure owner. **scope** is null for object type **df**."

## Usage updates

Add this bullet item:

 When unbinding from user-defined default execution class, all tasks running with userdefined default execution class attributes run with attributes of the system-defined default execution class EC2.

The following bullet item appears in the Usage section:

"Due to precedence and scoping rules, the execution class being unbound may or may not
have been in effect for the object called **object\_name**. The object automatically binds itself
to another execution class, depending on other binding specifications and precedence and
scoping rules. If no other binding is applicable, the object binds to the default execution
class, **EC2**."

The text has been modified to read:

• "Due to precedence and scoping rules, the execution class being unbound may or may not have been in effect for the **object\_name**. The object automatically binds itself to another execution class, depending on other binding specifications, and precedence and scoping rules. If no other binding is applicable, the object binds to the user-defined default execution class. If there is no user-defined default execution class, the object binds to class **EC2**."

## Adaptive Server Reference Manual: Tables

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server *Reference Manual: Tables*.

#### monIOQueue

The description of the IOType column in monIOQueue is missing the System category. The text should read:

"Category for grouping I/O. One of UserData, UserLog, TempdbData, TempdbLog, or System."

## monLogicalClusterAction

Add new states **canceled** and **releasing** as possible values for the State column of the monLogicalClusterAction table.

## sysobjects

These changes apply to the reference page for **sysobjects**:

## **Documentation Changes**

- Remove the object type "L log" under the type column. Remove this reference; it is not a valid object type.
- In Table 1-18 replace **O\_LOG** with **O\_PREDICATE**; **O\_LOG** is not a valid object type.

### sysprotects

Add action code 368 to the sysprotects table for permissions on the **transfer table** command. When a user issues **grant all** on a table, action code 368 is added to the sysprotects table.

## sysprocesses

The table listing the column names for sysprocesses includes the column "clientport," which does not exist in Adaptive Server 15.5.

## Adaptive Server System Administration Guide

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server *System Administration Guide*.

## Setting cluster redundancy level

Add this text to "Cluster redundancy level" section of Chapter 5, "Setting Configuration Parameters":

For the cluster to start, the value of the **cluster redundancy level** configuration parameter must be at least one less than the value of **maximum number of instances** as specified in cluster.cfg or the quorum file. Thus, the cluster cannot start if you set either:

- maximum number of instances to a value that is equal to or less than the value of cluster redundancy level.
- cluster redundancy level to a value equal to or greater than the value of maximum number of instances.

# Adaptive Server Utility Guide

Read about updates, corrections, and clarifications for Adaptive Server Utility Guide.

#### bcp

## Support for initialization strings

The **bcp** utility supports sending Transact-SQL commands, such as **set replication off**, to Adaptive Server before data is transferred.

Although you can use any Transact-SQL $^{\text{TM}}$  command as an initialization string for **bcp**, you must reset possible permanent changes to the server configuration after running **bcp**. You can, for example, reset changes in a separate **isql** session.

#### Syntax changes

The following **bcp** parameter supports Transact-SQL initialization commands:

```
-- initstring 'Transact-SQL command'
```

Result sets issued by the initialization string are silently ignored, unless an error occurs.

### **Example**

In this example, replication is disabled when titles.txt data is transferred into the pubs2..titles table:

```
bcp pubs2..titles in titles.txt --initstring 'set replication off'
```

In this example, **set replication off** is limited to the current session in Adaptive Server; you need not explicitly reset the configuration option after **bcp** is finished.

**Note:** If Adaptive Server returns an error; **bcp** stops the data transfer and displays an error message.

**Documentation Changes** 

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